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'Azad Hyderabad' Parade In London

MONCKTON'S MOVE TO TAKE ISSUE TO U. N. O.

Pakistan And Syria Ready To Sponsor

DELHI EXPOSES BEAUMONT'S MISSION IN INDIA

LONDON, July 27, (Reuter): The belief that Hyderabad is about to take to the United Nations her dispute with India hardened in London today, when two emissaries of the Nizam arriving secretly by air, spent several hours in conference with Sir Walter Monckton, the Nizam's Constitutional Adviser.

They were Zahir Ahmed, Secretary General for External Affairs in Hyderabad, and Muniruddin, Deputy Secretary.

It is understood that they came personally with instructions from the Nizam because of allegations that letters from the State, in the heart of India, are being censored, that cables are being tapped, and that even a legal opinion cannot be smuggled out without the Indian authorities knowing all about it.

Sir Walter Monckton's opinion is being sought on what legal steps, if any, remain to Hyderabad, short of appealing to the General Assembly of the United Nations in Paris in September—a move incidentally that would avoid any possible veto in the Security Council.

It is believed in Hyderabadi circles in London that everything is being done to avoid recourse to the United Nations, though the general opinion is that this will be inevitable, in view of the attitude of the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, that the only alternatives for Hyderabad are accession to India or disappearance as a State.

The Nizam has written to King George the Sixth to ask for his personal intervention. Hyderabadi officials here today said they did not know of any reply having been sent by King George to the Nizam. When Sir Walter Monckton has given his opinion to Mr. Zahir Ahmed and Mr. Muniruddin they will fly back to Hyderabad.

Sir Walter Monckton's opinion was believed to be that unless Britain or the British Commonwealth intervenes between Hyderabad and India, there is nothing left for the Nizam to do but to appeal to the United Nations.

Sir Walter has faith, however, that Hyderabad can withstand economic blockade for a long time yet, because she had prepared for it when things became threatening.

He regards the situation as a real menace to the peace of the world, involving in particular Pakistan and the Muslim countries of the Middle East.

It is understood that the Arab Governments are seriously concerned with the situation. Syria, like Pakistan, has been spoken of as a likely sponsor, if Hyderabad takes her case to the United Nations.

Both Pakistan and Syrian official circles in London, however, said today that they had no knowledge of the subject.

Free Hyderabad Front

Posters are appearing in London inviting the British public to attend a protest meeting at Hyde Park on Saturday against what is called the "unconditional surrender" of Hyderabad to the Indian Union.

The posters ask "what does India demand?" and "what is Hyderabad's reply?".

They declare "India wants unconditional surrender of Hyderabad's sovereignty to the Indian Union even without consulting the people of the State in a free plebiscite as to their wishes on the subject.

"Hyderabad has a proud record of efficient administration as a progressive and prosperous State its age-long communal harmony has been an anchor of stability in the whole of Southern India.

"It has offered to the Indian Union full co-operation and co-ordination in defence, foreign policy, and communications.

"Hyderabad stands for the will of the people. It will not be cowed down by the Fascist methods of the Indian Union and will not take siege or blockade as an instrument to surrender'".

The posters are signed "promoters, free Hyderabad front".

NEW COCHIN HARBOUR ADMINISTRATOR

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, July 27.

Mr. K. W. P Marar has been appointed as Administer of Cochin Harbour I learn. He succeeds Mr. Milne.

Mr. Marar is being entrusted to work out plans to enable the Government to declare Cochin as major port. The Port Trust Legislation for Cochin is expected to be brought before the Dominion Parliament during the Budget Session.

EVATT MEETS BEVIN

LONDON, July 27, (Reuter): Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister for External Affairs, had a long talk tonight with Mr. Ernest Bevin.

The main issues they were expected to discuss were the failure so far to conclude a Far Eastern Peace settlement, the Berlin crisis, and the communist rising in Malaya.

While at Singapore on his way to Eigland, Dr. Evatt stated that Australia might undertake to supply arms to Malaya.

Chum Of Cotton

Light On Beaumont's Mission

NEW DELHI, July 27 (API) A press note says: "The Nizam's Government have issued a press communique in which they have complained that a letter addressed to His Majesty the King and carried personally by Mr. Beaumont was intercepted by the authorities in Delhi. The facts are as follows:-

Mr. Beaumont arrived in Karachi on or about the 13th of July, and on his own admission, had planned first to travel to Hyderabad in the plane of Sydney Cotton whose recent activities are well-known to he public. This plan however did not materialise and he travelled to Bombay on the 14th July by Pak airways. In the course of customs examination, it was found that he carried a letter from Sydney Cotton to a well-known contact of his in Bombay and also carried instructions to transport Cotton's car to Hyderabad. In view of Mr. Beaumont's association with Cotton, the authorities were naturally curious about his further movements.

Mr. Beaumont arrived in Delhi on the 22nd of July, and a search of his baggage revealed two articles for which he did not possess an export permit. He also carried on his person an unimpressive looking envelope which was unembossed and carried a huge seal inscribed "Nizam of Hyderabad". It was addressed to His Majesty the King, but the address was somewhat unusual and the typing not particularly good. Altogether, the envelope did not appear to be genuine and aroused suspicion. It was accordingly opened, and inside it were found a letter addressed to Sir Walter Monckton by Mir Laik Ali and a letter addressed to His Majesty. From the letter addressed to Sir Walter Monckton, it was clear that the letter to His Majesty was a copy. All the documents seized from Mr. Beaumont were returned to him".

REPORT ON SEARCH OF RICHARD BEAUMONT

NEW DELHI, July 27, (API): The Indian High Commissioner in Britain Mr. V. Krishna Menon, has been given full information regarding the search of Mr. Richard Beaumont, Secretary to the Nizam's Constitutional Adviser, Sir Walter Monckton, last week and the discovery of a letter in his possession addressed to the King from the Nizam, it is learned.

It is also learned the British High Commissioner's Office in New Delhi have sent a report on the subject to the British Government.

Fantastic Suggestion

Mr. J. V. Joshi resigned from the Hyderabad Ministry because he was otherwise threatened by the Government of Bombay with forfeiture of his property in Poona — this fantastic statement is contained in a Nizam Government communique, as reported in the newspapers.

The Government of Bombay is not even aware whether Mr. Joshi owns any property in Poona.

Mr. Joshi originally hails from Bhavnagar State and has long settled down in Hyderabad. He is not a Maharashtrian, and, as far as the Government is aware, has nothing to do with Poona.

But the latest fantastic allegation of the Nizam's Government is not the first of its kind in an attempt to divert attention from the atrocities that are being committed by the Razakar and allied elements in the border regions.

Nehru At Santa Cruz Airport

PANDIT NEHRU ARRIVED AT SANTA CRUZ AIR PORT, ON HIS WAY TO DELHI, ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

Punitive Expedition Against Jhabua Jagir

GWALIOR MILITARY UNIT SENT TO THAKANWADA

INDORE, July 27 (A.P.I.) : The Madhya Bharat Government have despatched a unit of the Gwalior Army to be stationed near Thakanwada Fort in Jhabua District to deal with the situation arising out of the forcible possession of the Fort by Thakur Narwarsingh and his refusal to hand over the Thakanwada Jagir to the Government.

Disclosing this in a Press Note today the Madhya Bharat Government states: "The Madhya Bharat Government are faced with the possibility of having to take military action against Thakur Narwarsingh who has forcibly occupied the Fort of Thakanwada (Jhabua) and has been attempting to set the authority of the Government at naught and defy law and order.

"Narwarsingh has defied even to the extent of making pretence of having established a Parallel Government having a Cabinet of his own for the Thakanwada Jagir.'

"There is some dispute between Narwarsingh and the second son of the Maharaja of Jhabua regarding the Jagir of Thakanwada. On the death of Thakur Narain Singh, the last Jagirdar, his widows adopted Thakur Gajendrapal Singh, the second son of the Maharaja of Jhabua, as their son and he thus claims to inherit the Jagir of Thakanwada.

"Thakur Narwarshingh, however, laid claim to the same Jagir, but, instead of seeking redress at the proper forum, he was taken law in his own hands and forcibly occupied the fortress — The Garhi — on January 18. Attempts to persuade him to follow the proper course to establish his claim and behave as a low abiding citizen have failed.

"The Government have given a last warning, but unless he peacefully vacates the Fort and entrusts his case to the justice of the Government or Law Courts, he will have to be dislodged from Thakanwada Fort by the use of military force. A unit of the Gwalior Army has already been stationed near Thakanwada to take action when necessary."

According to reports reaching Indore, the Thakur is stated to have fixed up guns on his Fortress and is reported to be "ready for any eventuality".

ABID ALI IN HONGKONG

SHANGHAI, July 27, (Reuter): Mr. Abid Ali, representative of the Indian Delegation to the recent International Labour Organisation Conference at San Francisco, arrived in Shanghai today to ask for Chinese Trade Union support for a proposed Asian Federation of Labour.

After his visit to Nanking tonight Mr. Ali told "Reuter" in an exclusive interview that he would leave on Thursday for Hongkong, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya and Singapore to rally labour forces for the Federation before returning to India.

"SICK DESTITUTES" AGAIN?

MUNSHIGANJ, July 27 (U.P.I.) : A destitute was found lying in a dying condition on the road-side near the local Kalibari yesterday. He was removed to hospital where he expired after 24 hours.

Due to high prices of rice and other essential articles, extreme distress is prevalent in rural areas. Destitutes, mostly women and children, are coming to the town for food.

LONDON RECEPTION TO INDIAN TEAM

(From Our Correspondent.)
LONDON, July 27.

Indian High Commissioner Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, held a reception in honour of the Indian Olympic team. Addressing the sportsmen he said what mattered was not victory but the striving. He had no doubt they would uphold the honour of their country.

Mr. Huq, leader of the team, said they could rest assured that every sportsman would do his best to maintain the high traditions of the mother country. The High Commissioner's words would be their inspiration.

A large number of sportsmen appeared in Gandhi caps and dhoti.

WATCHING EUROPEANS IN INDIA

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, July 27.

It is reliably learnt that the Government of India has sent a private circular to all Provincial Governments asking information about European residents in their respective districts and about their activities it is learnt Provincial Governments have asked about details from the C.I.D. police of different districts. Government intends to keep a record of activities of Europeans in India.

ENEMY ARMOURED CARS IN CHAKOTHI AREA

NEW DELHI, July 27. (A.P.I.): The use of armoured cars by the enemy in the Chakothi Area in Uri Sector has been reported from our Force Headquarters in Kashmir, says a press 'communique' issued by the Defence Ministry to-night. Enemy armoured cars fired on our positions from an area south-east of Chakothi.

Our troops inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy who made an attempt to reach our positions in an area south of Uri under cover of heavy artillery fire.

Ineffective enemy sniping in the Poonch Area has been continuous during the past 24 hours.

Hostiles seen digging themselves in and carrying stores in the Jhangar Sector were shelled by our artillery. R.I.A.F. aircraft flying in reconnaisance south of Naushehra encounered anti-aircraft fire, but returned safely to the base.

Hostiles in uniform who opened fire on local population in a border village inside the State territory some distance south-south-east of Chhamba withdrew into Pakistan territory when our troops approached.

No Admission To Press

TRIAL OF M.B. RAO IN PURDAH

NEW DELHI, July 27. (U.P.I.): For reasons of safety of the prisoners, a Delhi Magistrate did not allow the press reporters to cover the case against M. B. Rao, printer and publisher of the "People's Age" when the court met inside the District Jail to-day.

The Press Reporters Association had sought the permission 24 hours before the commencement of the trial. The jail authorities had forwarded the application to the Home Secretary to the Chief Commissioner with the remark that the admission of outsiders is opposed on the ground of safety.

The Delhi Press Reporters' Association at an emergent meeting protested against the attitude of the authorities in not allowing the pressmen to attend the court proceedings.

This question is being referred to the President of the All-India Newspaper Editor's Conference as it "tantamounts to discourtesy to the press."

SOVIET PARADES ITS MIGHT: MANOEUVRES IN GERMANY

BERLIN, July 27, (Reuter): Four Soviet Armies totalling 330,000 men are at present taking part in manoeuvres in the Soviet Zone of Germany. "Die Welt", official British German language newspaper reported today..

Among the tanks taking part are many of the type. JOSEP STALIN THREE, which weigh 62 tons.

"Simultaneously, air manoeuvres are being held, the paper added.

Observers here considered the number of troops reported by "Die Welt" as exaggerated.

According to most reliable estimates there are about 170.000 Soviet troops in Germany.

The "United Press of America" adds:—

Information available to Western Allies' sources indicated the Russians are flying a number of squadrons of Jet fighters produced in Germany, including new improved Messerschmitt 109's and Fokke Wolfe 109's—the fastest Jet propelled planes available, in the last days of the German Luftwaffe.

The manoeuvres were said to be under way from the Baltic in the north to the Thuringian forest in the south. Similar war games have been held before by Russian forces in Germany, but never on such a massive scale.

Simultaneously, the British licensed "Telegraph" reported that the Soviet zone air force was being continuously reinforced. Some assessments put the total of Soviet strength in Germany at anywhere between 200.000 and 1.200,000 men.

STOP SUPERFLUOUS FLIGHTS

The Soviet Army Command published a demand today for a halt to the "superflous flights of insufficiently trained and deficiently instructed American pilots" in the flying of food to blockaded Berlin.

Smarting under Western imposition of economic pressure, the Soviets renewed their threats against the Anglo-American air operation and let loose a tirade of abuse against the Western powers.

Reliable quarters expected the West to tighten the economic screws on Russia They believed that the halting of an estimated 2,500,000 tons yearly of trade between the Soviet zone of Europe and Western Europe was only the first move.

The official Soviet Army organ, "Taegliche Rundschau," took a new tact in renewing its attacks on the Western aerial ferry into Berlin. It said that the flights were particularly by allegedly incompetent American pilots who "threaten the lives of 4,000,000 people in the city." A crash on Saturday night of a United States C-47 in the Friedenau sector of Berlin was cited as proof. The organ charged that the American airmen persistently fly dangerously low over the city.

DIRECT APPROACH TO JOSEF STALIN

Three-Power Move To Solve Berlin Deadlock

NEW CONFLICT OVER POLICE CHIEFS IN CAPITAL

LONDON, JULY 27. (REUTER'S): THE THREE WESTERN POWERS WERE BELIEVED IN LONDON TONIGHT TO HAVE DECIDED ON A NEW MOVE TO SOLVE THE BERLIN CRISIS. INVOLVING A DIRECT APPROACH TO GENERALISSIMO STALIN.

Diplomatic observers in London thought the first step would be a joint request for an interview to be made to Foreign Minister, Vyacheslav Molotov through their Ambassadors.

SEARCH FOR WAY OUT

The British and American Envoys to Moscow were both present at to-day's London meeting at which the next move was discussed.

The request to M. Molotov would be accompanied by a written 'agenda' for the meeting with Generalissimo Stalin, presumably along the general lines of the Note the British Foreign Minister, Mr. Bevin, has been proposing should be sent instead.

IF APPROACH FAILED.

If the direct approach failed the Note itself might then be sent.

The idea of taking the dispute direct to the Soviet Leader, already discussed in Washington, was revived at the meeting between Mr. Bevin and United States diplomats in London yesterday.

The aim would be to find a way out of the Berlin deadlock and then to widen the field of discussion to embrace all other German problems and finally perhaps all major outstanding differences between East and West.

It was assumed to-day's meeting of Germany Experts was to work out final agreed drafts of the line of approach to Stalin, and perhapps to decide what action to take should the request be turned down in Moscow.

CURRENCY SCUFFLE IN BERLIN.

In Berlin, four Germans were arrested after scuffles with police who broke up a demonstration of 600 people in the Soviet Sector, protesting against the slow method of currency exchange. A British official spokesman said the crowd became restless when a currency booth closed without issuing their quota of the new Russian "Deutsche Mark".

The demonstrators, many of whom had queued since early morning, protested angrily and German police carrying truncheons and sidearms, were called to the scene.

CONSEMBLY FOR WEST.

German Experts to-day began drafting a proclamation calling a West German Constituent Assembly—expected to meet by September 1 at the latest—after yesterday's agreement between the Allied Military Governors and the eleven German Premiers of Trizonia.

A Commitee of five men appointed by the State Premiers met in Wiesbaden to draw up a document explaining the significance of the new move and authorising the local Parliaments to choose their representatives for the Assembly.

A NEW CONFLICT.

Colonel Paul Markgraf, Soviet sponsored Police Chief of Berlin who was dismissed by the German authorities last night and at once re-instated by the Russians, reported for work as usual this morning.

His Deputy, Dr. Johannes Stumm, appointed by the German City Council in his place and dismissed within a few hours by the Russians, did not appear at Police Headquarters to-day.

Dr. Ferdinand Friedensburg, Deputy Mayor who signed the order suspending Colonel Markgraf, said "he does not exist for us as a police official any longer. I am not interested in his present activities".

Political circles here feared the dispute might possibly lead to a complete split in the City Administration, with the Russians backing Colonel Markgraf and the western powers Dr. Friedensburg.

Australia Beat England

LEEDS, July 27 (Reuter) : Australia won the fourth test match by seven wickets.

SCORES: England 496 and 365 for 5 declared.
AUSTRALIA: 458 and 404 for 3.

(see page 4)

INDEPENDENCE DAY

Celebrations In Bombay Province

The Government of Bombay has decided that 15th August — the first Independence Day — should be celebrated by holding flag hoisting ceremonies in the District and Taluka Headquarters. National Flags will also be flown on all public buildings (including those in villages) and on forts of historical importance such as Raighad, Sinhgad, Shivneri, Purundhar, etc.

Military parades will be arranged in important military centres. In other places Police parades will be held.

ON ACCOUNT of unprecedented RUSH for advance booking at SWASTIK, special arrangement is made to release this picture at CAPITOL also, only for 4 weeks.

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Swastik Oil Mills Ltd., Wadala, Bombay. Wanted a competent Time-Keeper. Only those having experience of such work in a large factory need apply. Graduates preferred. 813

Wanted a Lady Doctor, either L.C.P.S. or M.B.B.S. Apply stating qualifications, etc., and copies of testimonials and Salary Expected to the Box No. 814 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Resident Engineer for the Chapra Electric Supply Works, Chapra, Bihar. The applicant should have at least five years practical experience of some electric undertakings. The appointment will be subject to approval of Bihar Government and the candidate will have to serve on probation for three months. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to the Manager, stating educational qualifications, minimum salary acceptable, possible date for joining in case of appointment with copy of testimonials on or before 20th August. 1948. 812

Wanted a teacher for Gregg Shorthand for morning and evening classes. One with teaching experience preferred. Apply Box No. 9253 "Bombay Chronicle.

M.T.B. College, Surat:—Wanted a Lecturer in History-Economics in the grade of Rs. 130-10-200 and a Graduate Physical Instructor at least Kandivali trained in the grade of Rs. 75-5-120-6-180. Dearness Allowance extra in both cases at Government rates. Applications stating age, experience, qualifications etc. to reach the Principal by 1-8-1948. (709)

Wanted a Stenographer capable of neat work. Apply Box No. 9126 "Bombay Chronicle."

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A smart young clerk knowing typing seeks job. Reply Box No. 9266 "Bombay Chronicle."

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PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY Meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday, the 5th August 1948, at 2-30 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Election of one Member of the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee VICE Mr. S. V. Sovani, resigned.
2. Election of two Members of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, VICE Dr. D. B. Kulkarni and Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji,—resigned.
3. **Interpellations.**
4. Application for gratuity from an ex-Municipal employee.

5-6. Letters from the authorities of the (5) Bombay Physical Culture Association and (6) Free Ophthalmic Hospitals Society—Thanking the Corporation for sanctioning Grants-in-Aid of their respective institutions.

7 Letter from the Honorary Secretary, the Khan Bahadur Haji Bachooali Free Ophalmic Hospital —Forwarding copies of the Annual Reports of the Society for the years 1945 and 1946.

8-10. Letters from Messrs. Diksit Maneklal & Co., Solicitors—Claiming damages for alleged injuries sustained by their clients (8) Shrimati Sumitradevi, wife of Mr. Y. C. Shankaranand; (9) Mr. Y. C. Shankaranand as the father and guardian of his daughter, Miss Yashodhra; and (10) Mr. Yellappa A. Hongal as a result of a B. E. S. & T. Bus accident on Chowpatty Sea Face Road.

11. Letter from the Managing Director, Habib Insurance Co., Ltd.—Protesting against the proposed construction of a market on Plots Nos. 104, 105, 120 and 121 in Scheme 29, Nowroji Hill Estate.

12. Letter from the Honorary Secretary, Jain Education Society —Regarding commutation of ground rent in respect of Plot No. 8-A, Kolbhat Wadi Estate.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

13. Regarding the creation of certain temporary posts.

14. Regarding amendment of the Municipal Service Regulations for extending the benefits regarding payment of salaries, etc., to employees undergoing training under the National Cadet Corps Scheme.

15. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of carrying out certain repairs to the flood-gates at Cleveland Bunder.

16. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of X-Ray accessories required for the K. E. M. Hospital.

17. Regarding the question of increasing the amount of subvention to be paid to house-owners for converting basket privies with water-closets on full flushing system.

18. Recommending an additional grant for the upkeep, etc., of a delivery van required for the use of the Corporation and the Standing Committee Office.

19. Regarding the fixing of the security to be demanded from certain peons who are entrusted with the work of carrying cash.

20. Regarding continuance of certain temporary posts in the Chief Accountant's Office.

21. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of certain additional staff required for the Schools Committee's Office, etc.

22. Forwarding a list of letters from the Municipal Chief Auditor pending disposal by the Standing Committee.

23. Regarding the provision of a coffer dam arrangement in place of one of the wooden floodgates at the Love Grove Pumping Station.

24. Regarding the fixing of securities to be demanded from the workers in charge of the Municipal Welfare Centres.

25. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of revised salary to be paid to a Stenotypist in the Gardens Department appointed in connection with the Vegetable, Fruit and Flower Shows.

26. Regarding a contract with the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department for hire of telephone lines, extensions, etc.

27. Recommending an additional advance to meet the cost of the purchase of one Air Compressor required for the Municipal Printing Press.

28. Regarding provision of an asbestos sheet canopy for a portion of the compound of the Arthur Crawford Market.

29. Regarding the revision of the grade, etc., of the staff of the Engineering Department transferred to work on the Bhivpuri Survey in 1946-47 and 1947-48.

30. Regarding certain demands of the Municipal Hospital Employees' Union.

31 Regarding the continuance of Special Pay in addition to pay in the revised grades to certain Inspectors of the Water Works Department.

32. Regarding the question of debiting charges of Sales Tax in respect of certain purchases made by the Stores Department under a separate head.

33. Regarding payment of a Leprosy Allowance to the Health Visitor appointed to work at the Acworth Leper Home, etc.

34. Regarding fixing of the grades of Health Visitors and School Health Nurses in the Health Department, etc.

35. Regarding the question of entrusting the social welfare work at Kasarwadi to the Kasarwadi Welfare Centre Committee, etc.

36 Forwarding the Commissioner's report regarding the delay in submission by different departments of the Quarterly Revenue and Deposit Returns for certain years.

37. Regarding a contract with Messrs. The Allied Construction Co., Ltd., for carrying out the work of excavation of the Dam site, etc., in connection with the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme.

38. Regarding the revised estimates for the work of providing and fixing a C. I. Sheet partition around a static tank at the Municipal Group of Hospitals, Sion.

39. Regarding re-appropriation of funds to meet the cost of the purchase of certain additional Sewer Cleaners required by the Drainage Department.

40. Regarding the continuance of services of Rao Saheb T. N. Subramanian Iyer, retired Deputy Chief Auditor of the B. B. & C.I. Railway to scrutinize the accounts of the Railway Administrations for fixing the reteable value of their properties.

41. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of renewing the over-head electric wiring at the Mahaluxmi Refuse Siding.

42. Regarding payment of the "District Allowance" to the staff appointed in connection with the preliminary construction works of the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme.

43 Regarding the payment of an increased Conveyance Allowance to the Deputy Superintendents of the Assessment and Collection Department.

Resolutions of the Improvements Committee—

44. Regarding the delay caused in handing over the possession of a plot in an Improvement Schemes Estate.

45. Regarding grant of a temporary lease of certain land in Sewri-Wadala (North) Estate.

46. Regarding permission to construct a stair-case from the second floor to the terrace of the building on Plots Nos. 4 and 29, Colaba Reclamation Estate.

47. Regarding the revised layout of certain plots in Naigaum Estate, etc.

48. Regarding assignment of the lease of a Plot in Wellington Lines Estate.

Resolutions of the Special Committees—

49. Regarding the renaming of New Hanuman Lane as "Babu Genu Road".

50. Regarding leasing of land at Sewri-Koliwada for a housing scheme for Koli residents.

51. Regarding the question of the extension of the Hindu Cemetery No. 74, at Worli.

52. Regarding a proposal to request Government to have an effective control on the supply of building materials, etc., with a view to encouraging building activities in the City.

53. Regarding the question of permitting owners of buildings to construct Mansard Roofs over the terraces of their buildings with a view to relieving acute shortage in the City.

54. Regarding the naming of the new 40' Road off Sleater Road as "Lady Pochkhanawala Road."

55. Regarding the question of constructing temporary structures for accommodating schools on plots reserved for permanent school buildings.

56. Regarding a Scheme for improving the existing sewerage system of the City.

57 Regarding a proposal for widening Carnegy Road to 60' and extending it across the Maidans upto Waudby Road.

58. Regarding the continuation of the appointment of Mr. P. J. Bhiwandiwalla as Officiating Senior Assistant Engineer.

59. Regarding the question of entering into an agreement with the B. B. & C.I. Railway Administration for occupying Railway Land at Carrol Road over Bridge for laying a Water Main.

60. Regarding laying out and making a new public street of a uniform width of 150' along Tulsi Pipe Line Road.

61 Regarding the transfer of a water connection granted to the Military Camping Ground at Ghatkoper to the name of the Chairman, of the Board of Administration, Canteen Stores Department.

62. Regarding the laying out of a new 40' street for providing a through passage from Bangadwadi Tribhuvan Road.

63. Regarding revised Building Rules for Improvement Schemes Estates, etc.

64. Regarding Revised Estimate for renewing the sett-stone pavement on a portion of Frere Road.

65. Regarding the appointment of Mr. P. P. Dani, as a Temporary Construction Engineer for supervising the works of the tunnel and dam in connection with the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme.

66. Regarding the continuance of certain temporary posts of Architectural Assistants, etc., for the Design Section of the Architectural Branch of the City Enginner's Department.

67. Regarding a donation received from Mr. Kantiprasad Surajmal for the construction of a public fountain and cattle trough in Scheme 6, Sion-Matunga Estate.

68. Regarding the Revised Building Rules for Revas Projections, Sitting out places, etc.

69 Forwarding Government reply regarding the working of the Telephone System in Bombay.

70. Regarding the question of reserving certain beds at the Ramesh Premchand Tuberculosis Hospital for chest surgery or diseases other than Tuberculosis.

71. Regarding payment of a Special Pay to a Clerk at the Seth G. S. M. College doing the work of casting time-tables in accordance with the University Regulations.

72. Regarding the amendment of the Municipal Act for controlling effectively nuisance caused by stray animals in the City.

73. Regarding the appointment of Mr. H. V. Gore, Senior Assistant Accountant, as Deputy Accountant, vice Mr. G. T. Lalit, retiring.

74. Regarding modification of the leave granted to Dr. J. F. Bulsara, Deputy Municipal Commissioner.

75. Regarding the revision of the grade of the Clerk-typist attached to the Special Officer appointed to examine the working of the Free and Compulsory Primary Education Act.

76. Forwarding Commissioner's Report on the Report of the Director, Indian Standard Institution, regarding standardization of Weights and Measures in India.

77. Regarding payment of a Special Pay to the Election and Town Duty Officer.

78. Regarding the question of raising of the minimum and maximum limits of the General Tax.

79 Regarding the question of imposing a levy of 10 p.c. on hotel bills payable by tourists and travellers staying in Boarding and Lodging Houses in the City.

80. Regarding the question of the creation of a post of Public Relations Officer.

81 Regarding qualifications prescribed for the post of General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Committee.

82. Regarding the appointment of B. G. Desai, B. A., LL.B. as legal Assistant upon the retirement of the present incumbent.

Schools Committee's letters—

83. Regarding a donation from an ex-Head Mistress under the Schools Committee for giving prizes to students in Municipal Schools.

84. Requesting additional grant to meet payment of the differences between the pay in the revised grade and old grade of certain officers under the Schools Committee.

85. Regarding the removal of houses of ill-fame from the locality adjoining the Municipal Kamathipura School Building.

86. Reporting on the disparity as seen between the figures of the growth of population and the expansion of Primary Education in the City.

87. Regarding the revision of the grades of pay of peons, etc., under the Schools Committee.

Communications from the Commissioner—

88. Regarding the extension of a motor garage on Plot No. 20, Marine Lines Estate.

89. Forwarding the Monthly Chemical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

90. Regarding the important decisions taken by the B. E. S. & T. Committee during June 1948.

91. Forwarding quarterly statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City from various lakes.

(92). Forwarding Executive Health Officer's quarterly report.

93-94 Forwarding copies of the Annual Reports of the (93) Nowrosji Wadia Maternity Hospital and (94) Bai Jerbai Wadia Hospital for Children for the year 1947.

95 Reporting that no case of the breeding of the Malaria carrying mosquito was found during June 1948.

96. Regarding the construction of a portico on the compulsory open space of a plot in the Colaba Reclamation Estate.

Government letters—

97. Regarding the appointment of Mrs. Sulochana M. Modi as a member of the Bombay Provincial Board of Primary Education, vice Mr. R. K. Shirodkar, ceased to be a Councillor.

98. Regarding the extension of the term of the Bombay City Adult Education Committee.

99. Letter from the General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Committee—Reporting on the question of supplying to the Municipal Councillors the Rules of Procedure of the B.E.S. & T. Committee.

100-101 Letters from (100) Khan Bahadur Mohamedally Allabux and (101) Mr. A. N. Najmi on behalf of Mr. N. Y. Bandukwala—applying for leave of absence from the Meetings of the Corporation.

102. Confirmation of the Proceedings of the Meetings of the Special Committees.

103. Schools Committee's letter forwarding copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

104. From Mr. Dinkar D. Desai —For obtaining the Commissioner's Report on the possibility of converting the City's refuge into manure for agricultural purposes.

105. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For requesting the B. E. S. & T. Committee to keep their Meetings open to the Press.

106. From Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hasan—For requesting the Commissioner not to cancel the existing licences for the manufacture and sale of ice-cream, etc.

107-109. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For (107) expressing the Corporation's opinion against the continuance of a person who failed at the Municipal General Elections as a member of the B. E. S. & T. Committee (108) requesting the B.E.S. & T. Committee to place on the Corporation Table copy of the Proceedings of the Committee's Meetings; and (109) Requesting the B. E. S. & T Committee to discontinue the Railway Station Bus Service and direct those buses for other routes.

110-111. From Mr. R. D. Bhandare—For (110) requesting the B. E. S. & T. Committee to re-construct the tram shelter at J. J. Hospital; and (111) obtaining a report from the Commissioner on the desirability of placing temporary workers with not less than three years' service on permanent basis.

112. From Mr. Dinkar D. Desai— For establishing a Joint Labour Council for the Bombay Municipality on the lines of the "Whitley Commission in Great Britain".

113. From Mr. Jehangir D. Daruwala— For transferring the staff provided in the Engineering Department for looking after the road-side trees under the Superintendent of Gardens.

114. From Mr. R. D. Bhandare —For arranging for Free Legal Aid to Municipal employees arrested or accused in matters connected with their employment.

115. From Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar—For improving the water supply at the Municipal Chawls at Wadala.

116-118. From Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji— For (116) requesting the University authorities to find out ways and means to meet adequately the requirements of the thousands of students seeking admission to the Colleges in the City every year; (117) requesting the Commissioner to take early steps to prevent the choking of gutters which occures everywhere in the City at the commencement of the rains, and (118) obtaining the Commissioner's report regarding constant complaints received about the distribution of water supply in the various parts of the City.

119-121. From Mr. B. K. Gholap —For renaming (119) Bora Street or some other suitable street after Mr. Shambhushet Yellappa; (120) Thomas Street after Mr. Lala, Nigam; and (121) Colaba Causeway after the late Mr. Vithal Sayyana.

122. From Mrs. Maniben N. Desai —For providing shelters at the bus stops near the Royal Opera House.

123. From Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan —For adopting "Vande-Mataram" as the National Anthem of the Country.

124-126 From Mrs. Sulochana M. Modi—For (124) enforcing strictly the provisions of the Municipal Act and By-Laws regarding sanitary regulations of buildings. (125) taking necessary action to improve the insanitary condition of premises known as 'New Mumbadevi Chawl No. 48', at Vithalbhai Patel Road; and (126) taking steps to prohibit from selling undesirable foodstuffs near school buildings.

127. From Miss P. N. Nariman— For evolving a scheme such as "Clean City Campaign" for educating citizens in the art of keeping their surroundings clean and tidy.

128-129 From Mr. J. G. Vichare —For providing shelters at (128) the tramway terminus at Tardeo and (129) the 'B' and 'C' route Bus stops at Tardeo.

130-132. From Mr. G. S. Sonavane— For 130 constructing a permanent shead at the vegetable stalls on the footpath adjoining the Union Mills Compound at DeLisle Road; 131 requiring the B.D.D. Chawls authorities to improve the insanitary condition of the recreation ground in front of B.D.D. Chawl No. 19 at DeLisle Road; and 132 acquiring the plot of land near Bawla Musjid and adjoining Haji Hotel at DeLisle Road for converting it into a small garden for the use of the residents thereat.

133. From Mr. Jehangir D. Daruwala— For requesting the B.E.S. & T. Committee to re-convert the "Only Standing Accommodation" Tramcars into tramcars with sitting arrangement.

134. From Mrs. Sulochana M. Modi— For providing covers for the KUTCHARA hand-carts stationed along public thoroughfares in the City with a view to minimising the nuisance due to foul smell emanating therefrom.

By Order of His Worship the
Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 27th July 1948. (818

THE ARYAN CHAMPION INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.
NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Botawala Building, 7/10, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Saturday the 14th day of August 1948 to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year 1947.
2. To elect Directors in place of Seth Gordhandas V. Patel and Dr. Chimanlal L. Amin who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board.
C. S. VYAS.
Manager.

Bombay, 12th July, 1948.

The Register of Members of the Company will be closed from 7th August 1948 to 16th August, 1948 both days inclusive.

To the Shareholders of the Company and in particular to:—

Mr. Naranbhai Mithabhai Patel Mr. Kalidas Manganbhai Patel, Messrs. Jechand Kachara & Co., Mr. Rambhai Mathurbhai Patel, Mr. Chandubhai Kalidas Patel, Mr. Dahyabhai Hathibhai Patel, Mr. Ambalal Vaghjibhai Patel, Mr. Ravishankar Jeshankar Jani, Mr. Raojibhai Lalaji Patel, Mr. Prabhudas Ishwarbhai Patel, Mr. Shankerbhai Baberbhai Patel, Mr. Purshottam Dayabhai Amin, Mr. Vithalbhai Ishwarbhai Amin, Mr. Himabhai Umedbhai Patel, Messrs. Kashibhai B. Patel & Bros. Mr. Amrutlal Fulchand Mehta, Mr. Rambhai Chaturbhai Patel, Mr. Dahyabhai Narshibhai Patel, Mr. Luis Vincent Noronha, Mr. Ishwerbhai Chunibhai Patel. (816)

PUBLIC NOTICES

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
PRESS NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Fertiliser Factory Division No. 1. C. P. W. D., P. O.—Sindri, District—Manbhum invites sealed tenders from Registered contractors for the following works.

	Approximate Cost.	Earnest Money.
(1) Constructing 138 quarters for married labourers L type at Sindri.	Rs. 6,27,233 /-	Rs. 20,000 -
(2) Providing Sanitary sewers in the Factory area at Sindri.	Rs. 64,023 -	Rs. 3,201 -

Tenders will be received upto 12 noon of 24th August, 1948 and and opened on the same day at 12-30 p.m. Contract Documents, plans specification etc. may be seen on any working day and forms purchased on payment of Rs. 5 - not refundable. Earnest money in currency notes or Bank Draft on the Imperial Brank of India, Dhanbad to accompanytenders. (811)

INDUSTRIAL FINANCE CORPORATION OF INDIA

(Incorporated under the Industrial Finance Corporation Act 1948 (XV of 1948)

ISSUE OF SHARES

In accordance with sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 6,000 shares of Rs. 5,000 - each are offered for subscription to SCHEDULED BANKS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, INVESTMENT TRUSTS AND OTHER LIKE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND CO-OPERATIVE BANKS. The shares are guaranteed by the Central Government as to the repayment of principal and the payment of a minimum dividend at 2¼ p.c. per annum.

As the Corporation will be liable to income-tax on its profits, the dividend paid by it will be free of income-tax to the shareholder. In those years where the Corporation is unable to earn adequate profits for paying a dividend, the dividend will be paid from the amount advanced by Government in implementation of their guarantee. In the latter case, the dividend received by the shareholder will, in terms of section 40 of the above Act, be deemed to be interest on securities declared to be income-tax free for purposes of the Income-Tax Act. The dividend paid by the Corporation will, therefore, in all circumstances, be free of income-tax to the shareholder.

Copies of the prospectus giving full particulars of the shares offered and of the form of application can be had, free of cost, from the Head Office of the Industrial Finance Corporation of India, Council House, Post Box No. 363, New Delhi and from any of the branches of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Delhi.

Applications for shares will be received from 9th to 11th August, 1948, both days inclusive.

UNITED STATE OF SAURASTHRA.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts in the office of the Accountant General, United State of Saurashtra:—

1. CLERKS in the Upper Division in the grade of Rs. 65-3-104-EB-5-124. Plus Dearness & House Rent Allowances as sanctioned by United State of Saurashtra.—
   (i) B. Coms. (Pass Class) will start on Rs. 80/- per month, in the above grade.
   (ii) B. Coms. (1st & 2nd Class) will start on Rs. 86/- per month in the above grade.
2. CLERKS in the Lower Division in the grade of Rs. 40-3-70-EB-5-100. Plus Dearness & House Rent Allowances as sanctioned by United State of Saurashtra.—

Matriculates will start on Rs. 46/- per month in the above grade.

Minimum Qualification for Upper Division Clerks:—

A Degree in Arts, Science or Mathematics, preferably an honours degree.

Minimum qualification for Lower Division Clerks:—

Passing the Matriculation Examination with more than 45 per cent marks.

Applications should reach this office not later than the 1st August, 1948.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL,
Saurashtra.
Rajkot, D/21st July, 1948.

750

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
LEGAL ASSISTANT'S
DEPARTMENT
Appointment of a Municipal Prosecutor and Advocate

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Municipal Prosecutor and Advocate in the office of the Legal Assistant. The Applicant must be a practising Advocate (A.S.) of about seven years' standing with good knowledge and experience of Small Causes Court and Police Court practice. The pay of the post is Rs. 300-20-540-30-550 plus Dearness Allowance and conveyance allowance of Rs. 50|- per month. The selected candidate will be required to serve whole time and will not be allowed private practice. THE POST IS TEMPORARY but if the candidate is found to be suitable and if it becomes necessary to appoint a permanent Municipal Prosecutor and Advocate he may be confirmed.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications previous experience, etc. should be submitted to the undersigned so as to reach him on or before the 9th August 1948. Copies of testimonials and certificates of age and Physical fitness should accompany the applications.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

MANBHOY, B. MANIAR,
Legal Assistant.
By order of
Municipal Commissioner.

Improvement Trust
Building, Napier Road,
Fort, Bombay.
19th July, 1948

807

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD. (BOMBAY)
Poona Branch
SCHOOL OF LIFE INSURANCE IN POONA.

IT IS PROPOSED to start classes in LIFE INSURANCE in theory and practice for the benefit of a few deserving candidates who will later on be absorbed on the Company's establishment on the Business Organisation side

Graduates who belong to the Deccan, Karnatak and Hyderabad (Dn) side, may apply giving full details of age, qualifications and other attainments. Educational qualifications may in some instances, be relaxed.

The opening date of the classes will be intimated a little later.

J. H. ENGINEER,
Branch Manager.

Sarasvati Vilas,
Laxmi Road, Poona, 2.

806

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation).
LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHARE CERTIFICATE No: 18713 in respect of 5 Ordinary shares No: 56961/65 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd. (in voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Bai Hafez Hassan Mamooji has been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of this shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1 within one month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate share Certificate will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 28-7-48

(Sd) BAI HAFEZ HASSAN MAMOOJI

9262

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation).
LOST SHARE CERTIFICATES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates Nos. 46322 and 46323 in respect of 10 Ordinary shares Nos 173335 to 173344 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. (in Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Shiavaxa Hormasji Shroff have been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1 within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated 28-7-48

(Sd) SHIAVAXA HORMASJI SHROFF.

9263

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED,
Head Office,
8, Underhill Road, Delhi.

WANTED an experienced Parsee Gentleman for the post of a Manager of our Lahore Office. Decent salary with very good prospects offered according to qualifications. Persons having banking experience need apply to Secretary, West. 810

(For Further Notices See Page 3.)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for temporary posts of (1) Dy. Chief Administrator, pay Rs. 1,300-100-1,500 per mensem, (2) Asst. Chief Administrator, Rs. 1200-100-1,400 (3) Managers, Rs. 1100-75-1250, (4) Inspectors, Rs. 650-50-850 (5) Superintendents of Advances Rs. 600-50-700, (6) Assistant Accountants Rs. 360-20-540. For the present there will also be a cost of living allowance. No pension or provident fund but subject to completion of minimum three years approved service one month's pay for each year of service as gratuity at the time of leaving service. AGE—preferably below 45 years but in no case exceeding 50 QUALIFICATIONS —for (1), (2) and (3) sound knowledge of Practice and Law of Banking, practical experience of banker's advances and service experience in a responsible position in a good Bank; for (4) thorough knowledge of bankers' advances, practical experience in control and inspection of advances and some knowledge of business and industry, for (5) practical experience of advance business in a good Commercial Bank and thorough knowledge of Practice and Law of Banking; for (6) good experience of keeping books and accounts in a Bank or a Commercial house of good standing. PROBATION—for six months during which period services liable to termination without notice or pay in lieu thereof.

Appointments will in first instance be for periods indicated by their respective grades but chances of retention thereafter for some years more. Applicants must be prepared to serve anywhere in India and to abide by Staff Regulations framed by the Aministration. Applications stating age, qualifications, previous experience names and address of two well-known persons as references and pay and allowances drawn in last appointment and enclosing copies of certificates and testimonials, should reach the Chief Administrator, Rehabilitation Finance Administration, Theatre Communication Building, Connaught Place, New Delhi, on or before 15th August, 1948. The particular post applied for should be clearly stated. Those in service should apply through their present employers. No interviews unless called by the Administration. Applications will not be acknowledged and no correspondence will be entered into in regard to them. Those who do not hear from the Administration till 31st October, 1948 may presume that their applications have been unsuccessful.

(808)

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA
INFORMAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
NOTICE

UNDER THE AUSPICES of The Bombay Shareholders' Association an Informal Meeting of the shareholders of Reserve Bank of India will be held in the Board Room of the Bombay Stock Exchange on WEDNESDAY, the 28th July, at 5-30 P.M. to consider the correspondence between the Association and Government regarding nationalisation of the Bank and compensation payable to shareholders and take suitable action to safeguard the shareholders' interests.

Shareholders or their representatives are invited to attend.

J. J. KAPADIA,
Hon. Secretary.

(9256)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. SHANKER NANA PATIL and BHAURAM NANA PATIL, Hindu Inhabitants of Andheri have contracted to sell transfer and assign absolutely to my clients all their right title and interest in the property hereunder firstly and secondly described. All persons having any claim or demands in to upon or against the property either by way of mortgage, charge, lien, gift, sale, use, trust, possession inheritance, maintenance, lease, easements or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at "SHANTASHRAM" 146, Versowa Road, Andheri, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, lying, being and situate at Andheri, Greater Bombay, in the registration Sub-District of Bandra bearing Survey No. 29, Hissa No. 1, area 1¼ acre assessment Rs. 7-4-0, Survey No. 29 Hissa No. 2, area 3 Gunthas assessment Rs. -9/- Survey No. 28, Hissa No. 1, area 5¾ Gunthas assessment Rs. 1/8/-, together with the well therein.

SECONDLY,—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, lying, being and situate at Mogra near Andheri, Greater Bombay in the registration Sub-District of Bandra, bearing Survey No. 61, Hissa No. 2, area 8 Gunthas assessment Re. -/4/-.

Dated the 28th day of July, 1948.

VASANTRAO S. PATIL,
Purchasers' Advocate.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS from approved Central P.W.D., Contractors for the improvement of roads in Port Blair estimated to cost Rs. 43,04,544/- will be received upto noon on the 25.8-1948 by the Executive Engineer, Calcutta Central Division No. II, P21, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta. Tender forms can be purchased from his Office on payment of Rs. 10/- (per copy) in cash which will not be refunded. Earnest money Rs. 20,000/- in treasury chalans should accompany each tender. Particulars of sailings from Calcutta and Madras to Port Blair can be had from Messrs. Turner Morrison & Co. Calcutta, and Messrs. Best & Co., Madras respectively. (801)

G.I.P. RLY. TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 1 p.m. on 7-8-48 for the supply of Tea at the Railway Godowns at Wadi Bandar, Kalyan, Thana, Lonavla, Poona, Dhond, Ahmadnagar, Sholapur, Shahabad, Bhusaval, Manmad, Nagpur, Murtazapur, Itarsi, Jubbulpore, Bina, Jhansi and Agra Cant. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, at Bombay, Poona, Bhusaval, Nagpur, Jubbulpore and Jhansi.

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APPOINTMENTS

BY INTERVIEW—The B.I.E.T. (India) Ltd., Offers a special course on General Intelligence and Viva Voce Training to ensure success in securing administrative posts in Government Departments and Business Firms. The Course can be completed in one month by spare time study at home and costs only Rs. 50/-. Send cash or write for fuller particulars, Free. Dept. P/20, B.I.E.T. (India) Ltd., 359, Hornby Road, Bombay.

(333)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients have contracted to purchase from Mr. Charles Mascaranhas the undermentioned Agricultural pieces of land hereditaments and premises.

All persons having or making any claim against or to the said pieces of land hereditaments and premises by way of mortgage, charge, trust, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, possession, occupancy right, tenancy right or any other right or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

ALL THOSE pieces or parcels of agricultural land or cocoanut oart with the messuages tenements and structures thereon known as Nikenwadi situate in the Village of Manori in the Registration Sub-District Thana in the Registration Dist. of Thana containing by admeasurement over 7 acres and 37 gunthas or thereabouts, the revenue assessment whereof is Rs. 105-4-0 present revenue assessment Rs. 111-4-6 bearing the following Survey and Hissa Numbers that is to say:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area	Assessment. Rs.
244	2	1-29½	24-0-0
245	1	1-9½	21-5-0
245	4	0-4½	1-2-0
246	1	3-38½	49-5-0
247	5	0-35	9-8-0
		7 Acres and 37 Gunthas	Rs. 105-4-0

admeasuring approximately 33326.75 Sq. Yds. and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North by the Property of Sower Manik on or towards the South by the property of Andrew M. Ferreira, on or towards the West of Arabian Sea and on or towards the East partly by a ditch and partly by a public road.

Datel this 27th day of July, 1948.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

805

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 12 BALES PRINTED CHINTZ

M|s. GANDHI & CO. will, under instructions from Shah Champaklal Jethalal and on a|c and at the risk of Sheth Pranlal Prabhudas the defaulting purchaser sell by public auction on THURSDAY, 29-7-48 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Bambnakhana Gate Champa Gully.

12 Bales Printed Chintz printed in Vasant Vijay Mill Rajmahal design. Lot. No. 8903 total yds. 1347 6½.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ADAM AHMED, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant for self and as constituted attorney of Khatubai Jusuf Umer Adam, and Zubeida Adam and as natural guardian of Mohomed Bashir Adam, Iqbal Adam, Aishabai Adam, Kulsumbai Adam, Jainibai Adam, Zulekhabai Adam and Farida Adam, has contracted with our client for the sale to him free from incumbrances the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim of whatsoever nature in or to the said property are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim if any and the same will be treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

Freehold land with buildings thereon admeasuring thirteen thousand eight hundred square yards lying at Ghatkopar, now in greater Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district Bandra, of the Bombay Suburban District, registered in the books of the Collector of land revenue of Bombay suburban district under Non-agricultural Survey No 261-B and assessed by the Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality under A ward under numbers 107, 108, 109, 110, 110A, 110B and 110C.

Dated this 28th July, 1948.

M. R. MEHTA.
For Messrs. Khandvala & Chhotalal
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(815)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NOSHERWAN SHERIAR IRANI and SHIRINBAI wife of NOSHERWAN SHERIAR IRANI both of Bombay Parsi inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned properties situate at ANIK (near CHEMBUR) to our clients.

All persons having any claims against or to the said properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTIES

ALL those pieces of land, situate at ANIK South Salset e Taluka, Bombay Suburban District bearing Survey Nos. area etc. as follows:—

LOT NO. I.

Former Survey No.	PRESENT Survey No.	HISSA No.	Area Acre. Gunthas	Assessment Rs. as. ps.
59	29	1	0 9	0 9 6
59	29	3	1 9	3 4 0
59	29	4	0 6½	0 6 3
56&59	31	2	7 13½	19 9 0
56&59	31	6	0 8	0 8 9
142	32	—	0 18	3 13 0
58	33	—	1 35	20 11 0
59	34	—	0 5	0 5 3
		Total area	11 24	Rs. 49 2 9

LOT NO. II

FIRSTLY

Former Survey No.	PRESENT Survey No.	HISSA No.	Area Acre. Gunthas	Assessment Rs. as. ps.
60	35	1	7 23	65 13 0
	35		0 2	0 5 0
	35	2	0 4	0 10 0
61,62&63	36	2	3 33½	33 10 0
65	37	1	7 6	43 7 0
64	37	2	0 4	0 4 0
		Total Area	18 32½	144 1 0

—91052 Square Yards.

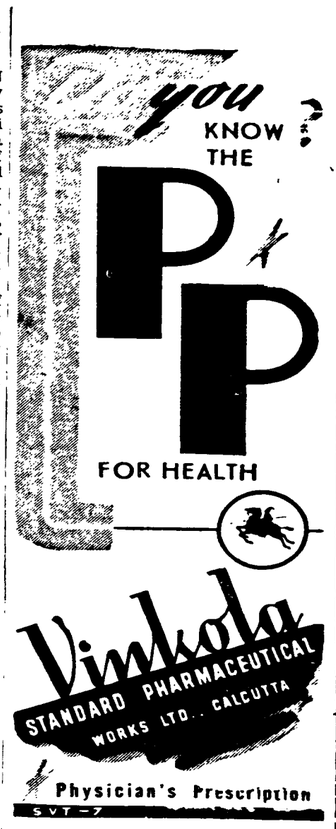
SECONDLY

56/59	31	4	0 18	1 3 0
	39	5	0 2	0 10 0
56	39	6	0 35	9 1 0
		Total Area	1 15	10 14 0

—6655 Square Yards.

Dated this 27th day of July, 1948.

MANILAL KHER AMBALAL & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys. 796



ARYAN PAPER MILLS
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Our Share holders, Friends and Well-wishers will be glad to learn that a portion of our Paper Mills Machinery has already arrived from U.K. and the construction of the Mills at Ranaghat in West Bengal (this site has been approved by the Govt. also) has already been taken in hand.

FOR PROSPECTUS AND OTHER PARTICULARS

Please Write to MANAGING AGENTS

PRECURSOR OF CLOSER UNION

Nehru's Message Welcoming Amalgamation Of Allahabad And Oudh High Courts

ALLAHABAD, July 26. (UPI): "I agree that it is not desirable that there should be diarchy in matters of legal interpretation. We have seen enough in political matters of the evils of diarchy—we have protested one and all—and it does not lie in our mouths to protest against the unification of a Court of Justice so that there might be one law, one interpretation one ideal of justice and one decision," observed Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Governor of the United Provinces, inaugurating the amalgamation of the Allahabad High Court and the Oudh Chief Court this morning at the Allahabad High Court Building in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering, including Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier of the United Provinces, Sri Lal Bahadur Sastri and Sri Keshav Deo Malaviya, Ministers of the Province.

The room in which the function was held was tastefully decorated with National Flag and portraits of Mahatma Gandhi.

The Chief Justice of the amalgamated Court, Mr. B. Malik, in course of his speech said: "The importance of Judiciary has greatly increased with the advent of Independence No ordered society can exist without rules and regulations to govern it."

Earlier Shri Bidhu Bhusan Malik was administered oath by the Governor of the United Provinces as Chief Justice of the amalgamated High Court. The Chief Justice then administered oath to sixteen other Judges, including five Judges who belonged to the Oudh Chief Court till its amalgamation with the Allahabad High Court.

NEHRU'S MESSAGE

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, who is also a member of the Allahabad High Court Bar, in the course of a message wishing success to the Court, said:

"There has been a tendency lately in India for the splitting up of many things. The formation of new provinces is being discussed with all the parapharnalia which goes with a new province, new Universities, new High Courts, and to some extent this is an inevitable phenomenon and it represents a growing self-consciousness of our people in various parts of the country. Yet I rather regret it, more especially at this present juncture when the primary and dominant need of this day is the unity of India, and when provincialism, communalism and all forms of separation are undesirable.

GENERAL TREND

"Contrary to this general trend, we have a process of unification in the United Provinces where the High Court at Allahabad and the Chief Court at Lucknow are being amalgamated to form a single powerful High Court for the whole province. I welcome this both from the larger national reason and for provincial reasons, and I send my greetings on this occasion to Chief Justice and the Judges, the Bar and the administrative staff of the new amalgamated High Court.

"All times the administration of justice in a country is of vital significance, more especially, this so, in times of rapid transition and when man's passions and fears are high. The High Court is the symbol of justice and freedom for the individual as well as for the community. It is custodian of the people's liberty against anti-social elements or ill-advised executive action.

Where the judiciary system functions with integrity, impartiality, ability and speed, there is a certain stability which gives basic strength to the State. If the judicial system itself weakens, then the whole structure tends to become a rather unstable and variable. Therefore, it is of the utmost importance that our High Courts should lay down high standards of justice and impartiality and the public generally should have full confidence in the justice and integrity. The primary burden falls on the Judges of the High Court, but this has to be shared by the members of the Bar who have always to remember that they are not merely members of a learned profession, but are partners in the administration of justice and the maintenance of public order. Their standards, therefore, must also be high in keeping with this high objective.

"I trust that this amalgamation of the High Court of Allahabad and the Chief Court of Lucknow will be a precursor of a closer union between the two parts of the province, yielding rich fruit in the advancement of the people of the province, regardless of narrow boundaries. Ancient Prayag symbolises both the past history of India and the present. Lucknow is a gracious city to which we are all attached and which represents different phases of India's history and culture in the past. India's strength has been both in its unity and infinite variety. Both are essential, both supplement and complement each other. I trust that in the United Provinces this essential unity will be maintained and furthered and at the same time the varieties of our culture will be encouraged so as to yield the flower of a rich and composite culture symbolic of the heart of India which the United Provinces claim to be".

"MASTER PLAN" FOR GREATER BOMBAY

Government Will Approve It, Says Vartak

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Master Plan for Greater Bombay would be readily approved by Bombay Government, said Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, in an interview this morning. He disclosed that Government had actually borne 50 per cent of the cest involved in the preparation of the plan.

The Minister said that though the implementation of the scheme was the primary responsibility of the Municipal Corporation, Government would extend necessary financial help to the civic body Government fully realised that the only solution for relieving the present congestion in the city was the early execution of the plan as outlined by the experts. Even otherwise Government were shouldering part of the expenses of the Borough Municipalities in respect of education, sanitation etc.

The Borough Municipalities would have to be abolished and their areas would directly come under the Corporation under the proposed Greater Bombay Plan. These areas would become Municipal wards from where representatives would be elected to the Corporation, he observed.

Mr. Vartak said that the Corporation was drafting necessary legislation for the purpose of the scheme and he promised that Government would expedite these enactments after detailed consideration and discussion.

The full financial implications involved would also be gone into by the representatives of the Government and of the Corporation after which the extent of Government's help would be determined, he remarked.

NOT FIRE BUT FLAMING MUSIC!

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A large crowd that flocked to witness a "fire" in a city cinema this afternoon turned philosophic and remained to enjoy good Hindustani music!

Two fire engines rushed to the Excelsior Cinema at 2-30 p.m. after a short circuit had been reported. They drew hundreds of school students who filled the theatre for half an hour looking for the flames, even though the fire brigade had left.

Meanwhile many of them swelled the queue before the box office, purchased tickets and went in for a good spell of flaming music of Smt. Subhalakshmi in "Meera".

APPASAHEB PANT FOR NAIROBI

POONA, July 26 (A.P.I.): Mr. Appasaheb Pant, Indian Commissioner-designate to British East Africa will sail from Bombay on July 31 for Nairobi to take charge of his office. He was felicitated on his appointment at a function held at the 'Lokashakti' office today when speeches wishing him success were made by Mr. H. M. Joshi, Editor of Lakashakti" Mr. B. M. Gupte member of the Indian Constituent Assembly and Mr T. R. Deogirikar.

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF ORIENTALISTS

PARIS, July (Reuter): Delegates from thirteen countries and the Vatican are taking part in the Twenty-first International Congress of Orientalists in Paris

They will discuss an Orientalist Union and a system of bibliography of the Orient before they separate on July 31.

India, Britain, the United States, Belgium, Egypt, Finland, France, Hungary, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Persia, and Turkey are represented.

India's delegation includes Mr R. N. Dandekar of the Bhandakar Oriental Research Institute, Mr P. V. Kane, Vice-Chancellor Bombay University, Mr. S. K. Chatterjee of the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal, Professor H. A. Gibb of the Bihar Research Society and Miss Indira Sarkar of the Iran Society of Calcutta.

WAVELL ON INDIA'S NEEDS

LONDON, July 26 (Reuter): Field Marshal Lord Wavell told Indian students here today that India's food problem could and should be solved and that India's urgent need today was the education of her technicians, administrators and experts.

Lord Wavell was guest of honour at the anniversary meeting of the Indian Students Union and Hostel (Y. M. C. A.) in London.

Sir A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar, Vice—Chancellor of Madras University, reminded the students that India wanted their services very badly so that the great educational upheaval now taking place there could be kept up. It was hoped that students from all over south East Asia would be attracted to the great institutions now being organised in India.

A distinguished and representative gathering attended these anniversary celebrations. Many members of the London Diplomatic Corps were present.

"Indian Socialist Republic League"

LONDON, July 26 (Reuter): The Council of Swaraj House today agreed unanimously that the organisation should now be called "the Indian Socialist Republic League" with a view to propagating the policy or establishing a United Socialist Republic of India.

The Secretary Mr. K. L. Jaju proposing the new name, said that Swaraj House, which was established in 1942 to support the policy and creed of the Indian National Congress, should now change its constitution in view of India's independent status and latest developments in the country. Mr. Jaju declared that Swaraj House should change the policy of complete allegiance to the Indian National Congress because the majority of its members support the policy of the Socialist and other left parties within and without the Congress.

Commons' Debate Cancelled

LONDON, July 26 (Reuter): Wednesday's House of Commons debate on Foreign Affairs has been cancelled.

It is understood that the Cabinet today felt that no good purpose would be served at this stage in having such a debate.

Speeches could easily be made that would have a bad effect on the delicate international situation

Truman To Wipe Out Racial Discrimination

WASHINGTON, July 26. (UPA): President Truman today ordered sweeping changes in the Federal Government to wipe out racial discrimination

He ordered that equality of treatment in the armed services and establishment of a fair employment programme for Government workers.

By an executive order Truman set up a committee on equality of treatment and opportunity in the armed services. He also set forth regulations governing fair employment practices within the Federal Government.

In his proclamation, a proclamation for the armed services, Truman declared this policy

"There shall be equality of treatment and opportunity for all persons in the armed services without regard to race, colour or religion or national origin." The President directed that the policy be put into effect "as rapidly as possible

At the same time he ordered that all Federal jobs be filled with "no discrimination because of race, colour or religion or national origin."

He ordered appointment of a fair employment officer in each Government department to enforce the programme. Appeals can be made to the Fair Employment Board which he created in the Civil Service Commission.

Goa As Base For Hyderabad Gun-Running Activities

BOMBAY, July 27 (UPI): "Regular flights of planes carrying arms and ammunition have taken place from Karachi to Goa and from Goa to Hyderabad", the Joint Secretaries of the National Congress of Goa, in Bombay, today asserted, in the course of a statement to the Press.

They said: "The Portuguese authorities in Goa are reinforcing their military personnel at Marmagoa with a view to giving fullest facilities to agents from Pakistan in sending aid to Hyderabad in the event of the Indian Union taking military action against Hyderabad. Indications are that very soon the Negro troops in Goa may join hands with the Razakars in Hyderabad and forming a corridor from Goa to Hyderabad".

It is learnt that the National Congress, Goa, has called a mass meeting of Goans in Bombay on August 2, to demand the withdrawal of the Portuguese from Goa and holding of a plebiscite to enable Goans to determine their future.

Goa Politicals Arrested In Sawantwadi

BANDA, (Ratnagiri): July 27, (A.P.I): Eleven Goan political workers headed by Launde have been arrested and taken to Sawantwadi prison. The Portuguese Government has asked for their extradition alleging that they were implicated in murders and assaults.

It is learnt that one Ibrahim of Indian Customs Post at Matna who is said to be an agent of Portuguese and Razakars allowed Captain Manoda Silva of Portuguese Police to enter into Indian territory and open fire on an Ashram near Dodamarg, in Sawantwadi were the Goan political workers were staying and wanted to arrest them and take to Goa.

However, Indian Police Sub-Inspector Kulkarni who arrived promptly on the scene refused to hand them over to Portuguese authorities. On search a small press where underground resistence journal "JWALA" was printed was found and also documents relating to 'Azad Gomantak'

The Portuguese Police wanted to take possession of these but Kulkarni did not allow it as these were not criminal weapons. Then the Portuguese Police alleging that these political workers were criminal requested for the detention in Indian prison for at least two months during which period a 'prima facie' case has been promised to be submitted for the extradition.

GIVE UNSTINTED SUPPORT TO NEHRU

Lathe's Advice To Indians

KOLHAPUR, July 26 (API): It is the immediate duty of every loyal citizen of India to give full and unstinted support to the Nehru Government said Mr. A. B. Lathe Constitutional Adviser to Maharaja of Kolhapur inaugurating the work on the "Nehru Special" magazine issued by the local daily "Satyavadi" to mark completion of one year of Indian independence on August 15

Mr. Lathe said that the present critics of the central Government would do well if they close up their ranks and lent the hand of support in making India a strong nation

Instead if they persisted in their negative criticism they would be doing a disservice to their own brethren

Referring to Hyderabad he said people should have faith in the Government of India and refrain from adverse criticism. Mr. Lathe also called upon the majority community in Hyderabad to further organise their front in resisting the autocracy there so that the task of the Indian Government could be made easy.

England's Sensational Defeat At Leeds

AUSTRALIA WIN FOURTH TEST BY 7 WKTS.

Morris And Bradman Set Up New Cricket Records

EXCITING SCENES AT FINISH

SCORES AT A GLANCE

ENGLAND (1st Innings)	496
AUSTRALIA (1st Innings)	458
ENGLAND (2nd Innings) for 8 wkts. (declared)	365
AUSTRALIA (2nd Innings) for 3 wkts.	404

LEEDS, July 27, (Reuter): Australia won the fourth Test Match against England by seven wickets here today, getting 404 runs needed for victory after Yardley had declared England's second innings closed five minutes after resumption. England's score then being 365 for eight wickets—403 runs ahead of Australia.

GRAND FINISH

It was a grand finish to one of the most thrilling Test Matches in recent times. For five days record crowds saw the game sway first in favour of England, then a grand rally by later Australian batsmen in the first innings, fast scoring by Englishmen in their second innings, Yardley's sporting declaration and a splendid Bradman-Morris partnership of 301 runs for the second wicket in three and a half hours which put Australia right on top.

GLORIOUS PARTNERSHIP

Morris' brilliant knock of 182 runs included 33 fours, while Bradman delighted the large crowd with 173 runs to his credit. Bradman has thus scored a century in every Test appearance at Leeds.

Australia have won three of the four test matches in the present series, one being drawn.

DETAILS OF PLAY
New Ground Record

LEEDS, July 27. (Reuter): Within five minutes of the gates being opened for the last day of the fourth test between England and Australia here to-day, a new ground record for test matches in England had been established.

The previous best was the 133,740 who attended the third Test at Manchester a fortnight ago. Up to last night 133,325 people had watched the first four days of his Test, and the 416 required for the record were quickly passed through the turnstiles when the gates were opened. An hour before the starting time about 10,000 were in the ground waiting for Yardley's decision as to declaring or continuing the England second innings.

The weather, as yesterday, was ideal.

England Declared At 365

Yardley decided to continue England's innings.

History reveals that no side has ever obtained as many runs in the last innings of an England-Australia Test in this country as Australia needed.

The highest was 335 by Australia at Nottingham, 18 years ago, when England won while the biggest by a winning team was 263 for nine by England in 1902.

By batting for a few minutes Yardley could call for the heavy roller which might have helped the pitch to crumble or at least put the thought into the minds of Australia.

This was believed to be the tactics in the minds of those responsible for a decision, and it was known that Yardley had a talk on tactics with a Test Selectors before play was resumed.

DECLARATION MADE.

Yardley did call for the heavy roller, but after an over each from Lindwall and Miller during which Laker scored a single and two legbyes were obtained the declaration was made, the score board showing 365 for 8, leaving Australia to get 404 runs to win in 345 minutes.

Bradman's reply to Yardley was not to have the pitch rolled again.

AUSTRALIA'S REPLY
Thrilling Batting

There were over 20,000 people present when Hassett and Morris opened Australia, and the boundary had been shortened by a yard owing to the crowd's encroachment yesterday.

There could be no question of Australia forcing the pace at the start their aim, no doubt, being to proceed carefully until finding themselves safe from defeat when they could press on.

Ten runs came from the first five overs by Bedser and Pollard and as 15 minutes had then passed the pace was obviously not yet fast enough to give Australia victory.

FIRST CRISIS POINT.

The first crisis point of the game came when Laker took over from Bedser at 10, for on Laker's ability to turn the ball depended most of England's hopes.

His first over was full of incident, the first ball being a full toss which Hassett on-drove for four.

He took a single from the second and Morris hit the third for four.

The fourth kept low and caused Morris to make a hasty defensive jab. The fifth turned sharply from a good length and beat the bat, while the sixth went through the covers for four by Morris.

Polland had opened with three maidens and the first half four brought exactly 30 runs.

Then Laker found his length and Hassett was pinned to defence. Laker had no slip, while a gap was left open for the Australian favourite pull-drive against off-spin bowling in the hope that a mishit would produce a catch, but neither batsmen was tempted.

Pollard gave way to Bedser after six overs, four of which were maidens, while at the other end Laker continued and once beat Morris with a ball which rose awkwardly and went away.

An appeal by Laker for leg-before was turned down and after one hour's batting Australia had scored only 44.

MISSED CHANCE.

Then Compton had a turn with the ball and spin tactics were operating with the ball beginning to bite occasionally.

Morris hit the new bowler for two fours, the first of which sent up the 50 and then a chance was missed in Compton's second over.

Morris missed with a gigantic hit and the ball went over the stumps while two balls later he jumped down the pitch and again missed, but Evans failed to gather cleanly and Morris was back in his chease by the time Evans had removed a bail.

This disappointment was changed to joy, however, when Compton tried his googly and Hassett caught in two minds played a half-hearted shot forward.

Compton following up from his delivery stretched full length on the ground and held the catch with his left hand.

The first wicket had fallen for 57.

The Don Enters

Bradman had a tremendous, reception as he went to the wicket for probably his last appearance on a Yorkshire wicket.

He was soon off the mark and within a few minutes runs were flowing from his bat.

The turf was taking spin, but England did not seem to possess the bowlers to take full advantage of this.

Hutton went on with leg-breaks, but three successive boundaries by Morris raised his score to 51 in 85 minutes.

Bradman clouted Hutton for two more fours so that five successive deliveries from Hutton had yielded twenty runs.

Yardley persisted with the Hutton-Compton attack as wickets were more valuable than run saving and Compton bowling very well once beat Bradman without hitting the wicket.

COSTLY DROP.

Compton was having no luck for he might well have had Bradman's wicket twice in the next over.

First Bradman edged the ball just wide of Crapp in the slips and four runs were taken and then when thirty. Bradman gave an easy chance to Crapp standing close and at fine leg, perhaps Crapp was unsighted by the wicket-keeper standing just outside the offstump, but he dropped the ball.

Boundaries were now frequent and Hutton, very expensive with thirty runs in four overs, gave way to Laker for the last over before lunch.

So far Morris and Bradman had added 64 in half an hour. They had made slips, but were obviously looking for runs which indicated a grand finish, as Australia, still with four hours to go, needed 283 runs to win.

AFTER LUNCH
Australian Speed On

Compton's accuracy did not continue after lunch, probably because he obtains so little practice at his unusual type of bowling. Morris thoroughly enjoyed himself against a good deal of loose bowling, once hitting Compton for four fours in an over and getting him to the boundary three times in the next. As a result Morris left Bradman behind as he raced to his century, while Bradman remained in the thirties, but the pair had put on the first 100 of their partnership in 48 minutes.

MORRIS' CENTURY.

Australia were now well ahead of the clock. Morris completed his century with his twentieth boundary and Bradman walked down the pitch to shake hands with his partner who has made five centuries in nine Tests against England and this was his sixth hundred of the tour and certainly one of the finest he has played.

Bradman's fifty out of 118 came in only an hour and then he began to score faster than Morris who, in typical Australian fashion, took guard again when he had reached three figures and proceeded to play himself in again.

Cranston was given a turn with the ball and after conceding some boundaries might have had Bradman who failed to get on top of the ball when trying a shot through the covers and lifted it into the air.

Yardley ran full tilt and dived full length, but the ball bounced out of his hands as he fell to the ground. Bradman was then 59. Grinning all over his face, Bradman waved to his colleagues in the dressing room.

BATSMEN ON TOP.

In hitting Cranston to the on for four Bradman seemed to hurt his back and he rested for a while before resuming. He constantly held his back and then rested his head on his arm while Pollard massaged him. Bradman looked to be in some pain when play was delayed while Umpire Chester went over to his colleague to collect the new ball which Bedser used at 212. In running Bradman held his left arm tucked into his side, but he continued to make runs. So completely were the batsmen masters that the first 85 minutes of their partnership produced 150 runs and in an hour after lunch they advanced the total by 90.

Drinks were taken out to the perspiring players when the score stood at 229 for one and Australia then needed 175 runs in 165 minutes, a task that appeared easy.

BRADMAN'S CENTURY

A late cut by Bradman off Bedser took the stand to exactly 200 in two hours ten minutes and then came Bradman's century. He remained at 99 for a few minutes, but a long hop from Laker went for four and he danced down the pitch with joy. A wonderful record to take into retirement—a century in each test he has played at Leeds. It was his 29th century in all Tests, his 19th against England and he has now 121 centuries during his first class career.

The faster bowlers had had a long spell and then Compton and Laker were brought back to check the scoring rate. Chances in the field, however, continued to go begging and Bradman, when 108, jumped down the pitch to drive Laker but missed and should have been stumped. Then Laker dropped Morris off a hard chance at square leg. When the Australian total reached 283, the aggregate runs for the match 1,602 beat the total for any match in England the previous best having been 1,601 in the England-Australia game at Lords 18 years ago.

Hitting two boundries off Compton's last over before tea, Morris reached 150 and at this interval Australia were 288 for one and needed only 116 in the remaining 105 minutes for victory.

AFTER TEA INTERVAL
A New Record

Another record went when Australia reached 336 which beat the previous best fourth innings total in England-Australia Tests in England. Fours had flowed from the bats of Morris and Bradman after tea, the 300 having gone up and the stand reaching 250 without incident as the bowling continued to be mastered.

PARTNERSHIP BROKEN

When Morris reached 156 he had beaten his previous best Test score and soon afterwards Yardley took a turn with the ball for the first time in the innings. Morris and Bradman, however, continued to pile on the runs and after being together for three and half hours their stand passed 300.

Morris was then 182 including 33 fours and without adding to that score he lost his wicket. Yardley was the bowler who caused Morris to give a catch to Pollard at midoff.

HARVEY DOES IT

Yardley gave himself a lengthy spell and was more accurate than most of the bowlers, but the batsmen were not worried knowing that the loose balls would come.

Miller joined Bradman when 46 runs were still required and it looked as though this pair would hit off the runs. But when still eight short of the required total, Miller was out legbefore to Cranston and Neil Harvey came in. Bradman hit one four to send 400 on the board and then Harvey ondrove Cranston for four to make the winning hit.

Today's crowd of 25,000 made the full attendance of 158,000 a record for any match in England and the total receipts were 34,000 sterling.

SCORE BOARD

ENGLAND (1st Innings)

Hutton, b Lindwall	81
Washbrook, c Lindwall, b Bill Johnston	143
Bedser, c and b Ian Johnson	79
Edrich, c Morris, b Ian Johnson ..	111
Crapp, b Toshack	5
Compton, c Saggers, b Lindwall ..	23
Cranston, b Loxton	10
Evans, c Hassett, b Loxton	3
Laker, c Saggers, b Loxton	4
Yardley, b Miller	25
Pollard (not out)	0
Extras	12
Total	496

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lindwall	38	10	19	2
Miller	17	2	43	1
Bill Johnston	38	13	86	1
Toshack	35	6	112	1
Loxton	26	4	55	2
Ian Johnson	33	9	89	2
Morris	5	0	20	0

Byes 2; Leg byes 8; Wides 1 (Bill Johnston); No balls 1 (Bill Johnston).

AUSTRALIA (1st Innings)

Hassett, c Crapp, b Pollard	13
Bradman, b Pollard	33
Keith Miller, c Edrich, b Yardley	58
Neil Harvey, b Laker	112
Loxton, b Yardley	93
Ian Johnson, c Cranston, b Laker	10
Lindwall, c Crapp, b Bedser	77
Saggers, st. Evans, b Laker	5
Bill Johnston, c Edrich, b Bedser	13
Toshack (not out)	12
Extras	26
Total	458

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bedser	31.2	4	92	3
Pollard	38	6	104	2
Cranston	14	1	51	0
Edrich	3	0	19	0
Laker	30	8	113	3
Yardley	17	6	38	2
Compton	3	0	15	0

Byes 9; Legbyes 14; No balls 3 (Bedser 2; Pollard 1).

ENGLAND (Second Innings)

Hutton, c Bradman b Ian Johnson	57
Washbrook, c Harvey, b Johnston	65
Edrich, lbw b Lindwall	57
Compton, c Miller, b Johnston ..	66
Crapp, b Lindwall	18
Yardley, c Harvey, b Johnston ..	7
Cranston, c Saggers, b Johnston	0
Evans, (not out)	47
Bedser, c Hassett, b Miller	17
Laker, (not out)	15
Extras	19
Total (for 8 wickets declared)	365

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lindwall	26	6	84	2
Miller	21	5	53	1
Johnston	29	5	95	4
Loxton	10	2	29	0
Ian Johnson	21	2	85	1

EXTRAS: Byes 4; LEGBYES 12; NO-BALLS 3 by Johnson.

AUSTRALIA (Second Innings)

Morris c Pollard b Yardley	182
Hassett c and b Compton	17
Bradman (not out)	173
Miller lbw Cranston	12
Harvey (not out)	4
Extras	16
Total for 3 wickets.	404

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bedser	21	2	56	0
Pollard	22	6	55	0
Laker	32	11	93	0
Compton	15	3	82	1
Hutton	4	1	30	0
Yardley	13	1	44	1
Cranston	1.1	0	28	1

EXTRAS: BYES 6; LEGBYES 0; NO-BALL 1 by Bedser.

KOREA ENCOUNTERS HITCH
Entry Into International Football Federation

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter) : When the 26th Congress of the International Football Federation (F.I.F.A.) opened here today, it unanimously "reserved its position" on the admission of the Korean Football Association into the Federation, following a protest by Yugoslavia, and the point was left to be investigated by the Executive Committee.

The Korean Association had previously been admitted by the Federation's Emergency Committee, subject to the ratification of the full Congress.

The Yugoslav delegate, Dr. M. Andrejevic, stated that he wanted further details about the Korean Association.

"We want to know what this country, Korea is, and what its national boundaries are," he declared "Are they representatives of the whole Korean country?"

He said he was under the impression that the Korean representatives came from the American zone of the country, and "were in no way representative of the whole country".

CASE OF SUDAN

In the case of the Sudan a similar point was raised, and this was also left to be investigated by the Executive Committee.

Among new Associations unanimously admitted were those of All-India, All-Pakistan, Afghanistan and Burma.

TRIAL MATCH AT COOPERAGE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A President's XI got the better of a junior side in a match at the Cooperage this evening calculated to help the selectors to send a team to Calcutta to participate in the I.F.A. Sheild. The winners scored on four occasions, twice through Thomas and once each through Woodcock and Middlecoat. The losers replied with only goal scored when they were down by three goals, C. Braganza being the scorer.

The side that won the match, as well as their opponents had their side changes and chopped about after the breather and no fixed eleven took part throughout the game.

Middlecoat was seen playing in the most unaccustomed role of inside-right for the winners, and Manuel also played during the first half as the pivot of the President's XI.

For the junior side the scorer of the side C. Braganza alone appeared to be full of promise and the only goal that he scored was a shrewd placing of the ball off a pass from the right which completely beat custodian Thingalaya.

Wednesday evening at 5-35 p.m. Rashid's XI vs. Bombay Gymkhana.

EUROPEAN ZONE DAVIS CUP SINGLES FINAL

PRAGUE, July 27 (Reuter) : Czechoslavakia won the first singles match in the European Zone final of the Davis Cup here today against Sweden when Vladimir Cernik beat Torsten Johansson by 6-4, 4-6, 6-3, 6-3.

The other singles match today is between Jaroslav Drobny (Czechoslovakia) and Lennart Bergelin (Sweden).

Czechoslovakia became two up when Drobny beat Bergelin by 6-0, 8-3, 7-5 in the second match.

NO REFEREE FOR SOCCER MATCHES!

DACCA, July 27, (A.P.I.): Referees were not available yesterday to supervise matches in the Senior Division of the Dacca Football League.

Following the incident on July 20 when the referee in the Mohamedan Sporting versus E. B. Railway match was assaulted, all League matches were postponed until further notice. The matches were due to be resumed today but referees refused to supervise games on the ground that no action had been taken against a team whose supporters, they said, had attacked referees on more than on occasion. In view of this the resumption of Senior Division League matches is likely to be further delayed.

TWO PLAYERS SUSPENDED

The Dacca Sporting Association and its Football Committee at a joint meeting decided to suspend Shahjahan, the Captain of the Mohamedan Sporting team and Altaf Hussain player of the same team, for the rest of the football session in connection with the assault on the referee on July 20. The meeting decided not to take any action against the Dacca Wanderers whose Secretary, it is understood, wrote to the Association assuring good behaviour on the part of their players and supporters.

SHE DELIVERS A CRICKETER

BRIDLINGTON, YORKSHIRE, July 27, (Reuter): Just before midnight last night Mrs. Norman Yardley, wife of England's Test Captain, gave birth to a son at a maternity hospital here.

The baby weighed eight pounds eight ounces.

Mother and son were reported to be well.

Mrs. Yardley came here for the birth of the child so that if a boy he would be qualified by birth to play cricket for Yorkshire.

The Yardleys already have a daughter.

WORLD LIGHT HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP

LONDON, July 26 (UPA): In the year's most stunning boxing upset Freddie Mills, lightly regarded English Challenger wrested the word light heavyweight championship from Gus Lesnevich of New Jersey in a 15-round decision at the White City stadium.

CANBERRA, July 27 (UPI). British scientists will be coming to Australia to join in experiments with super high explosives early next year. It is planned to detonate thousands of tons of War-time bomb stocks, new dumped in New Guinea, in one huge explosion. Observers will be posted for 50 miles around with specially designed equipment to record reactions of earth, sea and sky.

"FAKED ANTIQUE" OR SYMBOL OF UNITY OF MANKIND?

LONDON, July 27, (Reuter): Mr. Philip Noel Baker, Minister of Commonwealth Relations, criticising 'some clever high brows' calling the Olympic Games 'a faked antique' said today that the games were 'still a symbol of the unity of Mankind.

Speaking at the opening session of the International Olympic Committee he said: "Hundreds of millions in every country — from China to Peru —who know little about their Governments and their politics are watching Wembley now"

The Olympic Games, he said, 'still teach us the maxim that the dangers and ordeals of our complex world must be fought and overcome"

"They still show us that effort and victory are their own reward They can still call truce among athletes to ideological war—go to the Olympic Camps and see

OLYMPIC FLAME ENTERS BELGIUM

BRUSSELS, July 27 (Reuter) : The Olympic flame crossed from the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg into Belgium at the tiny frontier town of Bras Les Wardin today.

Ninety-three Belgian runners will relay the torch in its 170-mile course across the country to Hertain, on the Belgo-French frontier, where French athletes will accept the torch to bear it on its last Continental lap to Calais.

Greek Present To Princess Elizabeth

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter) : Commander F. W. Collins, organiser of the Olympic Torch relay, said here today that whatever happened the Olympic Flame would go through to Wembley Stadium on Thursday afternoon.

"Just in case anything goes wrong", he added, "such as a runner having an accident and his Flame being put out, we have in the official car two lanterns lighted at the Stadium at Olympia"

The ancient lamp used for kindling the Torch on July 17 is now in London and will be presented to Princess Elizabeth, Duchess of Edinburgh, from the people of Olympia, Greece.

The cup shaped lamp, which was used at the old Greek Olympiads, was taken from the Greek Archaeological Museum. It was kindled from the sun's rays in the Temple of Zeus.

Italian "Red" Turned Back From Dover

ROME, July 27 (U.P.A.) : The Communist Party newspaper, "Unita", said today that its representative to the Olympic Games, Tommaso Gighio, was stopped at Dover by British officials and refused permission to enter the country.

The report was headlined: "Scandalous Violation of the Freedom of Information." It charged that Giglio was submitted to a "political interrogation and grotesque inquisition," and that the reason, allegedly given for the British action, was because he is a Communist sympathiser.

Giglio's report to "Unita" from Paris said that he had been held overnight at Dover under police guard and that it was repeatedly questioned as to why he was a Communist and, that the names and addresses of his friends in London had been taken down by the police.

Giglio's report claimed that British authorities had told him that his papers were in perfect order, but, "you cannot come in anyway."

Giglio said that he was sent back to Calais on the British ship, "Invicta", and that British authorities did not return his passport until he disembarked there.

OLYMPIC BASKETBALL

LONDON July 27 (Reuter). The 23 nations participating in the Olympic Basketball event have been divided into four groups each group headed by teams which held one of the first places in the 1936 games in Berlin.

The Philippines Korea and China have been drawn in Group 'B' while Iran is in Group 'D'.

Each team will play every other team in its own group and the two best teams from each group will qualify for the quarterfinals.

The classification for the eliminating rounds will be made on match points—two points for a match won, one point for a match lost and ZERO points for a match forfeited.

Afghanistan And Eire Knocked Out

LONDON July 26. (Reuter) Two preliminary rounds of the Olympic soccer tournament were decided this evening At Portsmouth there was no doubting the Netherlands superiority over Eire and their 3-1 win earned them the right to meet Great Britain in the first round proper at Arsenal Stadium, London on Saturday.

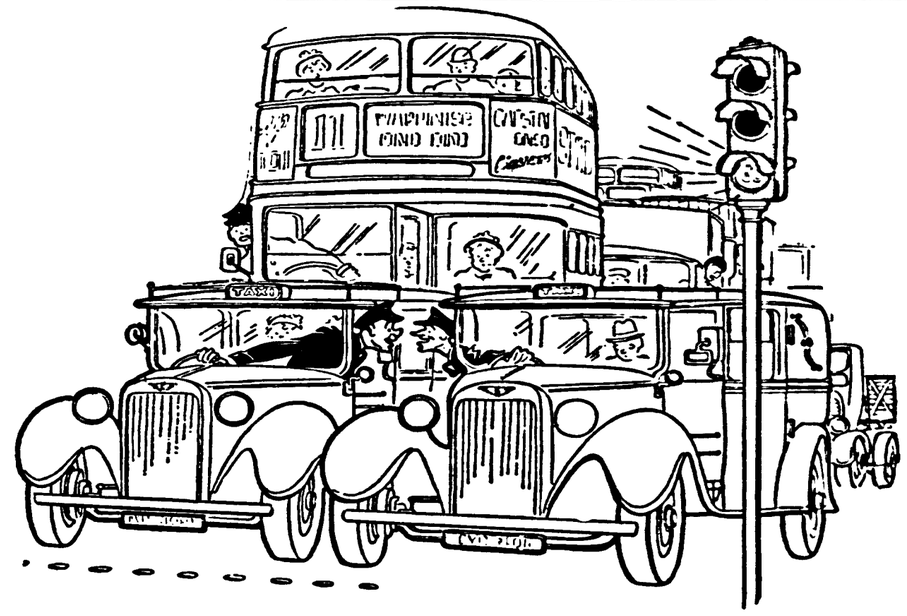
REG HARRIS WILL COMPETE

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter) Rumours that Reg Harris, Great Britain's world champion sprint cyclist, would not defend his title at the next world championships at Amsterdam starting August 21 were emphatically denied today by the National Cyclists' Union in making the British nominations for the championships.

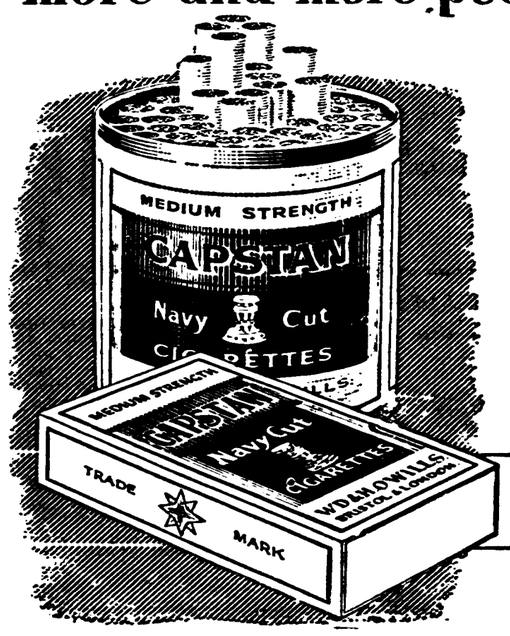
Harris has signed his world championship entry form and the last paragraph read 'I formally declare I will compete'.

TROUBLE IN ORISSA STATE
Two Killed In Police Firing

CUTTACK, July 27 (A.P.I.) : A report received here from Bamra stated that following a clash with trouble of Adibasis in Bamra, armed police had arrived there who had to open fire to disperse a recalcitrant crowd attempting to attack a local officer's residence. Two persons are stated to have been killed in the firing.



more and more people are saying..



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See Screen's Best Actress SURAIYA

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Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.

JEET PICTURE

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PRITHVIRAJ says

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Friday 30th 12 noon. * Sat. 31st 11 a.m.

Sunday 1st 9-30 a.m. * Plans open Book now

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Shortly coming GHADDAAR

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 7, 2004.
Muslim: Ramzan 20, 1367.
Parsi: Behman 29, 1317.
Sunrise 6-14 a.m. Sunset 19-16 p.m.
Hightide 04-06, 16-02 Lowtide 09-28, 22-34.
Municipal Standing Committee 3 p.m. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS COMMITTEE

An important meeting of the Action Committee will be held on Friday, July 30, at 5 p.m. at Mr. R. K. Karanjia's flat, Ground Floor, "Earl's Court", Marine Drive.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Jehangir Wadia Bldg. Flora Fountain: Public study class on "The Recognition of Law" at 6-15 p.m. today.

BOMBAY AUTOMOBILE EMPLOYEES' UNION: Important discusion on a law point arising out of the Ford Motors Staff dispute will be held in the form of a debate by all the 18 members of the legal panel at the Union office in the Congress House, Compound, today at 7 p.m. under the presidentship of Shri S. L. Silam.

BHARATIYA STREE SEVA SANGH Programme of Sangit and Nritya under the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Chowpatty Road, Bombay—7, at 5 p.m. today.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today at 6-15 p.m. at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines. Dasturji Framroze Bode on "Zoroastrian Religion and the Progress of the world and humanity".

MAHILA SEVA MANDAL: First Aid class will be conducted in Marathi for women at Damodar Hall, Parel, at 3 p.m. from today by Dr. D. G. Tendulkar, of the Maratha Ambulance Centre, Dadar.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: To Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class at the Leagfue's head office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, when Mrs. Tarabai Modak will deliver a lecture on "Training of Social Workers under the Kasturba Trust Scheme" at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: Condolence meeting in memory of Pudumal Pithan, tonight at 8-30 p.m. at Sangham premises (Wednesday) Telang Road, Matunga.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: The Corporation members of 'D' Ward and other Congress workers, are going out every Saturday at 8 a.m. in different localities of the 'D' Ward. All effective Congress members are urged accompany the party every Saturday and inquire of the grievances of the citizens in Girgaum Ward. The place of meeting every Saturday will be intimated by an announcement in the local papers and in the G.D.C.C. office.

NEW UDYOGH MANDIR

Under the auspices of the Bhatia Stree Mandal the Rao Bahadur Vasanji Khimji Udyogh Mandir and handcraft exhibition opening ceremony will be performed by Smt. Indumati Chimanlal, M.L.A., followed by the unveiling ceremony of portraits of R. B. Vasanji Khimji and Smt. Babiben Moolji Dayal by Syt. Jamnadas Dwarkadas on 31st July, 4-30 p.m. at Mahadev Bagh, C.P. Tank.

The exhibition will be open to the public till 6th September from 2-30 to 7 p.m.

An interesting daily programme has been drawn up for the week in Social, Educational, and Health talks and discussions.

FREE HINDUSTANI CLASSES

Free Hindustani Classes will be opened on 1st August 1948 from 8-30 a.m. to 11 a.m. on all Sundays in the B.P.C.C. Hall, Congress House and Naigaon Municipal Marathi School. Those desirous of taking advantage of these classes are requested to enroll their names at the B.P.C.C. office.

RULES FOR IN-PATIENTS

The Government has framed a set of rules for the regulation of admission of in-patients to the Government Hospitals in Bombay City. The rules will be hung up in the Out-patient Department and the Casualty Rooms of the hospitals.

GOLDEN TOBACCO COMPANY

The Price of 'Ela' cigarette is annas 2½ per packet of 10 and not annas 4 as erroneously published in our issue of 3-5-48.

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges and notables. Annual life reading monthly details Rs. 5. 3 questions Rs. 2 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kaliyur M SRINIVASACHARIAR THAPONIDHI Thyagaraya nagar, Madras-17.

TILAK JAYANTI

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee write:

The first anniversary in Free India of Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak, which falls on the 1st August 1948, will be observed by the B.P.C.C. as under:

7-30 a.m. Starting of the procession from Congress House to Chaupatty, the route being: Vithalbhai Patel Road, Lamington Road, Queen's Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

8-00 a.m. Flag Salutation at Chaupatty.

8-15 a.m. Garlanding the statue of Lokamanya Tilak.

6-00 p.m. Public meeting at Chaupatty, weather permitting; otherwise at People's Hall, Congress House.

Institutions desirous of garlanding the statue may come to Congress House before 7-30 a.m. and participate in the procession or come to Chaupatty with the garlands before 8 a.m.

BAPUJI SHRADDHA DAY

The sixth monthly Shraddha Day of Mahatma Gandhi falls on Friday, 30th July 1948 and the B.P.C.C. has chalked out the following programme in connection with the observance of the same:

8-00 a.m. Mass Sacrificial Spinning at the Congress House.

9-00 a.m. Public Lecture by Shri Gopalrao Kulkarni.

GUJARAT UNIVERSITY COMMITTEE'S SITTINGS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Gujarat University Committee which is eliciting the opinions of prominent educationists on the nature of the set-up of the University, recorded further evidence at the Council Hall today. The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Indian Parliament and president of the Committee, presided.

Among those who expressed their opinions, today were Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Dr. Chimanlal Mehta, Prof. C. N. Vakil, Mr. M. T. Vyas, Mrs. Tarabai Modak and Mr. P. G. Shah.

It is understood that some of the members were of the opinion that the proposed University should be a teaching and affiliating university and that the medium of instruction should be in Gujarati.

Among other members of the Committee are Dr. D. B Yodh, Principal N. M. Shah, Mr. Kalelkar, Dr. N. L. Ahmed, Principal J. A. Taraporewalla, Dr. M. D. Patil, Miss Indumati Sheth, Mr. Maganbhai Desai and Mr. K. G. Naik.

How Tenancy Act Works In Thana

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, July 26.

The Collector of Thana Mr. Bowman, in the course of a statement in connection with the working of the Bombay Tenancy Act in the district of Thana during the month of May 1948, says:

The work if recording tenancies in respect of unserveyed, Inam and lease-hold villages is in progress. The tenancy records prepared by the village officers are being checked by the Tenancy Aval Karkun and the Mamlatdar in order to bring the record uptodate.

The Tenancy Avalkarkuns are visiting interior villages in Thana Dist. and doing propaganda work. They explain to the poor illiterate tenants their rights under the Tenancy Act.

Some Adiwasis of Koliwali in Dahanu Taluka complained against the lessee for not allowing them to burn rab on the land. Necessary enquiries were made and they were allowed to burn the rab the lessee was directed not to threaten them.

TRAINING CLASS FOR ADIWASIS

A training class of 25 Adiwasi youths from Dahanu and Umbergaon Talukas was organised at Kasa in Dahanu Taluka from 1st May 1948 to 9th May 1948. The Adiwasi youths were given physical, intellectual and cultural education in this class. The class was the first of its kind in the Adiwasi Area and proved to be a great success. Mr. D. N. Wandrekar, M.L.A., Parliamentary Secretary inaugurated the class and Mr. D. K. Kunte, M.L.A., Parliamentary Secretary performed the closing ceremony by distributing certificates to the trainees.

Radio

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY, July 28.

BOMBAY 1

244 metres 1,231 kc/s).

TRANMISSION I

7-30 o.m. Sheikh Ahmed Qawwal and Party 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Sheikh Ahmed Qawwal and Party 8-45 Kabir Krut Bhajan 9-0 Amritlal Navsariwala 12-0 p.m. Rang Tarang 12-30 "Do-Bhai" 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Debroy Sommers Band 2-15 Viennese Waltz Orchestra 4-20 School Broadcasts 5-0 Govindrao Barhanpurkar 5-30 U M Maniar 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Avadabai Sangekar 6-45 U M Maniar 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Thumri 7-30 Nae Film 7-45 Vinodini Dixit 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Govindrao Barhanpurkar 8-45 "Bhabhi" 9-0 News (E)) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Irritating Companions 10-0 Abdul Waheed Khan.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-40 a.m. As in Bombay 1

7-40 Gurjar Ranghbhoomi 5-45 p.m. Bhajan 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s).

7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 T. N Ranade 90 Avadabai Sangekar 10-0 An Orchestral Light Concert.

ABBAS ON 'PEHLI PARIKSHA'

Today the All-India Radio, Bombay, in its School Broadcasts, will broadcast a feature in Hindustani by K. A. Abbas entitled "Pehli Pariksha" in the series "What Gandhiji lived and died for". Three more features in this series can be heard on succeeding Wednesdays at **4-45 p.m. on 244 and 41.44 meters.**

WEATHER

Strong Monsoon In Orissa And C. P.

POONA, July 27 (API.) Following is the daily weather summary for July, 27, 1948:—

Observations from Eastern Pakistan are very meagre. A shallow depression has which has formed in the north of Bay of Bengal centred this morning about 100 miles south-south-east of Calcutta. It is likely to move west or north-westwards and may intensify. The monsoon has strengthened in Orissa, the East Central Provinces and the United Provinces. Rainfall has been widespread in Assam, Orissa, the United Provinces, east Central India, the east Central Provinces and Malabar and local in West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the East Punjab, Berar, the west Central Provinces, the Konkan, north Hyderabad and along the north Madras coast. A few falls of rain have occurred in Eastern Pakistan, west Central India, south Hyderabad and south-east Madras.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 28TH EVENING:—Rainfall will be widespread in Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the east and the north-west Punjab, the central parts of the country and along the west coast of the Peninsula. There will also be local rain in Eastern Pakistan, Bihar, the United Provinces, Jammu Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Provinces, east Rajputana, the Deccan and along the north Madras coast and a few showers in Assam, sub-Himalayan Bengal, the south-west Punjab, the extreme north-east Baluchistan, west Rajputana, Gujarat, Mysore and south-east Madras.

HEAVY RAINFLAL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely along the south-west Bengal coast, in Orissa, the east and north Central Provinces, east Central India, the east and the north-west Punjab and possibly also in the southern districts of the N.W.F.P., during the next 48 hours.

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, July 27.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June, 1948, and departure from normal recorded at eight hours (I. S. T.) on 27th July, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 92 79 T 3.1 minus 11.5 Allahabad 82 77 0.7 22.8 plus 6.8 Bangalore 81 67 0 10.8 plus 4.6 Baroda 91 minus 1.8 BOMBAY 85 70 0.1 34.6 79 9 6.4 Nil Belgaum 77 68 0.3 21.2 minus 6.9 Calcutta 95 80 1.0 21.8 minus 1.1 Colombo 86 76 0 12.6 minus 0.3 Cuttack 91 77 0.1 17.3 minus 4.0 Darjeeling 69 59 0 40.9 minus 11.8 Dehra Dun 78 73 0.6 23.6 minus 7.1 Delhi 83 75 0.4 7.2 minus 2.1 Hyderabad (Dn) 85 74 T 9.2 minus 0.5 Lahore 92 79 0 11.8 plus 5.4 Lucknow 87 77 0.3 14.5 minus 0.6 Madras 92 80 0 3.3 minus 1.2 Mahableshwar 65 62 1.2 90.4 minus 41.1 Mussoorie 67 59 0.6 21.5 minus 10.0 Nagpur 87 73 0.7 12.2 minus 9.6 Ootacamund 67 53 0 11.6 minus 1.3 Panchmarhi 74 68 6.5 35.2 plus 3.3 Patna 81 79 0.8 11.6 minus 5.5 Peshawar 101 75 0.2 —.4 minus 1.1 Poona 82 73 T 10.7 plus 0.5 Quetta 94 63 0 0.1 minus 0.4 Rajkot 95 80 0 1.8 minus 11.3 Rawalpindi 96 73 2.6 8.8 minus 0.4 Shillong 78 65 2.0 43.7 plus 13.2 Simla 66 59 0.2 15.3 minus 4.4 Surat 89 80 T 5.4 minus 18.8.

WEATHER BULLETIN FOR FARMERS: FORECAST VALID TILL THE MORNING OF 29TH: The monsoon will strengthen in the Konkanpatti where widespread moderate to heavy rain is expected. Local showers will recur in Mawal, Desh, Khandesh, the Bombay Karnatak and Hyderabad and a few light showers in Gujarat and Saurashtra.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally very heavy falls are likely in the Konkanpatti during the next 48 hours.

OUTLOOK FOR NEXT TWO DAYS: Increase or rainfall.

GRIEVANCES OF MAHARASHTRIAN REFUGEES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. B. D. Wagh, President of the Sind Maharashtrian Refugees Association, in a letter to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay has drawn the Government's attention to the long-standing grievances of the refugees at the Kalyan camp. He particularly refers to the inadequate supply of water and milk and the lack of adequate medical facilities in the camp. Further he points out that there is no school for Maharashtrians in the camp and the large number of Maharashtrian boys are deprived of their education because of the great transport difficulties to reach Kalyan town. Mr. Wagh complains that many sheds are leaking and are unsuitable for human habitation.

He urges Governments to look into these grievances forthwith as otherwise serious epidemic would break out at any time.

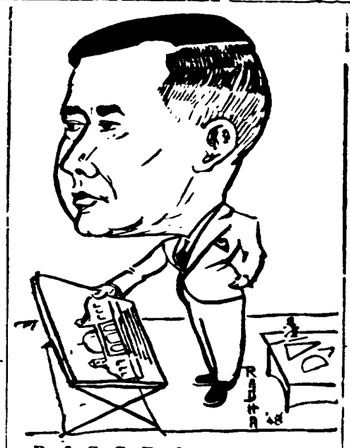
Alleged Black-Marketing In Kerosene

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, July 24.

Mr. B. Y. Salvi, Police Sub-Inspector, Shahpur received information that one big merchant of Shahapur—Govindji Narayanji Thakkar was doing black market in kerosene oil. He sent a bogus customer giving him two marked 10 rupee notes. The merchant's son, Madhavji, took Rs. 11-8 per a tin of kerosene oil when the bogus customer was just getting down the steps the Sub-Inspector of Police attached the tin and searched the house of the merchant. He found the marked notes in the cash box and arrested Madhavji and the clerk who were later released on bail. The District Collector of Thana had passed orders some time ago that kerosene oil tins should be sold at Rs. 6-3-6 each in Shahapur.

SYDNEY, July 27, (Reuter): Sir David Rivett, Chairman of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, today, put forward new plans to ensure secrecy on defence projects, security arrangements of which reported **to be subject of American criticism.**



Prof. S. S. Reuben, the newly elected president of the Indian Institute of Architects. He has been appointed as professor in charge of the Government School of Architecture.

Unregistered G. D. A.'s Case

Memorandum To Commerce Minister

The inagural meeting of the Accountants' Association of India consisting mainly of unregistered G.D.A.s was held at South Indian Education Society School Hall, Matunga, Bombay on Sunday last. The Memorandum to the Hon'ble Commerce Minister was approved by the members present. The meeting protested against the omission of the case of the unregistered G.D.A.s in the new Bill to be introduced in the forthcoming session of the Indian Parliament and pleaded for the suitable amendment of the same.

The main object of the Association is to move the Government for admission of the unregistered G.D.A.s of the Indian Union, on an all India basis to the proposed Chartered Accountants' Association of India as Associate Members in view of their past experience. As the unregistered G.D.A.s are scattered in different Provinces an appeal was made to them to communicate to the President of the Accountants' Association of India, 3 Amba Bhuwan, Matunga, (G.I.P.), Bombay to put a united front in the cause of the profession.

Ahmedabad Declared Cholera-Infected

BOMBAY, July 27, (U.P.I.): The Government of Bombay have declared Ahmedabad Municipal area and areas outside the Municipal limits but covered by the jurisdictions of the Ellis Bridge, Kagdapith, Gomtipur, Madhavpura, Navranpura and Sabarmati police stations as cholera infected areas.

NEW TYPE ALL-METAL III CLASS B. G. COACHES

One stride further in the progress of railway travel in India has now been achieved by a new type of post-war third class railway coach, the first of which will soon be on rails ready for service This coach now nearing completion at the Hindustan Aircraft Ltd., Bangalore, is the first of an initial order of one hundred for the Railway Board. The structural design closely follows aircraft principles combining durability with maximum strength and minimum weight, at the same time affording a greater measure of safety. A large number of amenities have been provided for the passengers such as fans, water-alcoves mirrors etc. Better seating and sleeping accommodation as well as lavatory facilities form a special feature of this type of coach.

The Hindustan Aircraft Ltd., has taken up manufacture of these coaches on a mass-production basis and it is expected that considerable improvement in third class accommodation on the Railway will be effected in the future as larger numbers of these coaches are delivered to the Railways.

BRISTOL FREIGHTER'S TOUR CONCLUDES

The seven weeks tour of the "New Type" 170 Bristol freighter aircraft in India, Pakistan and Ceylon, concluded on Sunday last when it took off for England.

During its stay here, the aircraft travelled 22,000 miles visited 14 cities, gave joy-rides to several thousand people and carried many tons of freight.

Perhaps its most interesting venture was the carriage of some 3 tons of fresh fish from Bombay to Delhi on July 14th. This flight was undertaken on behalf of the Government of India, to whom the aircraft was loaned free of charge Taking off from Santa Cruz at 5 a.m. (pitch darkness and despite) a torrential storm, the freighter reached New Delhi by 9-30 a.m. on the same morning. Most of the fish was still frozen as solid as when it was put into the freighter's hold.

On another occasion two flights between Calcutta and Kumbigram (Assam) resulted in 6,000 people being clothed.

The Bristol freighter is a twin engined monoplane which features nose doors that can admit a 3 ton truck. It cruises at 162 m.p.h. and can carry 5 tons about 600 miles. Its maximum range is 1,430 miles over which it can haul 3-1|2 tons.—I.P.F.

SECRET R. S. S. ACTIVITIES IN AHMEDABAD?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 26.

Secret R.S.S. activities are again going on in several wards of Ahmedabad. is is reported that secret meetings of released R. S. S. workers have been held in several wards.

ADVOCATE'S APPEAL ADMITTED

(Befor the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bavdekar and Mr. Justice Dixit)

Harihar Acharekar—Appellant (Accused)

vs

1. Rex
2. Oscar H. Brown—Opponents.

The appellant, an advocate practicing in the Small Cause Court and the Police Courts, had been convicted and sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, 21st Court, Bombay for the offences of intentionally giving false evidence and of attempting to cheat and sentenced to 9 months R. I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 on 5th March last.

The appellant had submitted an application for not compensation under section 45 of the Bombay City Police Act claiming Rs. 23,780 as compensation in respect of loss by burglary by hooligans in his residential room at Thakurdwar during the naval mutiny in February 1946. The Chief Presidency Magistrate investigated the claim and made his award on 20th June, 1946, and transmitted the papers to the Government. Before the amount of copensation could, however, be paid to the appellant, the police obtained the permission of the Chief Presidency Magistrate to investigate into the matter. As a result of the investigation the appellant was convicted and sentenced as stated above. From this order the appellant appealed on various grounds. Their Lordships admitted the appeal which will now come up for hearing in due course.

Mr. E. B. Ghasvalla with Mr. V. H Kamath appeared for the appellant.

C. P. M. Acquits Man Who Defied Externment

Chandasingh Kisansingh who continued to stay in Bombay despite the Police Commissioner's externment order on him, was acquitted by Mr. O Brown, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, of the charge of defying the order

Mr. Brown held that the Police Commissioner's order was "bad in law" since it did not give grounds or reasons for Chandasingh's having to leave Bombay.

Cloth Bales Stolen

BOMBAY, Tues.

Bales of cotton cloth valued at Rs 40,000 were it is reported stolen from a city godown at Kalbadevi on Monday

The police suspected that some persons with duplicate keys, may have opened the godown and carried away the goods.

The Princess Street police are enquiring into the matter.

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The Bombay Chronicle

It is safer to affront some people than to oblige them; for the better a man deserves the worse they will speak of him; as if the possessing of open hatred to their benefactors were an argument that they lie under no obligation.

—SENECA.

WANTED PERSPECTIVE

The problem before Democracy that faces all countries today, was referred to by Pandit Jawaharlal in his speech at the Madras Workers' rally. Panditji has a difficult administrative problem: He has to save the under-privileged from exploitation, and at the same time he has to safeguard the country's economy from being badly damaged by economic adventurers and experimenters and worse. The Prime Minister was outright in his denunciation of the Communists for their strategy of fomenting trouble and encouraging atrocities. Not by disrupting the country, unsettling the administration and creating chaos can the welfare of the people be advanced. It was rather unfortunate that Pandit Nehru should have irrelevantly indulged in support of the "fundamental principles" of Communism. Nothing can be gained by this kind of vagueness. Communism means, so far as India is concerned, the principles and the policies and the techniques practised by the Communist Party of India. This is the only "Communism" with which we are concerned here; and it is a definite context and a specific universe of discourse in which the word has to be considered. The question is, Are we in agreement with all that the word conjures up? Do we desire that the things for which the Communists do definitely stand, should be allowed? This is the basic issue, and by failing to measure up to it, we only bring about confusion and chaos and inability on the part of the ordinary man in the street to think clearly. It is a failure to help straight presentation of public issues and correct discussion. Since Pandit Jawaharlal asked the workers to think about these things, it is unfortunate that he was not able to give a clear ideological lead.

On the practical side, however, Jawaharlal was somewhat clearer. He saw the incongruity of a party claiming freedom to disrupt the State, particularly a party which has no tradition anywhere of allowing free speech and free criticism. Pandit Nehru disliked intensely all encroachments on civil liberties but he saw the necessity of maintaining Law and Order in an emergency. What amounted to a virtual state of war had to be met by firm action and there was no dereliction in guarding the public interest. In other words, the first charge of Democracy was Government of the people. If the problems of the country were tackled in that spirit, then everything else became secondary and it was folly to press for the secondary before securing the fundamentals. The speech here was an appeal to the workers to rally to the Government and to judge it by a long-range view rather than condemn it hastily for present shortcomings. It was an emphasis on the cultivation of right perspective.

The stress that Jawaharlal placed on the goal and the direction of Government policies, brought before the public the real issue. The Government was not perhaps at present giving all that they expected to the workers but that it was working for their interest could not be questioned. The Prime Minister could not very well say that there was no other party which could do better but he hinted that in the circumstances confronting the country it would be hard to achieve much more and that any progress must proceed from administrative stability. It was ridiculous to indulge in criticism that did not recognise the inherent difficulties of the situation, and completely unhelpful. This was Pandit Nehru's appeal to commonsense but it was marred by the absence of any specific explanation of the position or precision in outlining the problems of the day. After all, when an administrator talks of seeing that more is produced and that increased production brings more money into the pockets of the workers as a whole and not into the hands of a few, he lays himself open to inquiries as to the methods he proposes to employ for the double achievement. It is time that men in office started adopting more accurate terminology in explaining their ideas. If they did so, the people would know exactly where they stand.

Freedom Of The Press

The main resolutions of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference were naturally with regard to the rights and responsibilities of the Press with special reference to the present conditions in the country. These topics were also discussed by the President, Mr. Devadas Gandhi, in his address. He pointed out how this Conference had been repeatedly demanding the repeal of the repressive laws against the Press and the appointment of a committee to examine the existing Press laws and to suggest modifications to bring these in accord with Press laws in progressive democratic countries. A committee was accordingly appointed by Sardar Patel soon after his appointment as Home Minister. And the committee has already submitted its report. Meanwhile the Central and Provincial Governments have armed themselves with Public Security laws which inflict severe restrictions on the Press. Indeed, many journalists sincerely believe that these restrictions go further than those contemplated under the Defence of India Rules, which were a purely war time measure. The conference, therefore, had no difficulty in declaring that "There is no justification for the continuance of public safety legislation of the type in force in several provinces so far as it affects the Press." In some provinces such legislation has, in several respects, ousted the jurisdiction of the courts and thus trampled upon one of the fundamental rights of the people. The worst feature of such legislation is that, even where it does not exclude the jurisdiction of the court it is capable of being grossly misused by the Executive in moments of panic or passion. As a matter of fact, several High Court decisions have shown that the Executive is capable of blundering or misusing its powers.

The conference does not deny the need for the Executive to be armed with special powers for a specific purpose under conditions of national emergency. It expressly recognises that need but demands that the unduly wide powers now vested in the Executive "should be revised, particularly in the direction of providing suitable safeguards including, above all, judicial review of Executive action." While demanding proper safeguards for the rights of the Press, the conference is also mindful of the responsibilities of the Press. It calls upon the Indian press "to function with a due sense of responsibility in helping to stabilise India's new-won freedom". The conference has noted with regret that a small section of the Press indulges in scurrilous writings. It justly observes that the publication of unauthentic alarmist reports and the use of abusive language are "opposed to the best traditions of journalism, harmful to public interests and bring the profession as a whole into disrepute".

All writings and speeches calculated to incite people to violence must, of course, be penalised. But short of that, it is the duty of Government to permit free expression of views. That is a policy which Mahatma Gandhi always sought to impress upon Government, particularly upon the national Government, against which there is so far no organised constructive Opposition. Full and free criticism alone will enable the Fourth Estate to fulfil its mission in securing justice to the people and redress for their wrongs. Such views have often and often been expressed by the present ministers when they were in the Opposition. As regards the special powers they have armed themselves with now, Mr. Devadas Gandhi believes that Government has used as little of them as possible. And since the position has now appreciably improved, he hopes it would be possible for Government to do away with these powers as early as possible. We share that hope, but if Government feels that the situation is still fraught with danger to the State we hope the legislation in question will be duly revised in accordance with the resolution of the Editors' Conference, particularly in the direction of providing suitable judicial safeguards against the Executive abusing its powers. So far as normal times are concerned, the conference has declared that complete freedom of the Press should prevail in the country subject only to those restrictions, clearly defined by law, which the United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information has approved. We trust the Government of India will accept the suggestion of the conference that India should accede to the Convention on Freedom of Information drafted by the Geneva Conference as soon as it emerges in final form, especially as the Government of India delegation to that conference played a large part in formulating it.

New Object In Heavens

CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts, July 27, (UPI)—The discovery of another new object in the heavens by C. A. Wirtanen, of the Lick Observatory, at the University of California was announced today by the Harvard College Observatory.

The object, said to be probably an asteroid, is of the 13th magnitude and was thus far too faint to be seen without a powerful telescope. Located on plates taken Wednesday, it is headed to the northwest at an unusually rapid rate of speed. It was found in the constellation of Pegasus, the Winged Horse.

The Harvard Observatory said this was the second faint object Wirtanen has discovered this month. Last week he was reported finding a 15th magnitude comet in the constellation of Equeleus. The Colt, and headed toward the constellation of Acquila, The Eagle.

20 Undertrials Escape

CALCUTTA, July 27. (A.P.I.): Taking advantage of the heavy downpour last evening 20 ordinary undertrial prisoners are alleged to have escaped by breaking open the wire-netting of a running prison van. The undertrials were being taken, along with 35 others, from Howrah to Dum Dum jail for interim custody.

The matter was detected at the prison gate when an immediate but fruitless search for the escaped prisoners was made.

GERMAN GOODS FOR INDIA

Agreements With Zonal Authorities

NEW DELHI, July 27. (A.P.I.): It is understood that an agreement between the Indian Trade Delegation to Germany led by Mr. L. K. Jha and the U.S.-U.K. Zonal authorities will be signed in Germany to-day. It is understood that some of the goods that India expects to receive under the scheme include capital goods, diesel engines and spare parts, electro-medical equipment, telephone equipment spare parts, optical goods and precision instruments, coaltar dyes, pharmaceuticals etc.

EXPORTS.

India's exports to Germany as a result of the agreement are expected to include mica, Pharmaceutil herbs, shellac, kapok, Manganese ore with 48 per cent manganese content, coir yarn, jute rides and skins, groundnut and linseed.

It is also understood that negotiations with the authorities in the Russian zone are proceeding.

"Control Inflation And Avert Depression"

TRUMAN RAISES 'RED' SCARE IN DISTRESS CALL TO CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, July 27 (Reuter) : President Truman today appealed to an Emergency Session of Congress to stop the rising cost of living in the United States as an essential to averting another great depression and a threat to world peace.

"RED" SCARE

Addressing both Houses of Congress, called back from their summer holidays he said. "Communists, here and abroad, are counting on present prosperity turning into a depression. They do not believe that we can—or will—put the brake on high prices. They are counting on economic collapse in this country.

"If we should bring on another great depression in the United States by failing to control high prices, the world's hope for lasting peace would vanish.

"A depression in the United States would cut the ground from under the free nations of Europe. Economic collapse in this country would prevent the recovery throughout the world which is essential to lasting peace".

8—POINT PROGRAMME TO CONTROL LIVING COST

He proposed an eight-point programme to control the rising cost of living: (1). Re-establishment of excess profits tax; (2). Restoration of consumer credit controls; (3). Regulation of bank credits; (4). Regulation of speculation on commodity exchanges; (5). Allocation of scare commodities; (6). Strengthening of rent control; (7). Authority to use rationing if necessary; (8). Authorisation of price control for scares commodities and of control over wages where adjustment of these would force a break in the price ceiling.

The President said he had called Congress back primarily to deal with high prices and with the housing shortage but he also asked Congress to enact other important legislative measures" on which delay injures us at home or impairs our world relations"

IMPORTANT MEASURES

These included: (1). Government help for States to solve the problem of overcrowding in schools.

(2). Raising of the minimum wage to at least 75 cents an hour.

(2). Increase in old age pensions by about 50 percent and the extension of the system to cover millions not now covered.

(4). Amendment of the Displaced Persons Act to wipe out discrimination against displaced persons "because of their religion, origin or occupation", and expansion to provide for the entry of 400,000 persons in four years instead of 200,000 in two.

(5). Authorisation of a loan to erect the United Nations headquarters buildings in New York City, and

(6). The ratification of the International Wheat Agreement.

EXTEND CIVIL RIGHTS TO NEGROES

Mr. Truman once again appealed to Congress to enact legislation to "protect and extend basic civil rights of citizenship and human liberty"—the programme intended to protect the status and rights of Negroes in the Southern States.

He submitted other proposals which could be enacted in this Session, if Congress found time, or taken up by the next Congress in January.

OTHER PROPOSALS

These included a comprehensive health programme, based on health insurance, a fair and sound Labour-Management, Relations Act in place of the Taft Hartley Law; a long range farm programme; a stronger reciprocal Trade Agreements act; A national science foundation; strengthening Anti-Trust Laws and a Waterway Treaty with Canada furthering the development of the Saint Lawrence river.

"FAILURE TO MAKE CONVINCING CASE"

Resolution To Adjourn Congress

WASHINGTON, July 27, (UPA): A Southern Democratic leader said today that he intends to introduce tomorrow a resolution to adjourn the extra session of Congress Saturday Senator Olim Johnston, of South Carolina, said it was evident that President Truman "has failed to make out a convincing case of a grave national emergency."

He said that if Congress remains in session, following Truman's anti-inflation proposals, the nation can expect only "bitter partisan battling". Johnston said the Republicans have indicated "convincingly" that they have no desire to deal with high prices or provide a comprehensive housing programme.

The Republicans, however, were taking a wait-and-see attitude for the moment. There was no immediate indication from Republican Congressional leaders whether they would go along with Johnston's proposal.

Meanwhile, Republican Congressional leaders generally rejected Truman's price and wage control programme while the Democrats endorsed it with the comment that the Republicans should be prepared to offer a substitute if they don't like the programme. Republican Chairman Jesse Wolcott, of the House Banking Currency Committee, however said he would start "full and adequate hearings" on Truman's anti-inflation proposals Thursday with the declaration that "it's very apparent this Administration is committed to high prices until after the elections. Otherwise, the President would have used his powers to stabilize the country's economy already.

"The President and the Federal Reserve Board have powers to stabilize economy and the value of our currency. It's doubtful whether we should give the President any new powers until he uses those he now has."

'USE STAGE FOR COUNTRY'S PROGRESS'

Kher Stresses Importance Of Drama As Instrument Of Public Education

MYSORE, [illegible]

"No art has excelled the drama in its twin objectives of providing healthy entertainment for the people and, at its best, of serving as an eye-opener to the many social ills which people often accept unquestioningly. Its great power to sway the human mind and emotions arises from the fact that it draws into its train literature, music, poetry and dance; all these different forms of art are pressed into its service to form a moving pattern which has the attributes of beauty as well as power. The drama can be made as much an instrument of public education as a means of conveying that thrill of pure joy which all great art gives", observed Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, while presiding over the Kannada Stage Centenary and Gubbi Theatrical Company's Diamond Jubilee Celebrations, here today.

Continuing he said: "If we look into history of Kannada literature we find that, according to the evidence available at present, dramas first came into prominence in the 17th century. But it is only during the last one hundred years that it has made great progress and come to occupy a place of importance in life.

MEDIUM OF SOCIAL EDUCATION

"There have, been few amongst the modern educated youth who have devoted themselves with a singleness of purpose to the service of the Kannada stage.

It should be your concern to imbue modern drama not only with the artistic significance that it has become in many western countries. The Kannada stage should be resuscitated on these lines and more room should be found in it for Vardhachars, Peers and Raghavachars.

ACCELERATING NATIONAL PROGRESS

"In our society of today and in our country which has awkened into the dawn of freedom, many new and difficult problems have raised their heads. In addition to religious bigotry and intolarance the spectres of communalism, provincialism, regionalism and other exclusivist tendencies are some of these. Our stage must be utilised to exercise these ghosts and there is no doubt that popular imagination can be awakned to the enormity of the present situation through good and suitable dramas. Similarly our dramatists can help us in our crusade against drink and other mal-practices. I am not advocating "didactic" drama which is often colourless and lifeless but I do plead for giving drama a social conscience. We should remember that in Russia, Italy, France and Japan national progress has been greatly accelerated and furthered by good drama. Who can, for instance, over-rate the part played by Bernard Shaw's dramas in transforming the 19th century mentality into the 20th century mentality? There is room in our life for dramatists of power like Shaw and Galsworthy. The time is ripe and calling for them and I hope they will soon be born.

LUCKNOW STUDENTS' TOKEN STRIKE

Sequel To Enhancement Of Fees

LUCKNOW, July 27 (A.P.I.) : The students of Lucknow University went on a one day token strike today in protest against the enhancement of fees by the university authorities.

Later they assembled in the University compound and adopted resolutions demanding not only the cancellation of the enhancement fee order, but a reduction by 25 percent in the pre-enhanced fees. The students also demanded representation on the University Scholarships Committees.

JUNAGADH, July 27 (UPI)—Mr. Samaldas Gandhi, Home Member of the State Exexcutive Council, left for Delhi yesterday evening. It is understood, he will discuss with the Government of India the food situation in the State, which has worsened due to delay monsoon.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Officials And Alcohol

The Bombay Government's order requiring Government servants to refrain from serving alcoholic drinks at official and semi-official functions and parties given by them is the logical sequel to its policy of Prohibition. They are also forbidden from drinking in hotels, clubs and restaurants. In other words, instead of exacting a pledge of Prohibition from officials, it has been made impossible for the public servant to drink in public. The warning has been given that Government will take severe action and that a more serious view would be taken of default on the part of those who are connected with the work of enforcement. There is a special charge on the Police to keep to the restrictions. There is need for a tightening up if the policy of Prohibition is meant to be taken seriously by the public. We have pointed out on a previous occasion that members of Prohibition Boards seem unaware of their responsibilities and blissfully unconscious of what they are expected to do. It is necessary that the cleaning up should be extended to these and similar institutions if the task of Prohibition is to be consolidated and carried forward with steady progress. By its ban on public drinking by public officials, the Bombay Government has shown that it means business. It will automatically lead to a tightening up of the machinery of Prohibition.

Press Conventions

Russia's rejection of the conventions of Freedom of Information is most regrettable. The terms of these conventions were agreed upon after discussion by a representative international body. They might not have been ideal in all ways but they stood for the greatest measure of agreement in the world of nations on the ethics and conduct of the Press. As such, they were an advance on the previous position where even within nations there was little agreement. If by any consultation and deliberation common standards can be evolved, surely it is necessary to strain every nerve to arrive at some agreement. Russia has by her decision sacrificed the possible for the well-nigh unattainable and this must be a cause for grave anxiety. However, it is desirable that regardless of this setback, the rest of the approving nations should go forward with their work until in time Russia herself is convinced of the utility of international agreed code and convention and brings her satellite states back to Geneva.

Dutch Auction

If one thing is more certain than another about Hyderabad, it is the Dutch auction in which the Nizam has been indulging ever since he first started corresponding with the Union Government. His Exalted Highness' first bid was for a great deal more than the last haggling demanded. Nothing was said about Goa as a port for Hyderabad and the Nizam did not insist. Nothing was said about the Nizam's demand to appoint representatives to foreign countries and again the Nizam did not insist. There has been a great deal of misguided agitation about the Government of India's weakness. But it is necessary to draw attention to the deteriorating situation in Hyderabad. Apart from the reduced demands, there is the Nizam's growing impatience with his advisers. Having shaken off the influence of men of all-India standing like Sir Akbar Hydari, Sir Mirza Ismail and even the Nawab of Chhatari, the Nizam rested finally on the Mulki, Mir Laik Ali, assisted by British Constitutional Advisers. He hinted in one letter to Lord Mountbatten that his Prime Minister had exceeded his authority; and he ended with treating Mir Laik Ali as though he were mentally deficient. Evidently under strong hectoring, Mir Laik Ali was shaken into blaming the negotiators at Delhi. If anything could detract from the prestige of a State, it is this perpetual bargain-hunting and undependability. Even Sir Walter Monckton was constrained to tell Lord Mountbatten that he had tired of the futility of advising the Nizam.

South African Logic

Dr. Donges, South Africa's Minister of the Interior, has disclosed a very curious attitude on the proposal for a Round Table Conference between India and South Africa. He is well prepared to have such a conference provided no domestic matters are discussed at it. Obviously South Africa is interested in a conference which discusses inter-Dominion relations but it is difficult for India to regard this question as distinct from the question of treatment of Indians in South Africa. India has on desire to interfere in South Africa's internal affairs but then let the S. A. Union make the status of its Indian citizens a domestic matter. The denial of civic rights to the Indian population is at the bottom of the Indian Government's repeated intervention in the domestic affairs of South Africa. If it is not acceptable for South Africa to have discussions with India on this subject, then it will have to be taken to the U.N. South Africa has already received a censure in regard to its treatment of its Indian citizens and it would do well to avoid a second rebuke. Dr. Donges' reference to the Round Table Conferences of 1927 and 1932 is misconceived. The 1927 conference was brought into being by South Africa's refusal to give its own citizens a square deal and the 1932 conference came into existence to consider how South Africa had handled the problem and commitments arising out of the 1927 agreement. If these are not domestic matters, it would be interesting to know what would be.

Promoting Hindustani

Declaring open the new buildings of the South Indian Hindustani Prachar Sabha at Madras, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave a most welcome assurance that he would carry on the work of Mahatma Gandhi in promoting Hindustani and that he would oppose, in the Constituent Assembly, any deviation from that policy. In view of much misrepresentation of that policy he did well to explain at the outset that Hindustani is not a new language but only means simple Hindi or simple Urdu, unloaded with too many classical words, Sanskrit or Persian. He also made it clear that Hindustani is not at all meant to supplant or subordinate any of the provincial languages. Indeed, the new educational policy is to develop all the provincial languages and to make them the media of instruction even in colleges. Hindustani is meant to be an inter-provincial or national language. A progressive well-knit nation that India desires to be, needs such a language; and Hindustani alone, which is already intelligible to a good majority of Indians, is capable of being a national language.

Ways And Means

The question is how best to promote Hindustani. The compulsory teaching of Hindustani and the vast popularity of Indian films are already doing much to enable the public to acquire working knowledge of the national language. But if Hindustani is to be a national language in the full sense of the term, it must be given far more attention in schools and colleges. More Government publications should be in that language, and Government should encourage with prizes or otherwise the production of Hindustani literature including periodical literature. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru referred to the tendency among certain writers to make their language too classical. But he rightly remarked that such literature would not be popular among the massess and would soon go out of fashion.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

DURBAN, July 26: The South African Minister of the Interior, Dr. T. E. Donges, replying to a letter from the Natal Indian Organisation asking him to meet a deputation to discuss the possibility of a round table conference and other matters affecting South African Indians, said that, provided domestic matters were not discussed, there seemed to be no objection to a round table conference between the Union Government and representatives of Government of India and Pakistan."

Reuters.

* * *

On arrival at New York, India's Ambassador Sir B Rama Rau said, according to Reuters, that "India's only problems were Hyderabad and Kashmir."

Nevertheless, what an "only".

* * *

It is reported from London that the Nizam's letter (courier Mr Richard Beaumont) "informs the King of the Nizam's decision to refer the dispute with the Indian Union to the United Nations and appeals to the King to use his personal influence to see that Hyderabad gets a fair hearing."

He must, mustn't be, as by one king on behalf of another.

* * *

Sir Mirza Ismail, whom the Nizam is stated to have contacted again, declined, says a Bangalore report, to comment on the subject but did add that he was proceeding to Delhi via Madras.

In order to avoid Emperor Razvi and his "Grand Army"?

* * *

Mr. Kiran Shankar Roy, the West Bengal Home Minister has killed the rumour of "an organised conspiracy in Calcutta for the support of Hyderabad gangsters against the Indian Union."

Another disappointment for His would-be Imperial Majesty Syed Kasim Razvi.

* * *

An Indian Army spokesman has exposed fantastic claims appearing in the Pakistan press about the Zojila Pass, Jhangar and the shooting down of an Indian bomber near Khalatse in the Ladakh valley, adding also that "no Indian aircraft flew over this area after the epic landing made at Leh by the R.I.A.F. several weeks ago."

This information might be one of the reasons for putting out that report.

* * *

A Provincial Government order calls upon Government servants to refrain from serving alcoholic drinks at official or semi-official parties given by them or taking alcoholic drinks in public places.

Privately they can do both.

BETTERING THE LOT OF JOURNALISTS

Editors' Conference To Pursue Problem

—Headlines.

We have every confidence that the problem would be caught—in due course of time.

* * *

The 'observer' appointed by Count Bernadotte to inquire into Jewish violations of the Palestine cease-fire has reported his findings to his Boss and also, as he said, "notified the Jewish authorities of the breaches."

With adequate apologies and assurances we trust?

* * *

Among the grounds advanced by Soviet Russia for rejection of the International Conventions on the Freedom of the Press one is that "they did not prohibit the advocacy of fascism and aggression in any form or the dissemination of racial, national or religious hatred or contempt."

But wouldn't that involve "intervention in matters which are essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of any State," the forbidding of which constitutes another ground for the Soviet Union's rejection?

* * *

The Yugo-Slav Communist Congress has been told by the Vice-Premier Edward Kardelji that Yugo-Slavia will continue its anti-imperialist and pro-Soviet policy without a change despite the Cominform.

That's that and that sort of interesting thing.

* * *

LONDON, July 26: Britain and the United States hit back at the Russian blockade of Berlin today by banning movement of goods train across the Soviet zone-Russo German frontier?

Wonderful, isn't it?

LAHORE EDITOR ARRESTED

LAHORE, July 27 (UPI)— Mr. E. A Wadwood, Managing Editor of the "Eastern Press" was arrested on Saturday.

Mr. Wadwood is stated to have written several false and incorrect news items pertaining private life of certain officials, including so many prejudicial news.

The Open Air. . . .

In any dry sandy soil, often round the base of a tree trunk, where the thick foliage will keep away the rain, we see regular, round, funnel-shaped holes. Children know them very well and delight in stirring up the sand with a twig to dislodge the owner, which they call the Ant Lion or Mud Elephant This is a little brown grub with long sharp jaws. It is a most amusing creature to watch, both as it makes its hole and as it catches its prey. When it is put on dry soil, it works its way round and round backwards at a great pace, throwing all the coarse grains away so a distance of several inches, as it works out its hollow pit. Then it disappears under the soil at the bottom and waits patiently. Presently an ant ventures too near the edge of the pit and slides helplessly down the slippery side. Then with a sudden dart the Antlion catches it in its strong jaws, eats it greedily, and then again tidies up its den and waits for the next victim to fall into its clutches.

B. B.

Socialist Support To Government To Combat Crisis

Immediate Military Action Against Hyderabad Urged

BIKANER, JULY 27, (A.P.I.): BY ITS RESOLUTION ON THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN INDIA, THE GENERAL COUNCIL OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY WHICH MET HERE, REAFFIRMED THE VIEW OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY THAT ALL PATRIOTIC PARTIES, IRRESPECTIVE OF DIFFERENCES, MUST JOIN HANDS IN FIGHTING THE PERILS THAT FACED THE NATION. IT REITERATED THE PARTY'S FULLEST SUPPORT TO THE GOVERNMENT IN MEETING "THIS CRISIS".

The resolution said: "The Indian State is threatened from many sides, but there is a serious threat to it from inside the State itself. This threat comes from a corrupt Administration. Here for Party reasons nothing is being done to remove the threat corruption is mounting day by day and it is admitted that the recent growth of corruption has been the result of the link that has been established between a corrupt Party machine and corrupt Officialdom.

CHARGE AGAINST CONGRESS

"The dangers, external and internal, though serious enough, can be mastered if a united and resolute effort is made to do so. But unfortunately the Congress Party, in its greed for power, persists in identifying itself with the nation and, instead of seeking the cooperation of all parties in fighting this national danger, uses the latter to suppress all rivals and build up its totalitarian rule. In view of the national dangers, the Congress, or at least its high-ranking leaders repudiate the need of an Opposition and preach the doctrine of One-Party State. The excuse for all this is that India is passing through critical times. The excuse is a deliberate attempt to foist upon the people the authoritarian rule of a single Party".

LOOPHOLES IN BLOCKADE: MILITARY ACTION NOW

The General Council in a resolution, expressed "its deep dissatisfaction with the Government's half-hearted policy with regard to Hyderabad".

"The Indian people demand of the Government effective action, which can only be military action now", the resolution said.

Criticising the delayed action on the part of the Government of India, the resolution said: "Had the economic sanctions been applied six months earlier when the Nizam had not built up reserves, it might have proved effective, if not decisive. Today the action is wholly inadequate. And even this inadequate action is not wholehearted, for there are many loopholes in the blockade. This half-hearted and inadequate measure cannot lead to a solution of the tangle in Hyderabad".

THE PEOPLE'S STRUGGLE

Referring to the "people's struggle in Hyderabad", the resolution added: "Not only no effective help has been given to this struggle, but everything was done in the past to belittle and isolate it. The General Council believes that the secret of success in Hyderabad was always in the people's struggle, and the betrayal of this struggle by the Government of India was one of the most reprehensible aspects of its inadequate and unfortunate policy. The General Council once again urges the Government of India, even at this late hour, to give up this suicidal policy of striking at its defenders and pampering its enemies, and to organise effective aid to the people within and without the State who are fighting the Fascist tyranny in Hyderabad".

VIGILANCE SQUADS

The Council further drew the attention of the people to the intensive anti-national activities of smuggling of goods into Hyderabad State and to the widely prevalent spying by Nizam's agents" and called upon them to organise Vigilance Squads in every village in the border zones to "aid the police and expose official coruption".

INDUSTRIAL TRUCE IN JEOPARDY

By another resolution the Council warned the Government that "its weak-kneed policy was putting industrial truce into secious jeopardy".

Complaining that the operative parts of the Truce had not been implemented, the resolution went on to say: "The Government's Labour Policy is not free from a strong bias in favour of Labour Organisations subservient to it. The recognition of the INTUC as the most Representative Labour Organisation, nomination of bogus unrepresentative INTUC workers to Works Committees, where set up, pressure on employers to recognise only INTUC Unions and the arrest, detention and interment of other Trade Union workers have led to a great dissatisfaction among the working classes and created a strong impression that the Government are utilising the machinery of the Industrial Truce to strengthen the INTUC and crush other Independent Labour Organisations".

COMBAT INFLATION: CLOSE FORWARD MARKETS

In a resolution on inflation, the Socialist Party suggested that a scientific price-regulation policy with a country-wide network of Government sponsored Consumers Co-operatives, Distributive Centres and Fair Price Shops would go a long way in checking the rising prices

The resolution further added: "Forward commodity markets must immediately be closed to put a stop to speculative hoardings and buying and selling of foodgrains and essential materials. Complete Nationalisation of foreign trade, particularly with regard to the export of cloth, would ensure the maintenance of regulated stocks in the country, apart from its vital role in system of planned economy.

STEP UP PRODUCTION

"The Government of India's haphazared borrowing policy has not been successful in attracting the extra purchasing power, bug and small, into Government channels for productive investments. The vested interests are following a deliberate policy of knocking off the basis of Government enterprise by concealing their capital resources from the Government.

The Socialist Party firmly believes that planned scientific utilisation of all the resources of the country, harmonising with it a sound rural economy improved with new technical investments and trained economic personnel to implement it, alone can help in really solving the problem of increased production".

QUIT PRAJA PARISHADS: ORGANISE PARTY UNITS

The General Council also passed a resolution advising the members of the Socialist Party to leave the Praja Parishaus in the Indian States and to form Party units in their respective States. This step, the resolution said, was necessary in view of the integration of the Praja Parishads into Congress Committees.

"The real danger to the people of the country arises from the growing allignment in the States of powerful feudal interests in a new guise, communal reactionaries and capitalists. The General Council deplores that the Government of India has become the Godfather of this unholy alliance", the resolution said.

The resolution demanded immediate arrangements for elections in the Union and Acceding States on the basis of adult franchise, recision of agreements so that no separate armies, customs barriers, currency or communications privileges were allowed to any State and there was precention of smuggling across the borders.

R

BUDHU ILAHIBUX, ABDOOL RAHIMAN KALWA and ADAM NOORMOHAMED were convicted for transporting cloth. BUDHU ILAHIBUX and ABDOOL RAHIMAN KALWA were each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fines of Rs. 700 or four months' rigorous imprisonment in default and ADAM NOORMOHAMED was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 or three months' rigorous imprisonment in default.

"MILK"

While complaints addressed directly to the Milk Commissioner or the Milk Distribution Officer contain particulars regarding the centre number, time and date of the mishap or irregularity, it is often observed that letters which cardholders send to the press, do not contain this vital information. Considerable time is, therefore, wasted in contacting the complainant and for investigating the complaint.

It would be greatly appreciated if complainants give their full name and address as well as the number of the centre, date and time when the irregularity mentioned in the complaint was noticed by them. This would facilitate speedy disposal.

D. N. KHURODY,
Milk Commissioner.

~~29th July, 1948.~~

EFFECTS OF DECONTROL

Govt. Playing Into Hands Of Sugar Syndicate, Says Asoka Mehta

Mr. Asoka Mehta writes:—

"Recent pronouncements of Government spokesmen have shown the mischief done by the decontrol of cloth. In other industries also, decontrol has brought confusion and hardships; the policy has been implemented with unbelievable lack of foresight. The classic instance in this connection is provided by the sugar industry.

Sugar was decontrolled in December 1947. The price of sugar then was Rs. 20-14 per Bengal maund. Today the price is Rs. 35-7 Bengal maund and in many places like Bombay sugar is not obtainable at even Rs. 40. Foreign sugar, if dollars were available, can be got at Rs. 16 per Bengal maund. We are, therefore, made to pay 50 per cent more for sugar.

"It is significant to note that after sugar was decontrolled, its price was not allowed to be determined by the free play of the market. Its price has been fixed, even after decontrol, by the U.P. and Bihar Sugar Syndicate, which controls 75 per cent of India's sugar output, and which enjoys official recognition. The price has been raised partly because the Governments of U.P. and Bihar have raised the price of sugar-cane from Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 2. The cost of the raw material has, therefore, gone up from Rs. 12-8 to Rs. 20. It is significant to note that no price is fixed for sugar cane used in the manufacture of gur. The result is that the price of sugar-cane used for making sugar, which accounts for only 20 per cent of our cane crop, is fixed at Rs. 2 while 60 per cent of the crop, used for the manufacture of gur, remains free and its price lags behind. The prevailing gap between the price of sugar and of gur, Rs. 35 and Rs. 12 respectively, is greatest in history. This, however, is not the whole story.

"The Sugar Syndicate has kept the price of sugar high, by releasing only a part of the produce. It is estimated that only 35 per cent of the season's output has been released in the first six months of the year. Through such artificial scarcity, high price is maintained. As a consequence of this restrictive policy, large stocks of sugar have piled up in the factory godowns. The banks, the factory-owners have argued before the Governments of Bihar and U.P., are unwiling to advance money on the basis of the high prices. The Syndicate has, therefore, succeeded in persuading the Governments concerned to permit the sugar manufacturers to give only Re. 1 per Bengal maund. to sugar-cane growers and pay the balance (of Re. 1 per B.M.) after the stock is sold. The manufacturers, under this scheme, are enabled to get finance for their industry, from the suppliers of raw materials. The sanction of the Governments to such a scheme makes one doubt the intelligence of the persons in power. To have decontrolled sugar only to let the control pass into the hands of the Sugar Syndicate is a piece of statecraft with a few parallels.

"Sugar factories in our province, possessing as they do their own sugarcane farms, are expected to make 100 per cent profits and in the absence of agricultural income-tax, the bulk of the profits, resulting from Government's playing into the hands of the syndicate, will go to the capitalists. While the poor have to pay 100 per cent more for their sugar, the manufacturers have been permitted to enrich themselves to the tune of Rs. 20,00,00,000. Such are the economic consequences of the National Government'.

FLOOD HAVOC IN ASSAM

GAUHATI, July 27.

Widespread devastation of standing crops and destruction of hundreds of homesteds have been caused by the floods in Assam this year, says an Associated Press of India correspondent who has just returned from a tour of some of the worst flood-affected areas in the Province. The correspondent says that thousands of people are homeless and are entirely dependent on Government doles and other relief.

The correspondent adds: "Every year Assam experiencees floods but this year's inundation is said to be the worst since the great floods of 1931. The worst affected areas are Majuli and parts of Kampur district.

There has, however, been no death apart from a few accidental cases of drowning.

According to reports available so far, over a thousand villages inhabited by 500,000 people are said to have suffered. In some areas the water level is coming down but, it is said, it will be a fortnight before the people can resume their normal activities.

"The Government have so far sanctioned about Rs. 500,000 for giving doles, distribution of paddy, grant of agricultural loans, etc.

PROFIT-SHARING SCHEME

Enforcement Not Likely: Alternative Plan Suggested

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, July 27.

It is reliably learnt from industrial circles that the profit-sharing scheme is not likely to be enforced due to great differences. The Expert Committee is again meeting on 30th July in New Delhi. It is learnt that regarding the reserve of a Company an agreement has been reached according to which twenty per cent of the net profits of the Company will be provided for the Reserve Fund. Some of the local industrialists suggest the following proposal as an alternative to the original profit sharing scheme.

ALTERNATIVE SCHEME

In each organised industry a level of standard production should be fixed. For example in cloth if standard production may be fixed at 4,000 million yards, production above that level should be reckoned as new and workers should be paid bonus on that new production on quarterly accounts.

By this plan labourers will be guaranteed in addition to such wages, which they are now earning, a sum not less than half the net excess of the profits attributed to new production to be estimated.

Sir Raghavan Pillai Tipped For New Job

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 27 : Sir Raghavan Pillai India's present Charge de Affairs in France is being tipped here for appointment as the Inspector-General for Trade Commissioners. Sir Pillai has been the Commerce Secretary before his present assignment. Creation of the new post of Inspector-General was envisaged by the Commerce Minister Neogy last week at Calcutta.

ANKARA, July 27, (Reuter): President Inonu today received Pakistan Finance Minister Ghulam Mohamed, who is on a private visit to Turkey.

NEW DELHI, July 27. (API): The Government of India have, it is learnt, decided to close down the Information Bureau of the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation. The Bureau was opened nine months ago.

NEHRU CABINET MEETING TODAY

Three-day Session To Discuss Economic Situation

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, July 27.

Nehru Cabinet is holding a three-day session, tomorrow and on 30th, 31st July to discuss the present downward galloping rush of economic situation in the country. The creation of a Ministry of Economic Affairs, it is believed, is being suggested to cope up with the present situation.

Nehru In Bombay Enroute To Delhi

BOMBAY,

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru passed through Bombay on Tuesday morning on his way back to Delhi.

He arrived at Santa Cruz airport at 11-50 in the Governor-General's Special Dakota. He was accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Mr. Bhaktavathsalam, Minister for Public Works, Government of Madras and Dr. S. S. Bhatnagar.

The plane took off at 12-40 after Pandit Nehru had had his breakfast at the airport.

NEHRU BACK IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 27 (A.P.I.) : The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, returned to Delhi this evening from Karaikudi.

Nehru Congratulates Madras Government

MADRAS, July 27, (A.P.I.): After completing three days crowded programme in Madras India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Indira Gandhi and party left Madras at 7/25 a. m. this morning by a special plane for Delhi.

The Governor of Madras Lady Nye the Premier and other members of the Madras Cabinet were among the large gathering present at the aerodrome to see him off

MADRAS, July 26, (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru Prime Minister of India on the eve of his departure from Madras has issued the following message:—

"The three days of my visit to Madras have caused a heavy burden on the authorities and the police of the city. Vast and unprecedented crowds had gathered along the routes and meeting places and it was a difficult task to arrange them in a disciplined order.

Yet this task was ably and efficiently performed and I wish to congratulate the authorities and the police of the city of Madras on this achievement.

This could not have been done of course without the goodwill and cooperation of the people who believed in an exemplary manner everywhere I went. I was particularly pleased to notice how the police and the people co-operated with each other. This was as it should be."

Congress Deputation Waits On Nehru

MADRAS, July 27. (A.P.I.): A deputation on behalf of the French India National Congress led by Mr. R. I. Purushothama Reddiar waited on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru yesterday and expressed apprehension that the French India Government might not implement the recent agreement between the Government of India and themselves in the matter of holding a plebiscite to decide whether French India should remain in the French Union or join the Indian Union. The deputationists pointed out to the Prime Minister certain ordinances and decrees recently issued by the French India Government prohibiting public meetings and processions which, the deputationists said would prevent the Congress and other political bodies from educating the public on the proposed referendum.

The deputationists are also understood to have drawn Pandit Nehru's attention to the "obstructionist attitude" of the Communists in French India.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 27.

Previous Closing	32.10
Today's Opening	32.06
Difference	—4
Today's Closing	32.22
Difference	+12

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, July 27.

	Rs. As.
Silver Bullion Forward	174 12
Gold Forward	113 5
Sovereign	74 12
EXPECTATION :—	
Cotton Jarila Sept.	Rs. 634 0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, July 27.

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices.

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors 62-7/8
United States Steel Common 79
United States Steel preference unquoted.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Corespondent.)
HAPUR, July 27.

Wheat 24 to 22, Gram 13/8, Barley 13, Bejhar 12/4, Maize 10/8, Bajra 11/8, Juwar 14, Peas 13/4, Arhar 13, Urad 20, Moong 39/4.

Stock's unchanged Undertone very steady.

Gur ready 13/12, Shakkar 13/8, Forward Fagan 10/9/3, Opened 10/9/6, yesterday closed 10/10/9.

Sarso 25/9, Taraseed 21 to 19, Oil 70, Oilcake 7/8, Benola 12 to 14/8, Oats 9, Bardana Asuj 102, October 113, steady.

Silver forward 165/4, opened 165/7, yesterday closed 165/10, market ruled quiet.

Gold forward 111/4, opened 111/4, yesterday closed 111/4.

PALESTINE AFTER THE MANDATE

Syrian Move To Get Status Defined By Hague Court

LAKE SUCCESS, July 27. (Reuter): A Syrian resolution to ask the International Court of Justice for an advisory legal opinion on the status of Palestine since the British Mandate ended won Britain's support in the Security Council to-night. But it was opposed gy Russia, the United States and Canada.

Faris Bey al Khoury, for Syria, said he had asked the Security Council to declare whether Palestine was one State or two, but it had refused to do so.

"If this matter is not sent to the Court, it will become a source of despair. It will remain illegal, irregular, immoral and unjust", he said.

"If the Arabs submit they will submit to force, but it will be a crime against justice for all time."

Sir Alexander Cadogan (Britain) said: "In advocating this procedure it is my understanding that it will not hinder any settlement which the Mediator may succeed in devising."

General A.G.L. McNaughton (Canada) said it would inevitably postpone negotiations for a peaceful settlement.

ARAB THREAT TO RESUME FIGHTING

BEIRUT, July 27 (Reuter): Arab armies were today said by Lebanese Premier Riad El Solh to be ready to resume fighting unless the principle of stopping Palestine immigration was accepted.

The present ten-day old truce was only a temporary 'cease fire' and there would be no change in his Government's Palestine policy, he said.

His Cabinet resigned yesterday for a "reshuffle" and he announced today that the next sitting of Parliament had been postponed till Thursday when he would answer all questions on Palestine.

The Security Council, meeting today in Lake Success, faced requests from the Mediator, Count Folke Bernadotte, for naval vessels, road transport and aircraft to serve the needs of the international body of Truce Observers.

SUBSIDY TO TRANSJORDAN

LONDON, July 27 (U.P.A.) : The Foreign Office announced today that Britain has decided to pay the quarterly subsidy of £500,000 to Transjordan which was suspended, July 12, "pending clarification of the Palestine situation.'

A spokesman said that insofar as Transjordan has accepted the renewal of the truce, Britain "sees no reason not to oblige her obligations under the treaty with Transjordan."

BRITONS CHARGED BEFORE TEL AVIV MAGISTRATE

TEL AVIV, July 27 (U.P.A.) : Five British employees of the Jerusalem Electric Corporation were charged before a Tel Aviv Magistrate today with espionage and other acticity against the State.

Major Robert Lustig, District Superintendent of Police and head of the Israel Police Criminal Investigation Bureau, swore that "to the best of my knowledge there is evidence supporting the charges."

The magistrate issued orders to hold the men for 15 days pending filing of more specific charges.

REFUGEE PROBLEM

AMMAN, July 27 (U.P.A.) : King Abdullah cabled Arab kings and presidents today describing the refugee problem as "dangerous", and asked for immediate help.

King Ibn Saud promised his country's assistance. The Iraqi Regent said, "I am a witnes to the refugees' suffering and misery and have cabled the Iraqi government urging immediate help."

HOW PAKISTAN PAPERS MAGNIFIED BOMBAY RIOTS

The Government of Bombay has noticed with surprise and deep regret that at least six or seven newspapers published in Pakistan printed wholly false reports of the recent disturbances in Bombay. Typical of such reports was one that said that thousands of human lives had been lost; another said that 1500 Muslims had been killed and injured; a third went so far as to say that the military composed of certain communities had attacked Bhendy Bazar and Mahomed Ali Road areas; a fourth spoke of atrocities on Muslims.

It is a well known fact that the disturbances were brought under control within an hour and the total casualties suffered by "all" communities put together were 52 dead and 121 injured.

These figures have been exaggerated by the Pakistan newspapers into thousands killed and injured.

The Government of Bombay wishes to take this opportunity of drawing the attention of the public in Bombay and elsewhere to the extremely irresponsible statements made by the newspapers in Pakistan which can only prove highly injurious to communal amity in Pakistan as well as in the Indian Union.

Stop Press

NEW FRENCH CABINET

PARIS, July 27, (Reuter): The New French Premier, Andre Marie, today won parliamentary approval for his new Cabinet by 357 votes to 197.

LONDON, July 27, (Reuter): The British, French and United States representatives on the four-power Commission investigating Italy's former colonies in Africa have reported that none of the three zones of Libya is politically ready for self Government, cables Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

In Cyrenrica. the Commission reported, there was an overwhelming demand for independence under the leadership of Sayid Idris el Senussi, religious head of the Senussi tribe

There was also a majority demand for independence in Tripolitania. Both these provinces are under British military administration.

Razakars Attack India Military Convoy

DETAILS OF NANAJ BATTLE; NIZAM'S STRANGE PROTEST

NEW DELHI, July 27, (UPI): A press note issued by the Government of India (Defence Wing) says:

Details are now available of the wanton attack on the evening of July 24, by Razakars on an Indian Military Convoy proceeding along the Sholapur—Barsi road. When the Indian Military convoy approached the village of Nanaj, in Hyderabad territory through which the road traverses, they were attacked by about fifty armed men dressed in civilian clothes. These men attacked the first vehicle with rifles, stens and hand-grenades, inflicting some casualties. The remainder of the convoy coming up behind, immediately debussed and took up positions. While they were doing so, they too, were fired at. The Indian Army units thereupon surrounded and occupied the village of Nanaj, killing thirty of the opponents in the process.

When Indian Army units occupied Nanaj, they discovered that the village had been fully prepared for defence with slit trenches dug at the side of the road, where the incident first took place. Besides, houses had been loopholed and the Sangar type of defence build around.

After the attack was over, villagers who had run away the previous evening, returned and related how a party of about fifty Razakars, police and Pathans, all armed and dressed in civilian clothes, had occupied the village with the intention of attacking our column.

Indian troops have remained in Nanaj since then, with a view to ensuring safety for the civilian and military traffic along the Sholapur-Barsi road.

After the first attack, late in the evening of July 24, the Razakars put in two more attacks, one that very night and the other the next morning. On both the occasions, they were driven away easily. Two more Razakars were killed and a certain number of weapons were captured in these two attacks.

The incident was immediately reported to the Commander of the Hyderabad State Forces who promised to take immediate steps to investigate into it. On July 26, an officer from the Hyderabad State visited the scene of incident and cross-examined the wounded and has signed a report confirming the Indian Army's version of the incident. Since then, General El-Droos, Commander of the Hyderabad State Forces, has placed our version of the incident before the Prime Minister of Hyderabad and later has accepted this version.

The Indian Army convoy which was attacked by Razakars on July 24 was proceeding on a routine duty of exchanging patrols. Convoys of patrols as well as civilian traffic have always used this road and a free passage for civilian as well as military traffic on this traffic has been taken for granted.

From all the evidence available, it is clear that the attack was preplanned and was a surprise to our troops who were performing their normal duties. The site chosen for the attack was particularly suitable for such an action, as it was situated at the bend of the road and is concealed by trees.

NIZAM GOVERNMENT PROTESTS

NEW DELHI, July 27, (A.P.I.): The Nizam's Government have protested to the States Ministry, Government of India, against the "occupation" of Nanaj by Indian troops. The protest suggests that this action is a "flagrant violation of territorial integrity of the state" and asks for immediate withdrawal of Indian troops from there.

The protest telegram released by the Hyderabad Agent General's Office here says:—

"The Nizam's Government have received a report that the village of Nanaj in Osmanabad district of the Nizam's Dominions was raided by Indian army troops on the twenty-fourth July. The attack was launched from Sholapur and Barsi sides. Fourteen lorries containing armed military personnel from Sholapur side and fifteen lorries from Barsi side sandwiched Nanaj and used hand grenades mortars and bombs and other types of ammunition in the attack. The casualities are reported to have been heavy and Muslim houses were burnt to ashes. Nanaj village was forcibly occupied by Indian army troops who were reported to have done under orders of the Government of India.

The Nizam's Government consider there has been grave and flagrant violation of territorial integrity of the state, and while asking for immediate withdrawal of India troops from Nanaj, they trust that the Government of India will take effective measures to prevent repetition of such incidents with a view to avoiding repercussions of a serious character which such incidents are likely to lead to".

COVERING RAZAKAR ATROCITIES

An official spokesman referring to the Nizam's Government protest said "this protest is a feeble attempt to cover up the wanton attack on Indian troops by Razakars and Pathans".

The spokesman pointed out that a representative of the Nizam's Government visited the scene of the incident, interviewed the wounded and signed a report confirming Government of India's version of the incident. Since then General el Edroos, Commander of the Hyderabad State forces, has placed the Indian version of the incident before the prime minister of Hyderabad and both had accepted this version.

"In this context it appears strange', the spokesman added, "that the Nizam's Government should have addressed a telegram of protest to the Government of India. Indian troops continue to remain in the village of Nanaj solely with a view to ensuring the safety of the military and civilian traffic along the Sholapur-Barsi road which is Indian union territory and constructed by the Government of India".

Referring to the mention in the protest of the carrying of hand-grenades, mortars etc by troops, the spokesman pointed out that these were part of the army's normal equipment.

CASUALTIES IN KALAHALI BATTLE

BOMBAY, July 27, (UPI)—More than 100 Razakars and 80 Kisans in the Kalahali battle details of which are now to hand, according to a bulletin issued by the Hyderabad State Congress Office, Bombay.

Mankeswar in Osmanabad District was raided on July 22 last by a large number of Kisans. In a scuffle that ensued ten Razakars were killed.

In a clash at Botkul in Nilanga Taluka Kisans are reported to have killed six Razakars and two police constables.

TWO WOMEN DONE TO DEATH BY RAZAKARS

BOMBAY, July 28, (UPI)—The grusome tale of how two women, Laxmibai and Gangabai, former residents of the Nizam village of Bhimpuri, but living in Salgar in South Sholapur taluka for some time, were murdered by a party of Razakars, is revealed in a press note issued by the Government of Bombay today.

It is stated that these women had gone on June 29 to Bhimpuri to fetch their household articles. When they were returning, a party of Razakars attacked and forcibly removed them to their camp. They were then murdered in a ditch outside the limits of the village. When our police party and relatives of the murdered women in their search, discovered and identified the corpses with the clue of the victims' clothes, bangles,etc., they were found to be much too highly decomposed for removal to Salgar.

The press notes also states that Razakars have established their camps in the border region and have been carrying out cattle raids on the Indian Union territory. Thus, at about 3 p.m. on July 11, the marauders entered the limits of village of Kasaos Tadavale in Barsi taluka and stole seven bullocks valued at about Rs. 1,325. Similarly, a party of about 25 Razakars entered at about 11 a.m. on July 15, the village of Ambavaisge and forcibly removed 12 heads of cattle and their two owners. On the same night, four bullocks valued at about Rs. 400 and the villager who owned the cattle were found forcibly removed. The twelve head of cattle and their owner have since been returned, the press note concludes.

BOMBAY BAN ON KARACHI PERIODICAL

BOMBAY, July 27 (U.P.I.) : The entry, sale, distribution or circulation of "Dawat", an Urdu bi-monthly periodical printed and published in Karachi (Pakistan), into the Province of Bombay has been prohibited, says a notification in a Gazette Extraordinary, issued today.

BHANSALI ON TOUR

Declines Nizam's Police Escort

VIJAYAWADA, July 27 (API): Prof. Bhansali and party who left Vijayawada yesterday morning on a tour of Hyderabad State detrained at Yerrupalem, the first station on the N.S. railways, according to a report received here. At Yerrupalem, the party was detained by a police inspector for half an hour, who on receipt of instructions from above allowed the party to proceed on their journey.

The party then went to Remedicheria village, about three miles from Yerupalem and engaged themselves in cleaning Harijan quarters and stressing on the inhabitants the need for cleanliness. Prof. Bhansali is reported to have declined any escort when offered one by the Nizam's police.

Later Prof. Bhansali and Mrs. Gyan Kumari Hedge addressed a gathering of men and women requesting them to be tolerant towards all communities. They exhorted them to respect the honour of women and face goondas courageously if they were attacked.

A number of villagers who had earlier migrated to adjoining Indian Union territory, returned to the village yesterday and narrated to Prof. Bhansali the circumstance under which they had been forced to leave their herths and homes. Early in March this village was raided by Razakars who after looting property burnt many houses. During this raid most of the villagers fled across the border to union territory.

The party returned to Yerrupalem in the evening.

PROHIBITION IN W. BENGAL

Two Districts To Go Dry In April Next

CALCUTTA, July 27. (A.P.I.): The Government of West Bengal will, it is learnt, introduce prohibition of country-wide spirits in the districts of West Dinajpur and Malda from April 1 next. Notices for cancelling the existing licences will be issued in a month or two.

According to a Government spokesman, the revenue loss due to the introduction of this reform in the two districts will be about three to four lakhs of rupees. The authorities, however, expect to make good the loss by increasing Licensing Fees for foreign sprits.

If the scheme is successful, the experiment will gradually be extended to the remaining districts of West Bengal.

INCENTIVE TO INVESTMENT MUST BE ENCOURAGED

Need For Central Coordination And Regulation Of Stock Exchanges

MADRAS, July 27 (A.P.I.) : Mr. S. Ramaswami Naidu ex-President of the Madras Stock Exchange and former sheriff of Madras referring to the report of D. P. J. Thomas on stock Exchange Legislation stated that on account of its intimate connection with banking, industry and commerce, there was need for central co-ordination and regulation of the stock exchanges. He approved the plan for the establishment of a national investment commission and said central legislation to regulate the stock market and the setting up of a competent public authority to administer the law are essential. But the Government should be cautious so as not to interfere with the actual day-to-day operations of the exchanges, since freedom of investment would be lost and as such there may not be any incentive for investors to enter the market".

Mr. Naidu added the company law reform and more stringent control over banking and the proposed banking legislation will go far in rectifying the many defects pointed out by Dr. Thomas for the reform of stock exchange practices. The evil effects arising from indiscriminate advances by member banks can be controlled by the reserve bank. Gambling as distinct from healthy speculation can thus be eliminated and the real problem of controlling the man who sells without scrips and buys without the means would have been solved. The prevention of fraud and dishonesty, the protection of the weak by providing that only sound securities can be put in the market and the real profit-earning capacity of the concerns of which the security is issued can be achieved by suitable amendments to the companies act and the insistence on the publication of more informative annual accounts. I also feel that in administering the company law, more safeguards may be provided for the protection of the investor, rather than incorporate provisions in Stock Exchange Legislation which normally should come under the sphere of company legislation. The levy of a sales tax on the sale of securities would hamper capital formation at a time when there is every need to stimulate it".

"DECLARATION FOR WORLD PEACE"

London Trade Unionists' Move To Approach Moscow

LONDON, July 27 (U.P.I.) : A "declaration for World peace" is to be presented, after signature by London Trade Unionists, to the President of the Moscow Regional Council of Trade Unions shortly.

The declaration states: "We are gravely concerned that so shortly after our emergence from a catasprophic war, in which millions lost their lives, there is talk of a new war.

"We believe that no people in the world wants another war — neither the British, the Soviet, the American, nor any other people.

"We believe also that war can be prevented and the cause of world peace materially advance by the strengthening of British-Soviet relations and friendship, to which we pledge our constant effort.

INDIAN CLAIMS AGAINST SIAM

Last Day For Lodging Is December 31

NEW DELHI, July 26. (API): Claims against the Siamese Government in respect of property under the terms of the formal agreement between the United Kingdom, India and Siam dated January 1, 1946, can now be lodged, says a Press Note.

Claims formulated in India will be received by the Custodian of Enemy Property, Caltex House Ballard Road, Bombay and will be forwarded to the Siamese Government through the Indian Legation at Bangkok.

Under the terms of the claims agreement, claims in respect of property must reach the Siamese Government on or before March 31, 1949. To allow time for the examination of claims, reference back to claimants where necessary, and transmission to the Siamese Government, claims should be lodged as soon as possible, and in any case not later than December 31, 1948.

BAN ON MEETINGS IN MADURA

MADURA, July 27, (API): The Additional District Magistrate of Madura has prohibited under Section 144 CR. P.C. for a period of 14 days from today assemblies of five or more persons, public meetings processions, carrying of lethal weapons and picketing within the city and in places within a radius of five miles of municipal limits.

The prohibitory order has been promulgated following the report that the Communists have arranged to take out processions and hold mass meetings in differene places in the city to condemn the policy of the Government and cause disaffection among the public, and the labouring classes in particular, against the Government. It was also reported that the communists-controlled organisations proposed to celebrate July 29 as "All-India Anti-Repression Day" by holding rallies and demonstrations.

The order says that if these meetings and demonstrations are permitted disturbances to public transquility and breach of peace will be imminent.

NATIONALISING BUS TRANSPORT SERVICE

MADRAS, July 27, (API): The Madras Legislative Council (Upper House) today, passed into law the Motor Vehicles (Madras Amendment), Bill which empowers the Government to nationalise the bus transport services in the province.

The bill had already emerged from the assembly.

CHANDERNAGORE ELECTIONS

CHANDERNAGORE, July 26. (A.P.I.): Chandernagore Municipal Assembly elections held here yesterday, resulted in the Congress Karma Parisad defeating the National Democratic Front by about 600 votes in the contest for the 15 seats in the south section of Chandernagore.

In the north section, having ten seats, there was a triangular fight between the Congress Karma Parisad, the National Democratic Front and Forward Block. But the election was ultimately declared null and void as the minimum number of votes required were not polled. A fresh election in this section has been fixed for Sunday next (August 1).

GOA POLITICALS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

BOMBAY, July 27 (UPI): Raguvir Kamat, a peasant leader of Wazari (Goa) jailed by the Portuguese Government, embarked on a fast unto death on July 18, according to information received by the National Congress, Goa, in Bombay, today. In sympathy with their leader, other political prisoners lodged at Aguada are also fasting.

The hunger-striking peasant leader demands that all repressions against the people of Wazari village should stop immediately.

BURMA WILL PUT DOWN COMMUNISTS

U. Tin Tut's Interview In London

LONDON, July 27, (Reuter): U. Tin Tut, Burma's Foreign Minister, declared in London today that Prime Minister Thakin Nu and the Government of Burma were determined to preserve Burma's recently won independence by constitutional means.

"We regard any threat to constitutional processes such as the present Communist insurrection as a threat to our independence", declared U. Tin Tut in an interview with Reuter, "and we shall go all to crush it." He said the Burmese Army and Police were doing a grand job. They were loyal to the Government. "With the support of the constitutional majority in the Government and the country, there should be no difficulty in the Government putting down insurrection and restoring law order in a short time". He added.

Recent dissention in Burma's great popular front the Anti-Fascist Peoples' Freedom League had given the impression overseas that Burma was swinging toward Communism

"There has been some sign of disunity among the more advanced political leaders in Burma", said U Tin Tut, and Thakin Nu's object has been to build up the League as a progressive constitutional front.

"It is Burma's policy to maintain the friendship that we have achieved with Britain, America and the Western Democracies", he declared, and at the same time to expand the range of her political and economic relations.

RELATIONS WITH U.S.S.R.

"We therefore intend to seek such relations with the USSR and the countries of Eastern Europe".

"But", he added, "that does not mean that we shall in anyway endeavour to relax existing friendships"

U. Tin Tut said they had no objection to Communism as a doctrine and it was open to the Burmese Communists to preach their doctrine.

"We do insist, however, on the democratic processes of constitutionalism and we shall put down with a strong hand any attempt at violent overthrow of the lawfully constituted Government"

HIS PLANS DURING VISIT

U. Tin Tut during his fortnight's visit to London will give an outline of the Burmese political picture to Prime Minister Clement Attlee, Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin and other British Cabinet Ministers.

He will also travel to France and Holland for talks with the Governments of these countries.

"The Burma Government's policy, he explained, is aimed at state Socialism, but by ordered stages. "There is no idea of expropriation of foreign interests without equitable compensation".

LATEST MOVE FROM INDONESIA

Non-Republicans To Send Delegation To The Hague

BATAVIA, July 27, (Reuter): The conference of non-Republican Indonesian leaders in Bandoeng, West Java, will shortly send a nine-man delegation to the Hague to explain proposals already sent to the Dutch Government for an interim political reconstruction of Indonesia, it was authoritatively learned here today.

As a new Dutch Cabinet has still to be formed following the recent elections, the talks will take place with Parliamentary leaders.

The Bandoeng Conference proposed last week the creation of a Presidential Triumvirate for an interim period during which a Dutch Government representative would be empowered to veto its decisions.

The present Provisional Government at Batavia would act merely as an Executive body, while a two-Chamber Parliament was being established.

The non-Republican leaders this morning met Indonesia's Provisional Federal Government.

M. Merremans, Belgian member of the United Nations Security Council Good Offices Committee dealing with the Indonesian question, left for Brussels this morning for talks with the Belgian Government.

M. Merremans will probably also meet the Dutch Premier Dr. Louis Beel.

U.N. COMMISSION CHARGES DUTCH

LAKE SUCCESS, July 26. (UPA): The United Nations Good Offices Commission in Indonesia today charged that the Dutch have used armed force to blockade the Republic thereby causing "grave" hardships to the 80,000,000 natives.

They said that the trade restrictions, backed by the Dutch Navy, "give civil and military authorities in the Netherlands absolute control" over trade in the island Republic.

This total embargo on the Republic's trade caused severe shortages of medical supplies as well as machinery and other goods needed to repair the war havoc in Indonesia.

This firm and unequivocal support of Indonesin charges that the Dutch have clamped a blockade during the six months truce, came as the Security Council prepared to consider Tuesday why mediation efforts have failed.

REORGANISATION OF CONGRESS SEVA DAL

NEW DELHI, July 27 (API): The Secretaries of the All-India Congress Committee have recommended that the Congress Seva Dal, a volunteers organisation with a membership of 150,000 should be reorganised on a permanent basis. This organisation, which is popularly known as the "Army of Peace" was set up last year on a temporary basis to fight communal violence and maintain peace. Dr. N. S. Hardikar, the original founder of the organisation, will be entrusted with the task of its reorganisation.

In this connection Mr. P. Chakravarty, Office Secretary of the A. I. C. C. said: "Though organised by a political party the Congress Seva Dal will not be a party organisation in a narrow sense"

Kalyan Students' Hartal

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, July 24.

About 1,000 students of two High Schools of Kalyan observed a day's protest strike against the increase of school fees of all Standards from the 1st August, 1948, by the managements of the Schools.

The organisers of the General Education Institutes, Dadar, and the headmasters of the local high schools in a hand bill explained to the parents of the students under what conditions they have to increase the school fees and requested their full co-operation.

Apologia For Increase In Kalyan Taxes

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, July 23.

The President Kalyan Borough Municipality Dr. B. K. Modak, has issued a pamphlet addressing the citizens of Kalyan explaining the difficult financial situation of the Municipal Administration which necessitated increase of taxes on certain items and new taxation on some other items. The Government have given its consent for the new taxation and increased taxes after reviewing the affairs of the Municipality.

The President says the taxes charged by the Kalyan Municipality are far lower than those of any other Municipality. Taxes on latrines would be charged now on Thana Municipality model

SCIENTISTS MUST BE FREE OF GOVT. INTERFERENCE

They Must Guide The Young People, Says C. V. Raman

WASHINGTON, July 26. (Reuter): Sir C. V. Raman noted Indian physicist, told a press conference here that scientists must be free of Government interference if they were to do their best. This, he said, was one of the reasons for the United States scientific achievements.

He said the Government of India was enthusiastic about science, knowing the degree to which it could improve man's physical lot

Among his beliefs as a scientist were that men of science should bring help and guidance to young people; that no man of science had done his duty unto he saw to it that the result of scientific study was brought to everyone.

Sir C. V. Raman has been visiting Washington to attend the first meeting of the Advisory Council of the International Bank. He leaves tomorrow to attend the first international conference of Chrystallographers at Havard University.

New French Cabinet

PARIS, July 26 (Reuter): French Radical Prime Minister Andre Marie announced to-night he had successfully formed a cabinet.

The list he presented to President Vincent Auriol was:

Ministers of State—Henri Queuille (Radical) and Paul Ramadier (Socialist.)

Minister of Finance and National Economy— Paul Reynaud (Independent Republican).

Twelve other ministers of Cabinet rank;

National Defence—Rene Mayor (Radical Interior—Jules Moch (Socialist); Industrial Production—Robert Pierre Pflimlim (M.R.P.) Public Works—Christian Pineau (Socialist).

LABOUR—Daniel Mayer (Socialist). VETERANS—Andre Maroselli (Radical); OVERSEAS TERRITORIES—Paul Coste-Floret (M.R.P.): JUSTICE —Robert Lecourt (M.R.P.): NATIONAL EDUCATION:—Yvon Delbos (Radical); RECONSTRUCTION:—Rene Coty (Independent Republican), HEALTH:—Pierre Schneiter (Popular Republican); SECRETARIES OF STATE: POSTS, TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES—Eugene Thomas (Socialist); DEFENCE—Johannes Dupraz (Radical) and Maurice Dourges Manoury (Radical).

Vice-Premiers: Pierre Henry Teitgen (M.R.P.) and Leon Blum (Socialist).

FOREIGN AFFAIRS: Robert Schuman (M.R.P.).

U. N. COMMISSION VANGUARD FOR KASHMIR

NEW DELHI, July 27 (UPI) The advance party of the United Nations Kashmir Commission left for Jammu at 9-30 a.m. today to study the military situation in the Jammu and Kashmir State.

The party consisted of Major F. M. Simon, adviser to the U.S. Delegate, Mr. H. Graeffe, alternate Delegate, (Belgium), and Mr. Richard Symonds of the Commission Secretariat.

It is expected that the advance party of the Commission will spend about a week in Kashmir before returning to New Delhi.

Mr. Ghulam Mohd. Baksi, Deputy Premier of Jammu and Kashmir State, who left New Delhi for Jammu yesterday, will receive the U.N. Advance Party on behalf of the Kashmir Government.

VISIT TO RAJGHAT

It is understood that members of the United Nations Commission will pay a visit to Raj Ghat on Thursday, July 29 to place wreath at the platform where the Father of the Indian National-Mahatma Gandhi-was cremated.

MESSERVY'S DENIAL

COLOMBO, July 27, (Reuter): Lt-Gen. Sir Frank Messervy, former Commander-in-Chief, Pakistan Army, today denied reports that he would succeed the late Sir Edward Ghent as Malayan High Commissioner.

HOUSING AND DOCTORS

Dr. B. R. Nayen, Hon. Joint Secretary Bombay Medical Association (Indian Medical Association Bombay Branch) writes:—

With the present difficulties of housing accommodation in the city of Bombay the number of the medical profession are actually stranded. Population of the city has increased enormously. Needs for the medical relief and aid have also increased proportionately. But the large number of doctors in the city are actually on the verge of ruin of their professional career for want of living, accommodation and also for their dispensaries and consulting rooms. Government must consider this question seriously and arrange to allot accommodation to doctors with priority. The authorities will be helping the ailing public of the city by doing so.

IN BATTLE AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA

Bozman Pleads For Full Indo-Pakistan Co-operation

LONDON, July 27 (Reuter): Mr Geoffrey Bozman, a former secretary of the Indian Overseas Department, today spoke of the opportunity for "whole-hearted and immediate co-operation between India and Pakistan over the question of South Africa.

Speaking here at a joint meeting of the East India Association and the Overseas League, he said, "The new South African Government are reported as having decided not to implement that part of the 1946 Act which accorded direct representation to Indians in the Union Parliament and the Natal Provincial Council. Here is a case where absolute unity of purpose and concerted action are called for from India and Pakistan.

"It is my belief that practical co-operation in this field must inevitably lead to similar co-operation in wider fields. There will also be a strong stimulus for the two Governments to achieve even closer co-operation in their commercial and economic policies".

Right Of Citizenship Of West Bengal

CALCUTTA, July 27 (UPI)—As regards the right of citizenship of West Bengal according to the Draft Constitution, the West Bengal Premier Dr. B. C. Roy made the following statement at a press conference at Writers Building yesterday:

"Any person shall not be qualified to be included in the electoral roll in and electoral unit unless he has a place of residence in that unit and has resided in such place for a period of not less than 180 days in the financial year ended March 31, 1948 For this purpose a person shall be deemed to have resided in a place if he sometimes uses it as a sitting place and a person shall not be deemed to cease to reside in a place merely because he is absent from it or had another dwelling in which he resides, if he is at liberty to return to the place at any time and has not abandoned his intention of returning."

As regards refugees' right of citizenship, Dr. Roy stated that a according to the recent direction of the Government of India, it has been decided for the present that refugees should be registered in the electoral roll on a mere declaration by them of their intention to reside permanently in the town or village concerned irrespective of the actual period of residing. Such enrolment is liable to revision in due time in accordance to the electoral rules when enacted.

NO CHANGE IN LEBANON'S POLICY

BEIRUT, July 27, (Reuter): The Lebanese Prime Minister, Riad-el-Solh, who is forming a new Government declared today that there would be no change in the Government's policy concerning Palestine.

Riad-el-Solh's Cabinet resigned yesterday, but political observers described the changes as merely a "reshuffle."

The present truce in Palestine, he said, was only a temporary "cease-fire", pending the acceptance of the principle of stopping immigration into Palestine. Otherwise Arab armies were ready to resume fighting.

BR. PACIFIC FLEET IN JAPANESE WATERS

TOKYO, July 27, (Reuter) Units of the British Pacific Fleet from Hongkong, among them the cruiser SUSSEX wearing the flag of Rear Admiral R. D. Oliver, have arrived at Kure for exercises in Japanese waters.

On Thursday the SUSSEX is due to leave for Yokosuka near Tokyo.

Calcutta Stock Exchange Chief On Thomas Report

Too Much Interference Will Restrict Normal Activity

CALCUTTA, July 27

The President of the Calcutta Stock Exchange Association, Mr. B N. Chaturvedi has expressed the view that the report of Dr. K. J. Thomas, Economic Adviser to the ministry of Finance, Government of India, on the regulation of the stock markets in India, "cannot be taken as the basis of any legislation which may be in contemplation by the Government."

Mr. Chaturvedi said it had happily been recognised that the stock exchange is "closely intermeshed with the gears that drive the wheels of industry and commerce", while he agreed with Dr. Thomas that the central legislature may promulgate certain basic rules for control of the stock exchange in general, he was "definitely opposed to too much interference with the internal administration of stock exchanges by legislation as that would definitely result in restriction of the normal activity of the market adversely affecting the fluidity of capital and stultifying the growth of industry and the credit structure of the country". He hoped that whenever promulgation of any legislation was taken up by the Government for regulation of stock exchanges, the represnetatives of the stock exchanges would ze consuted.

Mr. Chaturvedi agreed with the suggestion that no competing stock exchange should be premitted in one and the same city as that would give rise to unhealthy speculation and manipulation of rates. As regards the suggestion for licensing stock exchanges opinion could not be expressed either way unless the terms of licensing were disclosed for consideration.

COMPULSORY MARGIN

"The suggestion for imposing sales tax would be another clog in the wheel of the capital market which has almost come to a standstill. The suggestion of compulsory margin in respect of stock exchange transactions would definitely restrict what little business there is in the present depressed state of the market. But I must say that should a margin be prescribed in respect of bankers' advances on stocks and shares under the direction of the Reserve Bank of India, it would be useful if based on the intrinsic value of industrial shares and not on their present market value."

Other points mentioned by Mr. Chaturvedi included:—

Restricting the life of blank transfer to two months only would again reduce business to zero. The life of such transfers should not be curtailed below six months. In regard to the suggestion that forward transactions should be abolished and ready delivery should be enforced, Mr. Chaturvedi observed: "ours being a cash market we cannot have any objection to the ready delivery system being inaugurated, but in defining ready delivery the period should be such as would make it possible for parties in southern India or East Punjab to put securities in the hands of their Calcutta broker."

RECKLESS OPERATORS

Referring to Dr. Thomas' opinion that the market was pushed up by reckless bull operators to unwarranted heights and hammered down by bear syndicates, Mr. Chaturvedi said: "the wide fluctuation in the stock market in recent times is due more to govrnmental actions in making various divergent professions of industrial policies from time to time, trotting out impracicable schemes like profit sharing schemes by labour and general political and economic conditions prevailing in the country. The bulls and bears are not so much the althore of speculation as are some of the policy makers of the Government."

JUNAGADH GOVERNMENT REFUTES ALLEGATIONS

"Communist And Goonda" Who Sent Atrocity Stories To U. N. Commission

JUNAGADH, July 27 (UPI) : The Junagadh State Government has issued the following statement today:—

According to "The Dawn" of Karachi, dated the 18th July, 1948, Osman Khandwala, Secretary, Junagadh State Muslim Committee of Karachi, has sent a telegram to the President of the United Nations' Commission informing him of horrible atrocities committed by the Indian administration in Junagadh State.

These allegations are grossly false, concocted and without an iota of truth. No mosque or Islamic shrine has been converted into a temple. There has been no planned extermination or liquidation of even one Muslim. On the contrary the total Muslim population of Junagadh probably exceeds the original population as large numbers of Muslims have come or returned from Pakistan where they felt neglected

VERAVAL TROUBLE

On the 9th July, 1948, in the communal clash at Veraval only one casualty, namely one Hindu killed by police firing, occurred. No woman, Hindu or Muslim, was insulted or molested

When Sardar Patel visited Veraval, no Muslim was harassed and no mosque was razed to the ground. Sardar Patel was received and welcomed by several Muslims.

The Indian Union Government did not illegally set up administration in Junagadh. The Nawab's Government invited the Government of India, through the Regional Commission, in writing, to take over the administration.

Osman Khandwala was a leading Communalist and "goonda", and held secret meetings in Veraval to overthrow the Government of India.

ADMINISTRATION OF STATES' UNION

Special Officer To Repon To India Government

INDORE, July 27 (A.P.I) : Mr M J. Desai, special officer of the State Ministry who has been deputed to report on the administrative machinery of the newly constituted States' Unions in India, said in an interview today that he would be submitting his findings by August 5 to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, States Minister, Government of India, and Mr V P Menon, States Secretary

Mr Desai, who left today for Gwalior after a four-day visit to Indore discussed here with Pandit Liladhar Joshi, Prime Minister of the Madhya Bharat Union, Mr V. S. Khode, Deputy Prime Minister, and other members of the Cabinet, problems arising out of the merger of the 21 States of the Union He had also talks on the question of fixing the revenue for the Jahagirdars, many of whom have still to surrender their powers and who number over 600

Mr. Desai, who has so far visited Saurashtra, Vindhya Pradesh and Rajasthan, will spend three days in Gwalior before proceeding to Alwar State, a component of the Matsya Union, on July 30 He will return to New Delhi on August 3

Mr. Desai said he would leave for London by air on August 17 to take over his new post as Indian Trade Commissioner in the United Kingdom.

PRICE OF CANADIAN NEWSPRINT RAISED

MONTREAL, July 27 (UPA) : The International Paper Company and Consolidated Paper Corporation announced today that the price of newsprint will be raised four dollars per ton effective August 1

The increase puts the rate at dol. 100 a ton in the United States — over 166 per cent above the 1935 rates.

CEMENT FACTORY AT SIRMUR

SIMLA, July 26 (A.P.I.) : A cement factory has been established in Sirmur, where a factory to work "Jipsum" limestone and other minerals is also being established. Figures are being worked out for setting up a soda ash, caustic soda and other alkaline chemicals factory in Mandi.

Four Districts In Himachal Pradesh

SIMLA, July 27 (A.P.I.) : Himachal Pradesh, the new province formed out of the Union of Simla States, has now been divided for administrative convenience into four districts under Deputy Commissioners and the whole of the Province has been brought under the Indian Police Act 1868.

Simla is the district headquarters for Mahasu and comprises the States adjoining Simla. Similarly Mahan is headquarters for Sirmur district; Mandi and Sukat States: and Chamsa for Chamsa district.

Two district jails have been established at Chamba and Mahan and a number of sub-jails are expected to be set up shortly

MANILA, July 27 (UPA) : Philippine-Norwegian relations were formally established this afternoon when Minister Nicolai Aall presented his credentials to President Elpidio Quirino in a brief ceremony at the Malacanan Palace.

DARLINGTON, July 27 (Reuter) : Norman Frederick Malan, 24-year-old goalkeeper, who had been with middlesbrough for the past three years since arriving from South Africa was signed by Darlington Northern League or

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BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Tata Steel Shares Improve On Dividend Declaration

Bombay, July 27.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was favourably influenced by declaration of dividend on Tata Steel Defd shares Rs. 64-15 and Rs. 14 on Ordinary shares. These figures were higher than general expectation and naturally induced some covering. However there was absence of any important buying urge. Buyers are inclined to await clarification of what exactly is meant by profit sharing by labour and fair return on capital. Internal political developments also exert their influence and now the market will be interested in the Government decision on the report of regulation of stock markets.

Under such uncertain problems the market is not likely to show any important departure. The general tendency is in favour of selling on advances.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1625 against yesterday's close at Rs. 1602-8 and moved within a narrow range of rupees five touching Rs. 1620. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 319 and quietened at Rs. 317. This narrow movement indicates absence of fresh business.

Cotton Mill shares also failed to show any important change. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1087-8 and were quietly steady at Rs. 1082 while Kohinoors were done at Rs. 324.

Later on there was scattered selling and Defds declined at Rs. 1615 and steadied at Rs. 1617-8. Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 317. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1078-12 and Kohinoors were done at Rs. 322-8. Swadeshi shares were quoted at Rs. 610 and Simplex shares changed hands at Rs. 212. Associated Cements were placed at Rs. 166-8 and Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 26-6.

FORWARD SECTION

COTTON MILLS

	Rs.	a.
Bombay Dycing (12-8 17-8)	1078	12
Kohinoor Mills (6-12) X.R.	323	0
Swadeshi Mills (22)	610	8
Central Indian Mills (4)	293	0
Simplex Mills	212	00
New Great Eastern (10)	164	0
Gokak Mills (3)	314	0
Indore-Malwa (21)	527	8
Century Spinning (15)	531	4
Colaba Land and Mill (1) X.R.	173	12
Indian Breaching (6) X.D.	189	0
Swan Mills (20)	355	0
Finlay Mills (15)	318	0
Morarji Goculdas (5)	508	12
Edward Sassoon (30)	535	0
Meyer Mills (12)	152	8
Apollo Mills (14)	3-8-6	
India United Ord. (013-9)	13	14
India United Defd. (02-6)	2	7 6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	241	4
Podar (S)	173	12
Khatau Makanjee (8)	263	12

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. (19)	317	0
Tata Steel Dfd. (100-13)	1617	8
Tata Steel Second Pref. (7 1/2)	140	0

CEMENTS

Associated Cement (8)	166	12

INDUSTRIES

Burma (12-8)	411	4
Belapur Sugar (12) X.R.	287	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	36	0
Scindia Steam (1-4)	26	6
Premier Construction	191	0
Tata Chemicals	16	0
Tata Oil (2)	57	0
Indian Iron (0-6)	25	2
Bengal Steel (0-8)	20	13

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro (4-8)	164	8
Andhra Valley (45)	1518	12
Tata Power (50)	1642	8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5) X.D.	79	0
Phoenix Mills (50)	446	4
Indian Manufacturing	4260	0
Koorla Mills (5) X.R.	147	8
Dawn Mills (40)	1545	0
David Mills (6)	191	4
New City Mills (10)	206	4
Minerva Mills (12)	188	12
Bradbury Mills	680	0
Bharucha Dfd. (0-4)	5	5
Bharat Mills (2)	38	12
Mysore Spg. Mills (5)	200	0
Madhovji Dharamsi (0-12)	15	2
Model Mills (12-8)	186	4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	757	8
Vishnu Cotton (8)	291	4
Western India (40)	4010	0
Standard Mills (15)	580	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	4520	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0/8)	19	0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4185	0
Tata Mills (3)	72	0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	275	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3)	85	8
New Union Mills (0-8)	12	4
Madhusudan B. (2/8)	47	0
Shrinivas Mills (5)	195	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	126	4
Berar Mills	265	0
Victoria Mills	225	0
Colaba Land Coupon	40	0

ELECTRIC SHARES

Ahmedabad Electric (3-8)	115	3
Surat Electricity (2-8)	146	4
Karachi Electric Supply (2)	137	8
Broach Elec. Supply (0/5)	10	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	1/8	6
Amalgamated (0-12)	13	4
Nagpur Electricity (1/12)	53	8
Poona Electric Supply (5)	155	0
Bombay Suburban Old (3)	150	0
Bombay Suburban New (2)	151	4

BANK SHARES

Reserve Bank (2-12) X.D.	115	0
Imperial Bank of India (35) X.D.	2065	0
Imperial Bank P.P. (8-12)	513	12
Central Bank Old (1-8)	89	0
Central Bank New (1-8)	90	0
Bank of India (4) X.R.	212	0
Union Bank of India	9	8
Bank of Baroda (3-8)	165	0
Habib Bank (4)	163	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1/8)	52	0
United Commercial (1-8)	62	8
Jaipur Bank (1/6)	48	0
Hindustan Commercial	28	8
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Exhange Bank of I. & A. (1/8)	38	0
Eastern Bank (0/14/6)	105	0
Bank of India Coupon	37	80

INSURANCE SHARES

Oriental Life (125)	5075	0
Empire of India (10)	700	0
New India Assurance (1-8)	67	0
Jupiter General (1/4)	25	0
Vulcan Insurance (0/10)	13	4
Indian Mercantile (2)	44	0
Universal Fire (0/4)	11	4
British India General (/12)	24	0
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune Assurance	2	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	21	4

RAILWAY SHARES

Central Provinces (1/4)	109	0
Mymensingh Rebate (2)	103	8
Mymensingh Guaranteed (1/4)	103	12
Pachora-Jamner Rly. (2/8)	107	0

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES

Alcock Ashdown (15)	310	0
Bombay Steamer (28)	620	0
Bombay Burma New (5)	147	8
British Burma Petrol	2	3 3
Mackenzie (6)	90	0
Port Canning (6)	76	0
Kemp and Co. (30)	475	0
Kemp and Co new	462	8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	155	0
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	100	0
Western India Match (7-5)	296	4
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	43	0
Mukund Iron	10	0
Dena Trust (0/12)	21	0
Alembic Chemical (15)	257	8
Supreme India	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	108	4
Bombay Uganda	69	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	42	0
Walchand Nagar Industries	237	8
United Motor	74	0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	107	12
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	910	0
Hydary Construction	19	0
Mahmadi Steam	95	0
Gujarat Motor	25	2
Sardar Carbonic	750	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	51	0
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	120	0

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st (6)	192	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1260	0
Tata Power (7/8)	1322	8
Hydro Electric (7)	133	12
Bombay Steamer (6)	307	8
Central India (5)	641	4
Swadeshi Mills	146	4
Vishnu Mills (7)	640	0
Lakshmi Mills	280	0
New Great Mills (5/8)	222	8
Poddar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	113	2
Bradbury Mills (7/8)	370	0
Surat Electricity (3/4)	131	4
Premier Construction 1st (6½)	122	8
Premier Construction 2nd (6/4)	122	8
Amalgamated (5/8)	123	2
Habib	72	0
Tata Chemical (5)	135	0
Walchand Nagar Indus. (7)	250	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	120	0
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	127	8
Mackenzie 2nd	125	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	8
Khatau Mills	105	0

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4)	102	12
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4/8)	104	8
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	111	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	117	0

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper (6-1-9)	2	8
British India Corporation (0-10)	7	14
Burma Corporation	3	1
New Victoria Mill	3	12
New Victoria Mill Pref.	5	4
Phalton Sugar (8)	128	0
Gold Mohur (20)	325	0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	375	0
Sajjan Mills (3)	225	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	195	0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	205	0
Air Service	11	4
Ambica Air Lines	16	0
Air India	141	4
Hind Motor	6	0
India Steam	10	7

GOVERNMENT LOANS

Bombay, July 27.

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	14
2 1/4 per cent 1950	101	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	8
2 3/4 per cent 1960	100	6
2 3/4 per cent 1962	100	2
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	14
3 per cent Non-Terminable	99	0
3 per cent 1936 Con.	99	2
3 per cent 1949-52	101	11
3 per cent 1951-54	102	11
3 per cent 1953-56	102	13
3 per cent 1957	102	8
3 per cent 1959-61	102	4
3 per cent 1963-65	101	6
3 per cent 1966-68	101	10
3 per cent 1970-75	100	6
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	105	5
4 per cent 1948-53	101	6
4 per cent 1960-70	110	12
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	116	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	6

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98	0
2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961	98	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	98	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	101	8
3 per cent Bombay 1958	101	12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6
3 per cent Punjab 1949	98	14
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6
4 per cent N. W. F. 1952	99	10
4 per cent U. P. 1961-56	100	0
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D	111	0
4 per cent Bombay Municipality 1959	115	0
5 per cent Municipality 1954	116	0
3 1/4 per cent New Municipal 1977	101	0
6 per cent K. P. T.	112	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Short Covering After Early Decline

BOMBAY, July 27.

The local cotton market was fairly steady today during the early part today with moderate businesss passing. Recent rains over Gujarat have relieved the situation and the marked is inclined to book profits with a view to replace on declines as the statistical position of cotton is healthy.

The market opened quiet at Rs. 634 against yesterday's close at Rs. 637-8 for September delivery and declined at Rs. 632 on scattered selling. At this level there appeared moderate covering and September option advanced at Rs. 635. The demand was satisfied and the market reacted at Rs. 634 with mixed trading.

Thereafter there was increased selling pressure and September declined at Rs. 627-8. Scattered covering rallied the market at Rs. 629. Towards the close prices improved at Rs. 632 and closing quotation at 4-30 p.m. was as under:—

I.C.C. September 632 0 0

FLUCTUATIONS ON SEPTEMBER
Opening Rs. 634, 632, 635, 631, 634, 627-8, 629, 626, to close Rs. 632.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.
Indian Cotton September Contract is 756 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

Metal Market

BOMBAY, July 27.

The Shravan dely.	61	0	0
Copper Sharavan dely.	89	4	0

The market finally closed as under.

Ready Silver	176	10	0
Forward Silver	174	2	0
Ready Gold	113	7	0
Forward Gold	113	1	0
Soevereigns	75	0	0

Italian Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, July 27.

150 D. July	4	5	6
150 D. August	4	2	0
150 D. Ready	4	6	0
120 D. Ready	4	15	0
20 22 Yellow Silk			
Ready	22	14	0
July	23	0	0
August	22	2	0

Sugar Market

BOMBAY, July 27.

Small Grain	111	8	0
Medium	114	0	0
Big Grain	115	8	0
Extra Bib	118	0	0
August dely.	33	14	0
October dely.	37	15	0
January dely.	33	5	0

PEPPER PRICES

BOMBAY, July 27.

Bhavan dely.	1243 to 1248
Per Cwt	1243 to 1248
Bhadarva	242 to 243

Cutch Hundi

BHUJ, July 26.

Hundi Buyers	307
Hundi Sellers	308
Gold	110
Silver	167

Calicut Market

CALICUT, July 27.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145; Quilandy 145/155; Fibre Garbled 105; Ungarbled 95; Cocoanuts Raw 110; Dry 150; Cocoanutoil 470; Copra Office 316; Dilpasand 325; Madrasnottam 330; Pepper Wynaad 1350; Country 1325; Dry Ginger Chernad 400; Ernad 375; Coffee Robusta 160; Timber Pali 50/57/8; Junglewood 20/30; Vellapine 40/50; Benteak 35/45; Teak 90/125; Mango 3/4; Teak 16/22/8; Rosewood 12/20.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.
BOMBAY, July 27.

Tata Ordinary 317; Tata Deferred 1617/8; Indian Iron 25/2; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20/12; Bombay Dyeing 1078/12; Central India 293/2; Gokak 313/12; Kohinoor 323/2; Simplex 212; Swadeshi 610; Tata Power 1642/8; Associated Cement 166/12; Belapur 287; Bombay Burma (Old) 409/6; Scindia 20/6, Central Bank 89; New India 67; Tata 2nd Pref. 140.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, July 26.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	76-3/8
Conversion Loan, 3-1/2 p c 1961	104-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	102-3/4
Funding Loan, 4 p c 1960/90	113-1/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	114-1/2
National Bank of India	34-1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,604.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 27.

The bullion market witnessed irregular price movement today. Silver prices declined on moderate selling pressure but gold is hardening under improved demand.

Forward silver opened at Rs. 174 and declined at Rs. 173-4 on moderate pressure but rallied at Rs. 173-8 on short covering. Spot silver was quoted at a premium of Rs. 2/10 at Rs. 176-2.

Forward gold opened today at Rs. 112-12 and improved at Rs. 113 under slightly improved support. At the rise there was scattered realising and the market reacted at Rs. 112-14. Spot gold was quoted at Rs. 113-4 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74-12.

The market finally closed at under.

Ready Silver	176	10	0
Forward Silver	174	1	0
Ready Gold	113	7	0
Silver Gold	113	1	0
overeigns	75	0	0

NEW YORK SILVER.
NEW YORK, July 26.

U. S. price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION.
LONDON, July 26.

Gold Bars fine per ounce £8/12/3. Silver: Spot and Forward both 45 pence.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, July 26.

T. T. London on :—
New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

Sale Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 27th July. Total amount offered was Rs. 8,50,50,000-0-0. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-6 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-3 were allotted approximately 90 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 4,00,00,000-0-0, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-6-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Six Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills be received on Tuesday, the 3rd August up to 11 a.m. at Bombay, and up to the close of business on Monday, the 2nd August, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 6th August.

During the week ended the 23rd July, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,72,50,000-0-0 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, July 27

Market opened higher than last closing particularly in steel on announcement of dividend but general trend being not to follow the rise gain was not fully sustained. Textiles were quiet.

Calico opened 1275, highest 1278; lowest 1270, closed 1271.

Ambika opened 461 highest 464, closed 463.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1658; Ambika 463 Calico 1271, Deferred 1614; Mahalaxmi 610. New Cotton 475, Bhalakia 184 (X.D. and X.R.) Ashok 650, New National 510.

PRODUCE MARKET

Castorseeds Strong On Heavy Buyers

Bombay, July 27.

The market was firm under active manipulation by professional operators The Board has fixed the maximum price of Rs. 155 for September Castorseeds and Bulls are making strong efforts to secure this rate on the clearing day which falls on the 30th instant. Castorseeds September delivery opened to-day at Rs. 153-12 and after improving at Rs. 154-4 steadied at Rs. 154-2. Later on there was extensive buying and prices advanced at Rs. 159-8. Groundnuts and Linseed section were steady. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:—			
Khandesh quality	Rs. 34	8	0
Coromandel ready	34	0	0
Bold ready	33	4	0
June-July	33	10	0
CASTORSEEDS:—			
Ready	29	4	0
September	158	10	0
LINSEEDS:—			
Ready	28	2	0
September	28	11	0
OILS:—			
Groundnut ready	20	4	0
Groundnut August	18	11	0
Groundnut September	18	10	0
Groundnut October	19	0	0
Groundnut November	19	2	0
Linseed Oil	18	10	0
Castorseed First Pressing	18	8	0
Castorseeds Commercial Quality	16	8	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
BOMBAY, July 27.

Cotton Bales	4607
Linseed	5232
Groundnuts	16752
Gram	2819
Castorseeds	333
Mahooda	80
Cottonseed	1654
Sugar	2664

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, July 27.

45X11	
Ready	113
July/Sept.	110-1/2
Oct./Dec.	111 0 0
D. W. 40X28	
Ready	114
July/Sept.	131 8 0

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, July 27.

Cotton Sind NT 93; Punjab 289 F 107; LSS 94; Four 82; New Crop Sind NT Oct./Nov. 92; Rates very steady.

Spot business bales 1065 of LSS and 4 F cottons.

Arrivals bales 558.

Exports (two days) bales 11490 Cottonseeds NT 9, Rapeseeds 189, principally for China and Russia.

Firm. Moderate demand.

Gold Tejabi 108, Sovereigns 73/12; Silver coins 126/8. Easy.

STOCK EXCHANGE: Pakistan State Bank 100, Habib Bank 167. Habib Insurance 75, Muhammadi Steamship 97/8, Orient Airways 24; Three present 1960, Government loan 100/8, Tone steady quiet.

American Markets Await Truman's Recommendations To Special Congress

COTTON PRICES DECLINE ON HEDGE SELLING AND FAVOURABLE CROP NEWS

NEW YORK, July 26.

COTTON: After early indecision prices sagged quietly on continued favourable crop weather news. The uncertainties in connection with the special session of Congress appeared to have off-set any enthusiasm aroused by the re-entry of the soap export market for approximately 50,000 bales for Japan, E. C. A. allotments of 63,000,000 dollars to China for third-quarter purchases of cotton and other commodities and expectations of a higher mid-July parity price. Local support eventually steadied the market. Prices drifted during late dealings reflecting light hedging in a vulnerable market with the easier grain and security markets plus uncertainties over Truman's Congressional message tomorrow curbing speculative activity. The session closed barely steady. Sales are estimated at 70,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSING.
New York, July 26.

October	32.10—15
October Highest	32.27+02
October Lowest	32.10—15
December	32.06—14
March	32.00—13
May	31.87—11
July	31.37—16
Middling Spot	33.90—25

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSING.
New York, July 26.

October	32.09—16
December	32.05—06
March	31.99—07
May	31.87—07
Middling Spot	32.85—15

WALL STREET MARKET.

STOCKS were fractionally irregular despite further easing in the tension over the Berlin situation with traders dispose to await President Truman's recommendations to the special session of Congress tomorrow. Aircrafts were supported on the news that the air-force would purchase 5,000 engines during the current fiscal year at a cost of 367,000,000 dollars. The averages were industrials 185.02 and rails 61.05. Prices fluctuated narrowly around the noon levels in one of the slowest sessions for sometime. Some specialities notably aircrafts, continued in demand with Douglas aircrafts gaining one point to 57. General Motors were fractionally higher reflecting the eight per cent price increase in the corporation's passenger cars. Steels, rails, oils and minings were fractionally lower attributed more to lack of interest than any selling pressure. Towards close, pressure against leading pivotals, notably rails, steels, motors and rails, increased slightly and prices finished around the day's low levels with losses of fractions to one point. The session closed barely steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, July 26.

American Telephone and Telegraph	153-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	27-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-1/2
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	49-5/8
General Electric Co.	39-5/8
General Motors	62-5/8
Ingersoll Rand Newstock	71
International Nickel	31-1/2
New York Central Railroad Co.	17
Union Carbide Newstock	41-1/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	76-5/8
Western Union Telegraph	21-3/4

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Chicago Grains eased under the leadership of maize reflecting rather general selling influenced by light to heavy rains overnight in the maize belt together with private advices of excellent crop prospects. Commercial interests supported wheat against very heavy domestic and export flour business last week.

CHICAGO WHEAT.
CHICAGO, July 26.

September	2.29-7/8.
December	2.30-7/8.
May	2.25.
July	unquoted.

LONDON WHEAT.
London, July 26.

London	Australian	Wheat (bulk)
f.o.b.	10s Oct.-Nov.	

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 27.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/8/6
Bharat 38/8 38/12
B. Dyeing 1087/8 80 82/8 78/12
Bharucha Defd. 5/6 5/5
C. India 295 96 93 94 92 93
Century 531/4
Colaba 173/12
Elphinstone Ord. 79
Finlay 319 17/8 18
Gokak 314
I. U. Defd. 2/7/6 2/8 2/7/6
I. U. Ord. 13/15 13/14
Indore 527/8
Kohinoor 324 22 24/8 21/8 23
Laxmi 757/8
Meyer 152/8
Model 186/4
Morarji 508/12
New City 206/4
New Great 165 64 65 64
New Union 12/4
Podar 173/12
Sholapur 4510 20
Simplex 213 12
Swadeshi 610 9 11 9/8 10/8
Swan 355
Tata Mills 72 72/8 72
Vishnu 292/8 87/8 91/4

BANKS

Baroda 165
Central 89/4
Imperial Old 2062/8, 67/8, 65
Imperial New 512/8, 13/2, 12/8, 13/12 (Ex Div)
India 212
Reserve 113/8, 13/8, 14/8, 15
Union 9/8
U. Commercial 62, 62/8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 115, 14/6, 15
Andhravalley 1518/12, 16/4, 18/12
B. Suburban 150
Karachi 136/14, 37/8
Surat 149/6, 52/8
Hydro 165, 64, 64/8
Power 1635 32/8 42/8

INSURANCE

I. Mercantile 44
New India 67 66/8 67/4 67

STEAMER

B. Steam 622/8 25 21/4 22/8 20
Scindia 26/7 26/5 26/6

STEEL

B. Steel 20/12 20/14 20/13
I. Iron 25/4 25/2
Tata Defd. 1625 27/8 16/4 17/8
Tata Ord. 320 16/8 17
Tata 2nd Pref. 140

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 312/8 10
A. C. C. (Old) 167 66/8 66/12
A. C. C. (New) 107/12
Belapur 290 87
B. B. (Old) 412/8 13/12 11/4
B. B. (New) 148/12 46/4 48/12 47/8
B. B. Petrol 2/3 2/3/3
I. Bleaching 190 91 89
I. I. Trust 100
P. Const. 191 90/8 91
Shivrajpur 36
Tata Chem. 16/3 16
Tata (Pref.) 137/8 35
Tata Oil 57 58 57
Wimco 296/4

SPECIAL.

India Bank Coupon 37/8 38/8 37/8
Laxmi (Pref.) 282/8 80
Muhammodi Steam 95
Haydari Const. 19
Mckenzie 90
Jaipur Bank 48

Shipping News

IMPORTS

S. S. EXCHANGE

From New York:—35 bdls sugar sups; 37 ctns battery hydrometers with float; 36 perils conepowder; 208 ctns recording blanks; 153 bails coaltardyes, 53 cases corbonizing liske; 310 bdls galvanized wire; 237 casks pharmacenticals; 87 drums aniline dyes; 53 cases lag bolts; 39 drums toilet dressing sheets of plastic; 50 boxes beam boards; 206 cases textile winding machinery and parts; 30 cases printing books; 55 cases standard type writers; 44 drums sodium hydro sulphide; 560 drums caustic soda flakes; 289 cases carriage bolts and nuts; 101 cases sul wood screws; 34 drums congored; 56 ballets reclaimed rubber; 25 cases medicines; 300 drums white petroleum mineral oil; 34 cases air conditioning machines; 6 5 drums lubricating oil; 109 boxes lathes and accessories; 174 bags zinc oxide, 422 drums dues paint; 364 drums caustic soda; 711 bags soda ash; 300 drums white ket oil; 69 cases kerosene pumps; 223 bdls pipe fittings; 163 cases nitroisaqer pigment; 9820 ingot bars of copper.

From Philadelpnia:—93 drums aniline dyes, 29 boxes handsaws; 899 ctns lubricating; 93 ctns glassware; 310 drums dydrosulphate of soda.

From Battimore:— 1110 spodys bulb wire! 800 bags soda ash; 282 contenors tin plate.

From Norfolk:—117 drums caustic soap; 50 drums caustic soda flakes, 287 bags suhttle blocks.

From Aden—27 bolts copper crapes; 34 bdls. brass scrapers, 52 screws oil empty drums.

EXPORTS

S. S. KHAIRALA

To Mombassa— 11 bales cotton piecegoods— R. Meghji, 9 bales cotton piecegoods—P. Haridas and Co. 8 bales cotton piecegoods— M. J. H. Kapadia and Co. 21 bales cotton piecegoods— International Export and Import Co. 13 bales cotton piecegood —Premchand Trading Co. 14 bales cotton piecegoods — S. O. Manekchand. 8 bags cotton packing threads— Y. M. Vyas.

To Zanzibar— 17 bales cotton piecegoods—S. Kalidas and Co.

S. S. BAMORA

To Karachi— 15 ctns. art silk piecegoods—A. Ahmobamed. 100 pkgs. bidileaves—S. A. Tayub. 400 pkgs. leaves—H. H. Sharif. 570 pkgs. leaves— H. H. Ahmed.

To Busrah— 5 cases lux soap—E. Ruben.

S. S. CILIGIA

To Liverpool— 290 bales cotton—M. Jawoodbhai.

S. S. NETRAVATI

To Karachi—40 boras bidi leaves— H. M. Sharif, 100 boras bidileaves— A. S. Tuyub.

S. S. BHARATMATA

To Karachi— 16 cases hair oil— Hyas stores, 10 bags epsom salt— Hyas stores, 392 bales cotton piecegoods—The Afghan National Bank, 22 pkgs. bidis— H. A. H. Adamji, 100 bdls. bidi leaves E. Assa, 100 bdls. bidi leaves—H. Odhawji 125 bdls. bidies and 200 bdls. bidi leaves—A. K. A. Sakoor, 289 bdls. ragree— Darsani and Co. 8 bales cotton wearing apparel— K. G. Sypiro, 25 bales drug in— A. S. Tayub. 26 bales drug in— H. Essak.

S. S. JALAZAD

To Rotterdam— 50 bales cotton waste—E. T. Robertson and Son, 105 bales cotton waste— M. Narotamdas and Co.

S. S. LAMSTERKERK

To Rotterdam— 37 bales dryealted goatskin—Gerdan India Corp.

S. S. MAUX MARINE

To New York— 237 bags fennel seeds—J. Jagdishsingh, 8 bdls. fur kid skins—U. A. Kothi and sons.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

PROMISE from Cochin on July, 26 carrying 1265 tons general cargo.

DWARKA from Busrah on July 26, with 1,313 tons general cargo.

M. V. SONAVATI from Cochin on July, 26 with 1,005 tons general cargo.

DEPARTURES

S. S. NETRAVAK (B.S.N.) left for Karachi on July, 26 with general cargo.

MOUNT DAVIS, (10,654 tons) for New York via Suez, Port Said, with 8,690 tons general cargo on July, 26.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 27.

B. G. Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready B. G. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 months

London Banks Buying T T 1/5 1/32 to 9th month

London Banks Buying T T 1/5 1/16 10th-12th month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/5 1/16 to 4th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/5 3/32 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying D D 1/5 1/8 7th and 9th month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 1/8 to 4th month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 5/32 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying 90 and d/st 1/5 3/16 7th and 9th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 5/32 to 4th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 3/16 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 7/32 7th and 9th month

New York Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332-1/4

Banks Selling 1 P D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4 Montreal Rs. 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 6400

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 6440

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Belgium Bank, Selling T T D D Fcs 1300

Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldn 79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 156-1/4

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4

London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.51-53.43

London Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4

London Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70

London Bangkok Cross Rate Tal 40

London Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 176 1/2-3/4

London Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36

London Hongkong Cross Rate 1/3 1/16

London Iran Cross Rate Rl 128-136

London Java Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70

London Lisbon Cross R

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B. 1065

When Apte Staged Demonstration Against Mahatma

APPROVER BADGE'S REVELATION DURING MURDER TRIAL

Nathuram Godse's Visit To Panchgani Recalled

NEW DELHI, July 27 (A.P.I.) : Approver Digamber Ramchandra Badge today told the Special Court trying Nathuram Godse and others that eighteen or 21 months ago, Apte said in a speech in Poona that he had staged a demonstration at a prayer meeting held by Mahatma Gandhi in Bhangi Colony in New Delhi. Apte led a big procession on that occasion.

Proceedings In Detail

Nathuram Godse and Apte had also told him that they had been to Panchgani and expressed their opposition to Mahatma Gandhi at a prayer meeting there. There was a scuffle between Congressites and these people.

Cross-examination by Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar and Mr. V. V. Oak concluded to-day.

Mr. Mengle, counsel for Apte, had not finished when the court adjourned till to-morrow.

The special court trying Nathuram Godse and others to-day granted an application by Nathuram Godse that the copy of the book entitled "Hindu Rashtra Darshan" be given to him during lunch interval every day to enable him to consult it for preparing his statement.

The book formed one of the articles belonging to Nathuram Godse which had been recovered by the police from the first class waiting room at Delhi Junction railway station after he was arrested. The book was exhibited in the court a few days ago.

When the special court resumed hearing of the case to-day, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar continued his cross-examination of the approver Badge.

Badge told the court that on January 20, when he and Shanker returned to Hindu Mahasabha Bhawan after the incident at Birla House he did not find the room in which he had lived locked.

Asked how he had identified the four handgrenades exhibited in court as the ones he had given to Apte, Badge said they bore Red Cross marks and one of them had a circular band around it. During the course of his trafficking in arms he had handled in all about fifty or sixty handgrenades. He used to purchase them from employees in the Kirkee arsenal or from persons connected with those employed in the arsenal.

Asked whether the four grenades he had identified had any special marks over and above those to be found on other grenades Badge said the red band around one of them was a peculiarity. He had seen it only on two grenades himself.

Mr. Bhopatkar: Besides your words, is there anything to indicate that these grenades were the ones you had given to Apte which Apte later gave to Karkare.

Answer: There is no proof beyond my word that I gave them to Apte.

MAHATMA'S FAST.

Mr. Bhopatkar: Before you came to Delhi did you know that Mahatma Gandhi had gone on a fast unto death?

Badge: I know that Mahatma Gandhi was serving a fast unto death in connection with handing over Rs. 55 crores to Pakistan.

The judge said this could not go down on record as the witness had no personal knowledge about it but had only read about it from the newspapers. From this hearsay evidence, the court could not take for granted that Mahatma Gandhi had gone on a fast. If the defence wanted to establish this fact they would have to put some witness in the box, who had personal knowledge of it.

After returning to Poona, Badge said, he attended the marriage ceremony of Gopal Pandurang, Maharaja's son. After the marriage ceremony he came home and searched his whole house to make sure that nothing incriminating was there. He also asked Shanker to search the house. He had in his house some knuckle-dusters, swords and other articles. But he was not worried about them.

He confined himself to his house from January 21 to January 31, 1948 and stopped going out and meeting his friends.

Mr. Bhopatkar: Did you go to Hindu Rashtra office during this period.?

Badge: I did not go.

Mr. Bhopatkar: Did you enquire on and day during this period whether Nathuram Godse, Apte or Karkare had returned to Poona.

Badge: I made no enquiries.

Mr. Bhopatkar: Did they see you during this period?

Badge: They did not see me.

WHEN BADGE WAS ARRESTED.

On January 30, Badge added, he had gone to a place of worship at Shivaji Nagar. He had not gone to the temple of Chatushringi. He was arrested at about 5-30 a.m. on January 31 and was taken to the Faraskhana Police Station at Budhwarpeth. A magistrate then came to the police station and he along with seven or eight other persons was sent to the Cantonment police station. Shanker was not arrested with him.

On February 4, Badge was taken to Bombay. On February 7 or 8 he came to know that Shanker had been arrested. He saw Shanker between February 7 and 10.

Badge was brought to Delhi on May 24. He was tendered the King's pardon on June 21 at about 5 or 5-30 p.m.

From February 4 to May 24 he was in police custody in the building of the special branch, C.I.D. Bombay. The other under-trials were also kept in the same building in separate rooms. From February 4 till his statement was recorded, Badge was kept in a separate room. Then Shanker joined him in the same room.

Badge made his statement to the police eighteen or twenty days after his arrest. It was not true that he had expressed a desire to make his statement before a magistrate. He told the police that he wanted to speak the truth and nothing but the truth and that even if the consequences were the rope he would not mind.

WHY BADGE WAS ASSAULTED.

Badge identified the letter which he had sent to Tatyarao Savarkar regarding his work for the Mahasabha. In that letter, which had been typed by Nathuram Godse, Badge stated that on April 26, 1943, two sub-inspectors, Sawant and Angarkar raided his house and assaulted him.

Subsequently, he questioned them as to why they had raided his place and assaulted him instead of serving a warrant on him. The sub-inspectors replied that they had information that he had revolvers and pistols and thought if they had followed the procedure suggested by him there was possibility of his using a revolver against them. That was why they had to come suddenly, attack him and catch hold of him.

Question: But were you in fact dealing in pistols or revolvers in 1943?

Ans: I was not only not dealing in them but I had not even seen a pistol or revolver. The first time I saw a revolver or a pistol was in May, June or July 1947.

Badge said that when he was assaulted, he was only dealing in weapons, for the sale of which no licence was needed.

Mr. Bhopatkar: From February 4 when you were brought to Bombay till the time when you made the statement, how were you treated by the police?

Badge: I was treated well.

Badge stated that the names of those who were on the Board of Management of the Hindu Rashtra Prakasan Ltd., were read out at the inaugural ceremony. He had been to Sangli State when Vishnupanth Velankar was weighed in gold. Vishnupanth Velankar was a rich man and owned a mill.

Mr. Bhopatkar: Do you know Rao Bahadur Shembekar?

Badge: I know Rao Bahadur Shembekar's son.

Mr. Bhopatkar: Are they rich persons?

Badge: Rao Bahadurs and Rao Sahibs must be rich persons (Laughter).

Mr. Bhopatkar: I do not want generalisation. Is Rao Bahadur Shembekar a rich man?

Badge: I do not know.

CROSS-EXAMINED BY GODSE'S COUNSEL.

Cross-examined by Mr. V. V. Oak counsel for Nathuram Godse Badge said that he had been to Nathuram Godse's house many times. He did not know Gopal Godse but he had seen Nathuram Godse and Datatre Godse together in the same place.

(Datatre Godse is not connected in the case but was someone whom Badge referred to in his evidence).

He did not know whether Apte and Gopal Godse had meals in the Marina Hotel at noon on January 20, 1948. Apte, Gopal Godse, Shanker and himself had not taken meals together at Marina Hotel before he went to Nathuram Godse's room. When he went to Nathuram Godse's room after meals Nathuram Godse was lying in his bed. That was the first time he saw Nathuram Godse on that day.

He did not carry any "stuff" in his hand on January 20 when he went from the Hindu Mahasabha building to Marina Hotel.

It was true, said Badge, that Nathuram Godse had told Badge and others when they were leaving for Birla House that he had a headache and that he would follow them.

When Gopal Godse was reassembling the revolver and they were inserting the detonators in the handgrenades and guncotton slabs in Nathuram Godse's room behind closed doors, Nathuram Godse was standing by their side. Shanker was also standing there.

At Birla House on the evening of January 20 Shanker had kept a revolver and handgrenade in his pocket. When Badge took that revolver from Shanker near the taxi, two or three persons were standing at the place where Madanlal latter exploded a guncotton slab.

Badge said that prior to January 20, he had not attended any prayer meeting held by Mahatma Gandhi.

Eighteen or 21 months ago, Apte said in a speech at Poona that he had staged a demonstration at a prayer meeting held by Mahatma Gandhi in the Bhangi Colony at New Delhi. Apte stated in that speech that he had led a big procession and after the procession he had gone to Bhangi Colony to interview Mahatma Gandhi and on seeing him, Mahatma Gandhi had gone inside out of fear"

AT PANCHGHANI.

Badge had never been to Panchghani but Nathuram Godse and Apte had been there and they had described to him what had happened at Panchghani. They had told him that they had gone into the crowd (prayer meeting) and expressed their opposition to Mahatma Gandhi. Then there was a scuffle between Congressites and these people.

Badge did not know whether Mahatma Gandhi used to hold prayer meetings at Bombay.

BADGE'S EDUCATION.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mengle, counsel for Narayan Apte, Badge said that he could read and write Marathi. He left school after passing the sixth standard in Marathi. He did not know English. He went to Poona ten or eleven years ago. He started "Veer Savarkar Vachanlay" (library) in 1947 in his shop, where he used to keep newspapers sometimes. He used to read some Marathi newspapers to know the policy of the Congress, the Hindu Mahasabha and other political organisations. He used to take interest in the political events in the country.

Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte were his friends.

It is the view of the Hindu Rashtra (run by Nathuram Godse and Apte) that India should not be divided and that the pro-Muslim policy of the Congress was detrimental to the Hindu cause. It was the view on the "Daily Agrani" (the "Agrani" was later converted into "Hindu Rashtra") that the Congress policy of non-violence was detrimental to the whole of India. It was the view of the "Hindu Rashtra" that violence should be met by violence, but only for the purpose of self-protection or defence.

"HINDU RASHTRA DAL"

The Hindu Rashtra Dal was started in 1944 to help the Hindu Mahasabha in the elections, to spread Hindu Mahasabha Party propaganda, to keep order at Hindu Mahasabha meetings and generally to help in the maintenance of discipline in the Hindu Mahasabha.

WHO SUPPLIED ARMS

Badge stated that he used to buy "the stuff" from several persons and one of them was Gurdayal Singh. Gurdayal Singh was Sikh and he was residing in a Gurdwara in Poona. He used to supply "the stuff" to the people of the Punjab in Poona. He had no licence to deal in arms.

Gurdayal Singh had supplied witness "the stuff" worth about Rs. 10,000.

He knew one Kanse who was employed in the Kirkee Arsenal, Kanse was residing in Ravivarpeth (Poona). Kanse had a cycle shop opposite Badge's shop where Kanse's servant used to work.

Mr. Mengle: Kanse supplied you guncotton slabs fuse wires.

Judge: That is what the prosecution counsel also asked.

Mr. Mengle: Now that has not been brought out clearly.

Badge added that Kanse had supplied him guncotton slabs, cartridges, fuse-wires, handgrenades, detonators and 808 packets containing explosives. He could not say whether the stuff was from Kirkee Arsenal.

BIG DEAL

He knew one Harban Singh. Harban Singh was either the owner of a saw mill situated in Bowanipeth or the relative of the owner of the saw mill. Harban Singh had supplied him guncotton slabs, revolvers, pistols, plain pistols revolvers and cartridges worth about Rs. 4,000.

Witness also knew one Krishna Singh, a Madrasi, employed in the Kirkee Arsenal. Kanse and Krishna Singh had supplied him "the stuff" worth about Rs. 14,000 or 15,000.

Mr. Mengle: What was the "stuff" that was in the bag which you carried to Bombay on January 14.

Badge: Two guncotton slabs, five handgrenades, fuse-wires ten to fifteen feet in length, five detonators a couple of handgrenades, two guncotton slab primers and two detonators.

NEHRU AND J. R. D. TATA

PANDIT NEHRU CHATTING WITH J. R. D. TATA AT SANTA CRUZ AIR PORT, ON HIS WAY TO DELHI ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

NANKING TROOPS ON OUTSKIRTS OF SUSHUI

NANKING, July 27. (Reuter): Chinese Government troops to-day reached the outskirts of Sushui, 15 miles north of Paoting, Hopei Capital, according to pro-Government dispatches.

Under Gen. Fu Tso Yi they have swept down the railway linking Paoting with Peking, 80 miles to the north-west.

Government dispatches said Sushui was expected to fall in a few hours leaving the way open for a linkup with other Government forces striking north from Paoting.

BIG BATTLE RAGES.

A big battle was reported to have raged yesterday in the neighbouring Shansi Province. Centre of the fight was Paichiachwang, 15 miles southwest of Taiyuan, provincial capital. The Communist troops were said to have been routed, losing more than 2,000 in killed and wounded.

Did Gandhiji's Fast Influence Indian Cabinet?

"COURT MUST TAKE NOTICE OF HISTORIC FACT"

Plea Of Madanlal's Counsel In Godse Trial

NEW DELHI, July 27 (UPI): That the fast undertaken by Mahatma Gandhi, from the morning of January 13 1948, upto January 18, 1948, was undertaken as Mahatmaji otherwise felt wholly impotent to help the Delhi Muslims and that because of the fast the Indian Cabinet deliberately altered its settled policy—in the matter of giving Rs. 55 crores to Pakistan,—and also that the fast was of indefinite duration, should be taken judicial notice of, was the plea put forward by Banerjee, Counsel for Madanlal, in the Gandhi Murder Trial at the Red Fort this morning.

Mr. Banerjee submitted that as the "Delhi Diary", a collection of Gandhiji's prayer speeches, could not be wholly taken notice of, by the Court, and as the Court had asked him to indicate the passages in the "Delhi Diary" which he wanted to be brought to the notice of the Court, he would file his application in this connection.

Mr. Banerjee added: "I am not asking that the "Delhi Diary" as such be admitted into evidence, in proof of its contents. My submission is that the actions of Mahatma Gandhi may be taken judicial notice of, and as the Court is not expected to know all the facts with accuracy, "Delhi Diary" be referred to as a book of reference. This is in accordance with the provisions of the Evidence Act which runs as follows:

"On all matters of public history the Court may resort for its aid to appropriate books or documents of reference (Section 57).

"The contention before the Court is that these Acts are historical facts, for, in the words of the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, whatever Mahatma Gandhi did was history. Take for instance Mahatmaji's fast. The simple question before the Court is this: Is that fast to be proved as the fast of an ordinary person undertaken to give rest to his liver or is it to be taken judicial notice of as an epic incident in the country's history? The following facts about the fast may have to be proved, either in the ordinary way or by the Court taking judicial notice of them, viz.

(1) That the fast began on the morning of January 13, 1948 (P.321 of the Delhi Diary) and lasted upto January 18 (P.352).

(2) That the fast was undertaken as Mahatmaji otherwise felt wholly impotent to help the Delhi Muslims (P.381).

(3) That because of the fast the deliberate settled policy of the Indian Cabinet was altered (in the matter of giving Rs. 55 crores to Pakistan) (P.349).

(4) That the fast was indefinite in duration (P.331).

SUHRAWARDY'S PRESENCE

"Another fact is the alleged presence of Suhrawardy during the prayers. In his prayer speech on January 13 Mahatma Gandhi said that Suhrawardy was looked upon as the chief of the "goondas", that Suhrawardy was living with Gandhiji (at the time) and would willingly join the prayer, but Gandhiji would not expose him to the risk of being insulted (P.388).

"If the facts about Mahatma Gandhi are held not to be historical facts, then in the alternative, it is submitted, they are notorious facts, having had wide publicity in all the papers in the country and having been relayed twice every day by all stations of the All-India Radio"

JUDGE RESERVES ORDERS

In favour of his contention Mr. Banerjee cited instances from the examination-in-chief regarding the "notoriety of the fact of Gandhiji's assassination and explosion of the bomb at the prayer meeting on January 20, and held that the Prosecution Counsel could have no objection to this point.

The Judge reserved orders till a later date

JOHORE ESTATE BUILDINGS SET ON FIRE

Guerilla Gun-Men Indulge In Arson: British Push Northward

SINGAPORE, July 27, (Reuter): A hundred Chinese guerillas armed with sten and tommy guns, hand grenades and revolvers today seized and set fire to every building in the Temiang Renchong Rubber Estate near Muar, Johore.

The European Manager fought back hurling six grenades at the attackers, and then slipped out by the back way to call for help.

One estate special constable was nearly burned alive in a blazing building, two others were seriously injured and the terrorists left a trail of blood showing that the manager's grenades had found their mark, but no deaths on either side were reported.

Police raided the village of Batu Kurau north of Taiping, Perak, at dawn today and detained the Chinese they believed were about to join the ranks of the Malayan Peoples Anti-British Army.

Twenty-six bandits were killed. 17 captured and ten wounded in police and military operations against insurgents in Malaya in the week ending Friday. Mr. E. H. Bryson, Acting Chief Secretary to the Federation of Malaya, told the Federal Legislative Council at Kuala Lumpur today.

The Government lost 13 killed and five wounded.

Under the Emergency Regulations 145 people had been detained so far, Mr. Bryson disclosed.

BRITISH PUSH

Graham Jenkins, Reuter's correspondent in Kuala Lumpur, reported tonight that a British push north of Kuala Ipis towards Gua Musang, was designed to prevent the hoisting of the Red Flag in a communist "liberated" area, first planned move in a plot to proclaim a Soviet Republic of Malaya.

The force is being partially supplied by air. Army and Police Headquarters in Kuala Lumpur are now studying lessons learned in last week's comb-out of the Semenyih area south of Kuala Lumpur, when troops did not encounter one real resister. All the wanted men just melted away in the jungle.

MALAYAN FORCES STRENGTHENED

LONDON, July 27, (UPA): The Earl of Listowel, speaking for the Government today, told the Commons that the military forces in Malaya will be strengthened by battalions from Hongkong and a divisional regiment from the Armoured Corps.

Listowel said that reinforcements from Singapore have already arrived. With all this added strength, he said, the supreme military and civil authorities in Malaya have said that they have sufficient troops to support the police in the present stage of operations.

SITUATION IN MALAYA

KUALA LUMPUR, July 27. (Reuter): Major General C. H. Boucher, General Officer Commanding, Malaya, reported a "slightly better" situation in Malaya to the Legislative Council today.

Major General Boucher assured the Council that it was impossible for the insurgents to hold the "liberated" area for more than "a very few days".

Major General Boucher was grateful for the reinforcements he had received, he said, but would like to have more police for guerilla operations: three thousand five hundred Gurkhas now tied up by static duties would be released for more active duties when more police were available.

A third battalion of the Malay Regiment, he disclosed, would be ready by Christmas.

Inche Zainal Abidin Haji Abas, Secretary-General of the United Malays National Organisation, the biggest Malay Political Body, told the Council that Malayans now needed British protection, and wanted it to be given effectively.

Mr. M. P. Rajgopal, Indian Labour Councillor, said allegations by Australian Seamens Unions that Trade Unions were supressed in Malaya were "entirely unfounded".

Communist Posters Removed

LONDON, July 27 (U.P.A.) : The track and field draw for the XIV Olympaid is scheduled to be announced late today.

At the West Drayton Olympic Camp in Middlesex officials disclosed they ordered Communist posters removed from the Yugoslav team quarters. Most Eastern European teams are quartered there. The posters, showing two workers carrying a hammer and sickle and a red flag, appeared Monday night at each of the six Yugoslav huts. The words "Olympic Games 1948" appeared at the foot of the posters. The Camp Commandant ordered the posters removed. One camp official said, "It is against the Olympic spirit for political propaganda to be introduced."

MADHYABHARAT CONSEMBLY

Will Start Working Within Month

INDORE, July 27 (A.P.I.): Pt. Liladhar Joshi, the Madhya Bharat Premier, stated in an interview here that the Union's Constituent Assembly was expected to start functioning within a month.

Gwalior and Indore had together elected 55 members to the Assembly (40 from Gwalior and 15 from Indore) and out of the remaining 20 seats reserved for the other 19 member States of the Union, 14 would be nominated by the Regional Council of the State Praja Mandals, and six by the Rajpramukh, the Maharaja of Gwalior, in consultation with the Premier.

Mr. Joshi said that for administrative convenience Gwalior and Indore had been left intact. The other 19 member-states had been divided into nine districts, each having an administrator. To coordinate the works of the Administrators there were three Chief Administrators, each having a particular group of districts under his jurisdiction.

600 JAHAGIRDARS.

Mr. Joshi incidentally referred to the question of Jahagirdars (landholders) and said there were 600 of them in the union. In Gwalior they had been divested of all political powers but in Indore they still offered resistence.

SIX-YEAR OLD GIRL DIES OF SNAKE BITE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An electric train, a B.E.S.T. double-decker and a 16-inch snake, were responsible for the death of an old man, a young man and a six-year-old child, respectively, during the last 24 hours.

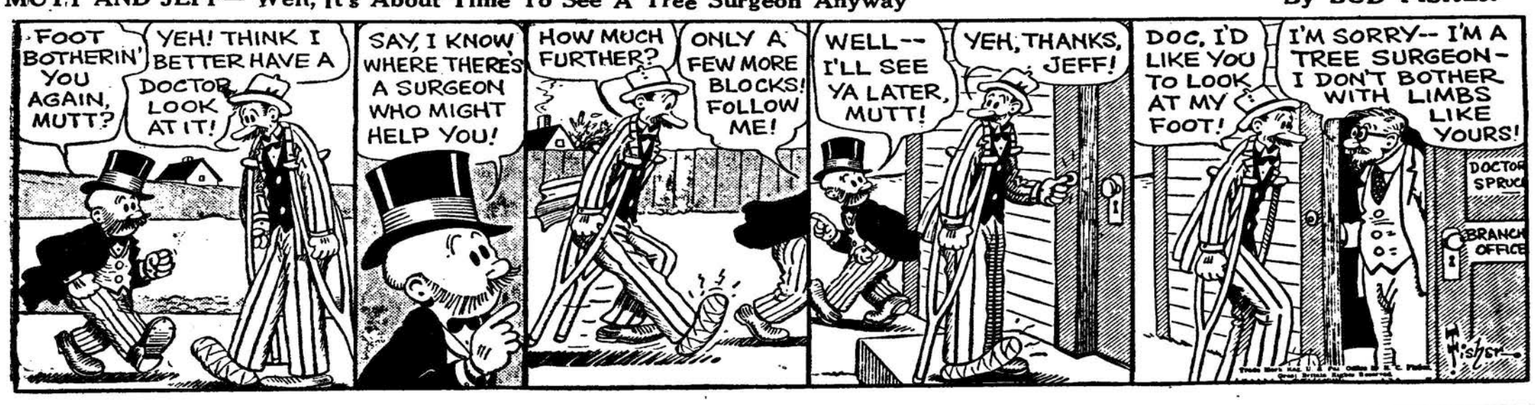
An elderly trespasser on the B. B. & C. I. Railway lines was knocked down Monday by a fast-speeding suburban train at the level crossing at Bandra. He sustained serious injuries and died at the K.E.M. hospital.

A young Pathan cyclist, aged 24 was navigating the junction of Phalton Road and Hornby Road this morning. He stopped when he saw an approaching tram. While he was patiently waiting for the tramcar to pass, he was knocked down by a hurtling B.E.S.T., double-decker, which came from behind. He also died in hospital.

Six-year old Indumati Sripad, was sound asleep, on Monday night with her father, in her house near Ravil Hill, Kingsway. About three in the night, the old man felt something slithering over his person. He lighted the kerosene oil lamp, at his bed-side. It was a 16-inch snake. He picked up his blanket and threw it over the snake, removed the bundle and shook it in front of the house. He killed the snake and returned.

His daughter Indumati appeared to be still asleep But there were suspicious mark on her right ear. A closer examination revealed, that Indumati was not asleep—she was dead.

MUTT AND JEFF— Well, It's About Time To See A Tree Surgeon Anyway — By BUD FISHER


FOOT BOTHERIN' YOU AGAIN, MUTT?
YEH! THINK I BETTER HAVE A DOCTOR LOOK AT IT!
SAY, I KNOW WHERE THERE'S A SURGEON WHO MIGHT HELP YOU!
HOW MUCH FURTHER?
ONLY A FEW MORE BLOCKS! FOLLOW ME!
WELL-- I'LL SEE YA LATER, MUTT!
YEH, THANKS, JEFF!
DOC, I'D LIKE YOU TO LOOK AT MY FOOT!
I'M SORRY-- I'M A TREE SURGEON- I DON'T BOTHER WITH LIMBS LIKE YOURS!
DOCTOR SPRUCE
BRANCH OFFICE

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